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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily and Weekly Commercial.—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his papers discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

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FIRST EDITION.

PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Care of the Freedmen---Assignment of the Work to Board of Home Missions.

ST. LOUIS, May 27.—The subject of freedmen was taken up at the morning session of the General Assembly, and discussed until recess. Rev. Mr. Call (colored), of the Adkin Presbytery, replied to the statement of Rev. Dr. Garnett, made yesterday, that the South objects to the Freedmen's Committee. It did not. He believed, however, that if the work was consolidated with home missions, it would suffer. Rev. Jas. A. Fifer (colored), of Catawba, said he told the people in the South that he worked under the Presbyterian Church North, because of the great work it was doing. If the committee was dropped the work must stop, and the colored people left to their own resources. Rev. Mr. McCook, of Philadelphia, urged that the Committee on Freedmen be exalted into a board. It must be headed by a man of ability who can give all his time to the work. The work in the South, he said, was much the same as among the heathen. Rev. J. H. Wilson thought there was no special emergency now calling for a change. To carry it on under the Board of Home Missions would necessitate a revolution in the board. He introduced a resolution looking to the merging of the committee in ten, seven or five years, and continuing the work so long. Dr. Nelson, of Cincinnati, said if the committee could not sustain the work he favored Dr. Wilson's amendment. If the Board of Home Missions could not do the work as now constituted, give them another secretary, and let him have special charge of the work. He did not say he would not be a candidate for the office of secretary, but if Henry Highland Garnett was his opponent he thought his chances would be slim indeed. They were specially called to the freedmen's work by God, and if they neglected it they would be criminally responsible. Dr. Clark, of the Boston Presbytery, had forty years experience in the work, and was the first colporteur in the West, and said the subject of freedmen could not be adequately cared for unless whoever took hold of it gave all his life and soul to it. Father Hunt, of the Lackawanna Presbytery, said he had been born and raised a slaveholder. He urged that the work be permitted to go on as it had been going on. Dr. Robert Aikman, of New Jersey, said the claims of freedmen were beyond all parallel. The work among them should be increased, rather than merged with any other board. Rev. H. W. Stratton, of Kansas, thought prejudice had been excited against the consolidation by calling it centralization, forgetting that the Board of Foreign Missions possessed the features so deprecated. He submitted a substitute for Dr. Wilson's motion, amending the resolution of yesterday to the effect that the work of home missions be divided into three parts, home missions, sustentation and freedmen, and that an assistant Secretary be appointed to care for the freedmen's work especially. The Chair decided the amendment out of order. Dr. Collier, of Pennsylvania, proposed a substitute that the freedmen's work be made a distinct department of home missions, having its own secretary, and that collections be taken up in aid of it. Dr. Aaron Williams, of Pennsylvania, said Rome was ready and watching to do her share of this work, and all the more was it necessary that the Presbyterian church should do it. Dr. Johnson felt bound to speak in vindication of the minority report. If the work was transferred to home missions, there was a committee provided to take charge of the work. Logic was what was needed, not sympathy. Put all the branches together, abolish class distinctions and strive for unity, and the cause would prosper. After several other speeches, a vote was reached on the amended amendment at one o'clock, and the amendment was adopted as amended. This provided that the freedmen's work shall be done by the Board of Home Missions for the next five years, and then merged entirely in the board.

Dr. Booth moved that, in the consolidation as proposed in the minority report, the Board of Church Erection be included, as the majority report proposes. Dr. Aikman, of Detroit, thought this method a dangerous proceeding. To take an indefinite action would greatly confuse matters. On a motion made by Dr. Alexander Reed, of Brooklyn, to leave the Board of Church Erection as at present, a sharp debate occurred. Dr. Crosby came here as an advocate of consolidation in the extreme, but was willing to yield to the desire of the majority, and hence favored the section. Father Hunt said he came here opposed to any consolidation whatever, but the House seems in favor of consolidation; for that reason he was in favor of the Home Mission Board gobbling up everything. He would, accordingly, vote against keeping the Church Erection Board separate. Dr. Johnson moved that the Sustenation and Home Mission Board shall have a common fund, so that when a deficit occurs in one department it may be made up from the surplus of the other. Prof. Atwater was opposed to this. Two collections are to be taken up, according to the decision of the Assembly, one for sustentation, the other for home missions; and what people give to each they intend shall be applied to each. Money is held in trust and to apply it for any other purpose than that intended, would be a breach of trust unworthy of the Assembly. Dr. Booth agreed with Prof. Atwater, and, in order to bring about a settlement, moved that a committee be appointed to consider the best system for the operation of the consolidated board to secure harmony. Dr. Johnson withdrew his motion and Dr. Booth's motion was adopted. It was subsequently agreed that this committee consist of seven, and the Chair appointed Drs. Atwater, Booth and Johnson, Rev. J. B. Stewart and Elders Love, Newcomb and McFarland to act.

The sixth item in the minority report, discontinuing the permanent committee on Benevolence and Finance, was then taken up and discussed and finally adopted.

The Assembly then turned its attention to the fifth item, which provides that the Board of Publication shall remain as at present, and Dr. Alexander Reed, of Brooklyn, who was chairman of the Board for a long time, was granted the floor. He said the analogy which had been made between the Board of Home Missions and the Board of Foreign Missions was false. He favored the retention of colportage work by the Board as infinitely better than its transfer to Home Missions, the members of which Board had all they could attend to. The hour of adjournment having arrived, it was unanimously agreed that Dr. Reed should have the floor to-morrow morning. Adjourned till to-morrow.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

ST. LOUIS, May 25, 1874.

I do not propose to tax your columns with the details of the Assembly's proceedings, for though generally interesting to us who have to take part in them, they would not interest most of your readers. One of the incidents not included in our routine was the visit of the Assembly in a body to the great bridge over the Mississippi on Saturday afternoon. In response to the invitation from the bridge company to make such a visit, ex-Senator Drake, in moving the acceptance of the invitation together with a vote of thanks, did not hesitate to pronounce this bridge the finest structure of the kind in this or any other country, or in this or any other age. As the bridge is largely a Pittsburgh work you may be sure that we Pittsburghers felt somewhat proud of ourselves and our city at such a testimony. The long line of omnibuses which conveyed the Assembly were the first vehicles which crossed the bridge, as it is not yet open for travel except to pedestrians.

The day was fine, though hot, and the view from the middle of the lofty structure up and down the great river, and over the busy city behind and the wide plains of Illinois before, was sufficiently inspiring to make us forget the present discomfort. On our return the cavalcade halted at the middle of the bridge, and having dismounted so as to enjoy the view to better advantage, the Assembly was formally introduced by Rev. Dr. Nicolls to an official of the bridge, and an eloquent and appropriate address was made in response by Dr. Wilson, the Moderator, after which the whole assemblage joined in singing the doxology, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," &c. I make no attempt at a description of this splendid work of art, as this is not in my line.

Yesterday nearly all the pulpits of all Protestant denominations in the city, as well as the jails, the hospitals and other philanthropic institutions, were occupied by members of the Assembly.

The great business before the body still continues to be the question of consolidation. It has been very ably discussed by such men as Drs. Booth, Crosby, Darling, Atwater, Musgrave, Breed, Logan, etc., while many an embryo speech still remains undelivered. The discussion will be continued to-morrow, with what result it is difficult to foresee. Some of us hope the Assembly will conclude to let well enough alone, and that our Boards will be left to do their work as heretofore, with only such slight modification as may promote their more efficient working.

This afternoon Rev. Dr. Vermilye, the representative of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, was heard in presentation of the greetings of that body, in connection with the report of a Committee of Conference appointed last year, with reference to a union of the bodies.

The address was eloquent but was indiscreetly marred by the untimely introduction of a formal arraignment of the Central Presbytery of Philadelphia for having received Dr. Wadsworth's church (Dutch) under its care. The moderator replied in appropriate terms to the greetings of Dr. V., and Dr. Musgrove took the opportunity of triumphantly vindicating the Presbytery. The whole subject was referred to a special committee.

This evening is devoted to the hearing of the delegates from the Free church of Scotland, Drs. Burns and Wilson. A. W.

XLIII. CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26, 1874.

SENATE.

Mr. SARGENT, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported favorably on the bill introduced by him a few days ago, to prevent hazing at the Naval Academy. Passed.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Committee on Finance, reported favorably on the House bill amendatory of the act to reduce duties on imports and to reduce internal taxation, approved March 3, 1873. Laid over.

By unanimous consent Mr. SARGENT called up the bill reported from the Finance Committee this morning, amendatory of the act to reduce the duties on imports and to reduce internal taxation, and it passed.

The Senate bill to authorize the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to construct a branch and to change the location of its road within the District of Columbia, was taken up and discussed at some length and laid over till Friday next.

Mr. CONKLING called up the unfinished business, being the bill to revise and consolidate the statutes of the United States in force December 1, 1873. Passed.

He next called up the bill to revise and consolidate the statutes of the United States relating to the District of Columbia, in force on December 1, 1873; and that revising and embodying all laws creating post routes, to December 1, 1873, which were passed.

Mr. HAMILTON, of Maryland, called up the Alabama contested election case of Sykes vs. Spencer, and spoke in favor of the minority report, declaring Sykes to be entitled to a seat in the Senate, instead of Spencer. In conclusion, he submitted a resolution declaring Spencer not entitled to a seat in the Senate, and that it be awarded to Sykes.

Pending the discussion on the Alabama election case, the Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, the House proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Committee on Ways and Means in the matter of the Sanborn contracts, and Mr. NIBLACK, a member of the committee, addressed the House. He regarded all the developments as showing a most remarkable case of maladministration.

Mr. CLYMER demanded the whole proceedings under the Sanborn contracts, and said the Secretary of the Treasury had sat at the Treasury Department incompetent and imbecile. The line of secretaries, commencing with Hamilton and ending with Richardson, was like a race of giants being ended by pigmies. He regretted that the committee's report did not recommend the impeachment of the three chief persons stained in the matter—one for incompetency and inefficiency, and the two others for complicity. It was an astounding thing that the President had not yielded to public opinion and removed these officials, instead of acting in defiance and disregard of it. It was only within a day or two that the President had removed a district official for attempting to tell the truth.

Mr. GARFIELD related briefly and tersely the circumstances under which the clause on which the Sanborn contracts were based, and expressed the belief that if it had been administered with the restrictions provided, none of the great evils complained of would have resulted.

M. KELLOGG believed Secretary Richardson was as pure and honest a man as ever filled the office. If the Committee of Ways and Means thought he should be punished, let that committee report articles of impeachment and not undertake, by denunciation and declamation to draw black lines round his character or come into the House with baby resolutions of censure. If the Secretary of the Treasury had the brain of Alexander Hamilton and Daniel Webster combined, he would still have to depend upon his subordinates.

Mr. ELLIS H. ROBERTS closed the debate.

The first vote was on the amendment offered by Mr. Beck, prohibiting any Senator, Representative or Delegate in Congress from acting as agent, attorney, proctor, advocate, solicitor or counsel for any person in connection with a violation of the Customs or Revenue laws, and it was adopted without division.

The bill which repeals the law on which the Sanborn contracts were based, was then passed without division and without objection.

The remainder of the day's session having been assigned to the Judiciary Committee, Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, the chairman, stated that under this call the Civil Rights bill and the Geneva Award bill would not be reported to-day.

Mr. BUTLER then reported the bill introduced by himself yesterday, providing that the pay of a deceased member shall be given to his widow or heirs-at-law up to the date of the election of his successor, whose pay shall commence from his election. The bill passed, after a statement that later in the day a special bill will be introduced covering the case of Mr. Mellish.

Mr. BUTLER also reported a bill removing the political disabilities of Raphael Semmes, of Alabama. Passed.

Also, a bill investing general courts martial with jurisdiction concurrent with that of state or territorial courts, of crimes of murder, manslaughter, mayhem, rape, arson, robbery, burglary and assault and battery, and of all attempts to commit the same by persons in the land and naval forces. Passed.

He also reported a bill appointing the times for holding Circuit Courts of the United States in the Fourth Judicial District. Passed. The time fixed for holding court at Parkersburg, W. Va., is the first Monday of February.

Also, a bill providing that all colored persons residing within the limits of the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations at the time when the thirteenth amendment to the Constitution took effect, and their children, are declared part of these nations or tribes with all rights to hold office, to send their children to public schools and with all other rights and privileges now enjoyed by those Indians, and providing that the denial of such rights to colored persons shall be a misdemeanor. Mr. BUTLER accepted the amendment offered by Mr. SHANKS, that no provisions of the Choctaw and Chickasaw treaty of 1866 shall be affected by the act. After debate as to the right of the government to force these negroes upon the Indians, Mr. Shanks' amendment was adopted, and then the bill was passed by a strict party vote—yeas 140, nays 67.

Mr. BUTLER also reported a bill to transfer from the State courts to the United States courts cases for the seizure of captured and abandoned property, &c. Passed.

Mr. POTTER reported back adversely the petition that the 12th of April, being Abraham Lincoln's birthday, be declared a national holiday. Also the petition for the election of United States Senators by popular suffrage. Also the bill providing that no person shall serve as a juror in the United States Courts who cannot read and write the English language.

Mr. CONGER opposed the bill, contending that many foreigners who understood and spoke the English language could not read and write it, and Mr. FOOT suggested that juries could not be obtained with those qualifications in New Mexico. The bill passed.

Mr. POLAND, from the same Committee, reported back adversely a lot of petitions asking for woman suffrage. Laid on the table. Also a bill regulating the removal of causes from state courts to the United States Circuit Court. He explained that the charge proposed to be made was to authorize a defendant residing out of the State where a suit is brought, to remove the case into the United States Court, although there may be another defendant residing in the state. The bill was opposed by Messrs. POTTER, ELDRIDGE and E. R. HOAR as unconstitutional and as being a revolution of the Judiciary system.

Mr. POLAND defended the bill.

Mr. McCREERY questioned the policy of the measure.

Mr. SCUDDER, of New York, opposed the bill and showed how it would operate in the city of New York, where there were 40,000 firms with members having their residences in New Jersey and Connecticut. Ordinary suits for collections against any of these firms might, under this bill, be removed to the Federal Courts, which would be utterly unable to transact the business that would be forced upon them. It would be a denial of justice in more than half of the cases.

After further discussion, the first section, allowing a cause to be removed where one of the defendants is a non-resident, was stricken out, and the bill as then amended, regulating the details for the removal of causes under the existing law was passed.

Mr. POLAND also reported a resolution for the appointment of a select committee of five to inquire into the disturbed condition of governmental affairs in Arkansas, and to ascertain the facts relating thereto, whether that State has now a government republican in form, the officers of which are duly elected and which as now organized ought to be recognized by the government of the United States, with power for the committee to send for persons and papers, so to proceed to Arkansas and to report at any time.

Mr. ELDRIDGE desired to offer an amendment to include South Carolina, but Mr. POLAND refused to yield for that purpose, and moved the previous question, which was seconded. The resolution was adopted—yeas 129, nays 84—nearly a party vote.

Mr. FRYE, of Maine, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill to enable the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad Company to submit its claims against the United States under existing laws.

The point of order was made by Mr. SPEER, backed by Messrs. HOLMAN, RANDALL and LAWRENCE, that the bill involved bonds and lands to the amount of $8,000,000, and should receive its first consideration in Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER sustained the point of order on two grounds: first, that it referred a claim of the railroad company to the Court of Claims; second, that it extended the time for the completion of the road. Such land bills, extending land grants, had always been held to be subject to all the rules to which the original bill had been subject. The bill was referred to Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. WARD, of Illinois, moved as a substitute, a bill providing that a day's work of conductors and drivers on street cars in the District of Columbia shall not exceed ten hours. Passed.

Mr. TREMAINE, from the same committee, reported back the Senate amendments to the bill to repeal the bankrupt law, and moved non-concurrence and the appointment of a conference committee. He said that the Judiciary Committee had been anxious to perfect the Senate amendments as far as possible, but that the more it was examined the more confirmed the majority of the committee had become in its original conclusion, that every effort should be made to procure the repeal of the law. He then proceeded to notice some aspersions affecting his honor and integrity in respect to his connection with the bill, and to the charge that it had been reported in the interest of Jay Cooke & Co. He challenged and invited the fullest scrutiny and investigation in relation to his action in connection with the bill, and declared that there was not the slightest foundation for any charge, accusation or insinuation whatever against him. No action was taken on Mr. Tremaine's motion.

Mr. MAYNARD, chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, gave notice that he would, to-morrow morning, ask the House to consider the Currency bill. He would renew substantially the motion which he had made on Monday, to pass the bill without further discussion and without further amendments than those suggested by the Committee on Banking and Currency.

Mr. COLBURN, chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, gave notice that he would ask, to-morrow, for a vote on the bill to reduce the army.

The House then took a recess till half-past seven, the evening session being for the consideration of the Tariff bill.

At the evening session, the House being in Committee of the Whole on the bill to amend the existing Customs and Internal Revenue laws, the following additional items were adopted: On chromate and bi-chromate of potassa, four and a half cents per pound; allowing a drawback on copper and composition metal used in vessels built in the United States and used in foreign trade between the Atlantic and Pacific.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

RICHARDSON AND MOIETIES

The House Passes Its Bill on the Subject.

The Secretary Defended by but One Member.

No Change Likely in the Bankrupt Law.

Shall We Admit Colorado and New Mexico?

THE HOUSE FORGIVES SEMMES.

How Congressmen May Have Their Literary Work Done.

CIVIL RIGHTS BILL STILL PENDING.

Centennial Appropriation Abandoned for this Session.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 27, 1874.

No Change in the Bankrupt Law.

It is doubtful whether there will be any change in the Bankrupt law at this session. The modified act which passed the Senate has been lying in the pigeon holes of the room of the House Judiciary Committee for nearly three months. To-day the committee made a motion that the House non-concur and ask a Committee of Conference. The House adjourned before a vote was reached, and in the present condition of business and the short time left of the session, it is very probable that the matter cannot come up again.

Do We Want More States?

The House Committee on Territories have agreed to report a bill for the admission of Colorado into the Union. Should this bill pass the House, it is not believed that either it or the bill for the admission of New Mexico will pass the Senate. There seems to be a growing conviction that the Union can get along well enough with the present number of States, and that there is nothing to be gained by bringing in more rotten boroughs to overslaugh, in the Senate, the voice of such States as New York and Pennsylvania.

Semmes Passes the House.

The House passed to-day, with very little opposition, a bill to remove the disabilities of Semmes, of Alabama fame. There is not so much certainty that it will pass the Senate, as Judge Edmunds, chairman of the Judiciary Committee of that body, is opposed to relieving such men as Semmes.

Codification of the Statutes.

Both Houses have now passed the act codifying all the statutes of the United States in force on December 1st 1873. The codification will prove of immense benefit to all who have business in the United States courts.

A Rather Interesting Case

came off before a Justice of the Peace here to-day. A colored lawyer of this city sued Representative Cain, of South Carolina (also colored), for legal service, including the preparation of a report made to the House by Mr. Cain. It is no unusual thing for members of Congress who lack the ability themselves, to employ others to prepare speeches and reports for them. Representative Cain conducted his own case, and showed that he was able to do his own work. He said that his colored brother had come to him entirely destitute and he had taken him in and fed and clothed him, and whatever services he had rendered were but a requital for this kindness. The Justice received his decision.

The End of Moieties.

The House passed the bill to-day, repealing the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to make contracts for the collection of money alleged to be due the Treasury of the United States. In the course of the entire discussion, the Secretary of the Treasury has found but one defender—Mr. Kellogg, of Connecticut. All the others who have spoken on the subject condemned his course—the Democrats with more or less violence, and the Republicans more moderately—but it was nevertheless almost an unanimous condemnation. A direct vote of censure could scarcely be more pointed. Beck's amendment, prescribing a penalty upon any member of Congress who shall act as attorney for any claimant against the government, was also adopted without a dissenting voice.

Judiciary Bills in the House.

Although the House Committee on the Judiciary had the floor all day to-day, they had not reported more than one-half of the bills referred to them, and what they expected to have considered. At the close of the afternoon session, a request was made that the House meet to-morrow night to further consider reports from the committee, but objection was made. General Butler stated early in the day, that it was not his purpose to call either the Geneva Award or the Civil Rights bill under this call. It was very manifest to the friends of both measures, that if either of them was once introduced all other business would be excluded.

Civil Rights Bill.

It is General Butler's intention to make another effort, on Monday, to take up the Senate bill and pass it, under a suspension of the rules. Since Monday last the subject has been canvassed and the Civil Rights men think they can make another effort with success on Monday next.

The Centennial Bill.

Mr. Kelley will move, on Monday, to take up the Senate Centennial bill and to concur with the Senate amendment. It is not the purpose of the Committee on the Centennial to ask for any further legislation at this session, but during the summer months an effort will be made to raise the necessary funds in other ways, so that there may be no necessity for an appeal to Congress. Should this plan fail, however, they do not hesitate to say they will again appeal to Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 27, 1874.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE.

The Senate has confirmed the following nominations: James B. Belford, Assistant Justice of the Supreme Court of Colorado; John Pratt, United States Marshal of the Territory of New Mexico; F. A. Bludes, Appraiser of Merchandise at Detroit, and Dana A. Chever, Postmaster at Denver, Colorado.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 27, 1874.

STAGE-STRUCK BROADWAY.

The absence of stages from Broadway affords such relief to that thoroughfare that there is a general desire that the strike of the drivers may be continued long enough to secure a substitute for the ancient and lumbering stage.

PACIFIC MAIL DIRECTORS.

At the election for Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to-day, the regular Hatch ticket was elected by fourteen thousand shares majority.

FIFTY THOUSAND SUNDAY SCHOOL CHILDREN ON PARADE.

The annual parade of the Sunday school children of Brooklyn took place to-day. There seemed to be fifty thousand children in line. The City Hall, Court House, and other public buildings, as well as private dwellings along the line of march, are elaborately decorated with flags and bunting, and the city has a gala appearance. After the parade the children returned to their respective schools, where short addresses were made and refreshments supplied.

CASUALTIES.

Sudden Death of a Bellaire Merchant.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BELLAIRE, O., May 27, 1874.

Wm. Hill, a notion and trimming dealer, died suddenly this evening, of heart disease.

The Gallipolis Salary Grab.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GALLIPOLIS, O., May 27, 1874.

The two members prosecuted for salary-grabbing resigned their seats in Council last night. The suits were brought at the instance of liquor men, who hope to elect men to fill the vacancies who will vote for the repeal of the prohibition ordinance to take effect June 1st.

St. Louis Police.

ST. LOUIS, May 27.—At a special meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners, this evening, Lawrence Harrigan, Chief of the Detective Corps of this city, was appointed Chief of Police, *vice* James McDonough resigned; and Acting Captain Dan O'Connor was made Chief of Detectives. The appointments will take effect on the first of June.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Spain.

DEFEAT FOR THE REPUBLICANS.

BARONNE, May 27.—Travellers state that General Concha, with 25,000 Republicans, is marching toward Estella, in the province of Navarre. He attacked the Carlists on the 24th inst., but was repulsed everywhere. Don Carlos has left Durango and arrived at Tolosa.

France.

REOPENING OF THE ASSEMBLY.

LONDON, May 28, 6 A. M.—The *Times* correspondent telegraphs from Paris that the Assembly will reopen without a message from President MacMahon, or any announcement of the policy of the ministry. A decree was issued yesterday dissolving the Council General Department. The Bouches du Rhone government is sure of a vote of confidence, should the Left submit an interpellation in regard to this summary act.

England.

THE DISTINGUISHED SICK LIST.

LONDON, May 28, 5:30 A. M.—A special from Berlin to the *Daily News* says Prince Bismarck has had a slight relapse of illness since his return to Varzin.

Dispatches from Rome represent that the Pope has not entirely recovered from his illness. Attacks of fever continue. Three physicians are in constant attendance, and visitors are refused access to his Holiness.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, May 27.—The steamships Canada and Denmark, from New York, arrived out.

European Markets.

LONDON, May 27.—Rates of discount in open market for three months, 3¼ per cent., which is ⅜ below the bank rate. It is the general opinion on 'Change that the bank rate will be reduced to-morrow. Consols 93⅝@93¾; 5-20s, 1865, 107½; do. 1867, 109¼; 10-40s, 104; new 5s, 104¾. New York Central, 88; Erie, 32¼; Erie preferred, 52. Refined petroleum 11¼c.

PARIS, May 27.—Rentes 59 francs 65 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, May 27.—Cotton quiet; middling upland at 8¼d; Orleans 8⅝d; sales 10,000; American 7,200; speculation and export 2,000. Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged. Lard 50s 6d. Cheese 72s.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON COLLEGE.

Commencement Exercises --- Addresses, Degrees, Dinner and Hop.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, PA., May 27, 1874.

The concluding exercises of the college commencement took place this morning, with addresses from the graduates, and conferring degrees by the President. Afterwards, the alumni and friends of the college partook of a splendid dinner, prepared by ladies of the place. The college hall being torn up on account of the large new building now being erected, the exercises were held in the town hall. The students gave a large hop at the same place to-night. This is the largest class that has graduated since 1869.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 27, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY.

For New England, the Middle States and Lower Lake region, generally clear and warmer weather will prevail, with southeast to southwest winds and falling barometer.

For the South Atlantic States partly cloudy weather, with northwest to southeast winds, a slight rise of temperature and falling barometer, followed by threatening weather on the coast during the night. For the Gulf States increasing cloudiness, rain near the Coast, easterly to southerly winds, high temperature and stationary to falling barometer. For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, the Upper Lake region, the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys, partly cloudy weather, southerly winds, high temperature and stationary to falling barometer.

Midnight Bulletin.

MAY 27, 1874—10:48 P. M.

STATIONS.	Bar.	Ther	Wind	Weather.
Cairo, Ills	29.96	74	S. E.	Fair.
Cincinnati, O	30.05	72		Clear.
Davenport	29.87	79	S.	Fair.
Indianapolis	29.97	74		Fair.
Keokuk	29.82	78	S. E.	Fair.
Fort Gibson	29.86	74	S. E.	Clear.
LaCrosse	29.81	79	S.	Fair.
Leavenworth	29.79	78	S.	Clear.
Louisville	30.02	76		Clear.
Memphis	29.99	79		Fair.
Nashville	29.98	79		Cloudy.
Omaha	29.68	79	S.	Fair.
Pittsburgh	30.06	61	W.	Clear.
Shreveport	29.96	75	S. E.	Cloudy.
St. Louis	29.94	81	S.	Fair.
St. Paul	29.67	79	S.	Clear.
Vicksburg	30.06	80	S. W.	Fair.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Pen Peddling in Ohio.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BUCYRUS, O., May 27, 1874.

A young man named Samuel Hano, engaged in selling pens around the country, was arrested in Nevada this afternoon, under the following circumstances: He came here yesterday, hired a team, went to Sulphur Springs, in this county, and other villages in that vicinity, and sold pens, taking notes for his pay. In one case he took a note for two dollars and raised it to four hundred and two dollars; came here and offered it for sale to the banks. They became suspicious and set the officers after him, with the above result.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Arguments in the Wintermute murder trial will begin to-day.

The annual meeting of the American Institute of Engineers will be held in St. Louis to-day.

In fifteen elections under the local option law, in California, the anti-liquor party have carried eleven.

Rear Admiral Shubrick, senior officer of the retired list of the navy, died at Washington yesterday, aged eighty-three.

The distress from the famine in India continues. Nearly three millions people are dependent upon the government for food.

The monument to the mother of Washington, at Fredericksburg, is to be completed, at a cost of twelve thousand dollars.

A match game of billiards in New York last night, between Garnier and Ubassy, was won by Ubassy in 72 innings—600 to 446.

Base Ball—At New Haven. Atlantics 8, Yale 3. At Chicago, White Stockings 9, Hartfords 3. At Boston, Bostons 9, Mutuals 5.

Rochefort left Omaha yesterday for Chicago, where he will stay one day, thence go to New York for five days and thence direct to Switzerland.

The following steamers have arrived at New York: Caledonia, from Liverpool; California, from Glasgow, Hohenzollern, from Bremen, and Colina, from Antwerp.

The Nashville Board of Aldermen propose, in the event of the final passage of the Civil Rights bill, to suspend work on the new school building now being constructed in that city.

The Southern Presbyterian General Assembly are discussing the propriety of the rule requiring students of the Columbia Theological Seminary to attend upon religious services in the chapel. Great interest is manifested on this question.

The Dunkard's Council yesterday decided that each church might decide for itself the propriety of saluting the colored brethren with a holy kiss. It was ruled to be inconsistent with the religion of the sect for its members to join farmers' clubs.

Dispatches from Gen. Stanley, dated Fort Scully, May 22d, received at Fort Lincoln yesterday, says 400 Sioux left there yesterday to be joined by more at Grand River Agency and Cheyenne. They will try to intercept Custar's expedition when it starts. A hot time is expected.

The arguments for the District of Columbia, in the pending investigation, will be submitted to-day. The committee reserve the right to call Hallett Kilbourne to answer who were the beneficiaries in his real estate pool, and the correspondent of the New York *Sun* to make answer as to who told him that Congressman Harmer, of Pennsylvania, was interested in contracts.

It now appears that the Russian Grand Duke Constantine's son, Nicholas, gave the diamonds belonging to his mother, to Miss Fenix, or Phœnix, a beautiful American woman. The circumstances of the theft, together with the fact that he had deposited large sums of money with his bankers, to make provision, as he says, against the necessities of old age, led to the belief that Nicholas is insane.

Dr. Gregory,

the great hernia physician, is on a visit to our city, and a guest of R. H. Smith, Esq. As there are many here who are troubled with this disease, the doctor will receive a few patients at the Monongahela House to-day and to-morrow, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M. As his stay here is very short, those who would desire to see this great physician should lose no time in calling on him.

STATE NEWS.

Hon. Henry Souther delivers the address on Decoration day at Erie.

Henry Young, a hotel keeper of Columbia, fell dead on Sunday, of apoplexy.

Mrs. Jane M'Lane died at Washington, Lancaster county, last week, of lockjaw.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows will hold its next annual session in Williamsport.

Mrs. George Delleker, of Mt. Pleasant, Berks county, fell dead on Thursday of last week.

The Beaver *Star* has put on a handsome new dress, and changed its name to that of *Democrat*.

A little daughter of John Romick, of Mifflinburg, was thrown from a wagon, one day recently and killed.

The advertisement of Sheriff's sales in Philadelphia occupies fifteen columns of the *Evening Telegraph* of Monday.

Lieutenant Commander John McFarland, U. S. N., died at the residence of his father, in Meadville, on the 22d inst.

The Mahanoy *Valley Record* states that there is in that place a young wife, not yet twenty-one years old, who is the mother of five children.

Henry A. Stauffer, a carpenter, fell from the roof of a building on which he was at work on Saturday, and was killed. He was twenty-three years old.

The body of an unknown man was found drowned at Sunbury on Sunday last. He had apparently been forty years old, and was dressed in dark clothing.

Mrs. Theodore Woodring, of Northampton county, fell down stairs while attending a funeral, and was so badly injured that she died a few days after the accident.

The Philadelphia and Erie Railroad is now getting a share of western lake freights. The shipments of grain from Erie are likely to be continuous and heavy.

Cool. A Johnstown girl of ten years stripped one of five years of her hat and frock, and walked off with them, leaving the little one on the street in undress uniform.

Mrs. Lucy Auchmuty, of Selinsgrove, while engaged in cleaning house for Col. Hilbish, ruptured a blood vessel by coughing and expired in about five minutes thereafter.

Mrs. Williams, of Philadelphia, talked too much, and her husband filled her mouth with wafers, but the judge decided that this wasn't no wafer to stop her, and fined Williams $25.

Week before last Mr. Justus Lewis, aged eighty-nine years, died at his home in Merryall, Wyoming county. He was born in and has ever since been a resident of Wyalusing township.

True bills were found against fifty-seven employees of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company at the Bradford county court last week, upon a charge of conspiracy at the strike a few weeks ago.

Last Tuesday afternoon Frederick L. Harner, formerly a clerk in the Recorder's Office, Schuylkill county, while attempting to get on a train at Port Clinton, fell to the ground, breaking his back.

On Monday night, at Newport, four miles above Easton, Martin Cunningham, a railroad laborer, stabbed and killed a farmer named William Smith, in a quarrel at a dance. The murderer was arrested.

This is from the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*: A Philadelphia editor is to lecture on the mystery of journalism. It would be hard to find one to whom journalism is more of a mystery than to a Philadelphia editor.

The lumber shipments from Williamsport, from January 1 to May 16, according to tables published by the *Gazette and Bulletin* 100,280,650 feet, and from Lock Haven and other points west and north of Williamsport 20,784,095 feet.

The executors of the Forrest estate in Philadelphia, have made a settlement with Mrs. Forrest, whereby she receives $95,000, and relinquishes all claims on the estate. The executors can now go ahead and carry out Mr. Forrest's directions about an actor's home.

Newton Vanloon, of Plymouth, and Benjamin Green, of Benton, Luzerne county, were both arrested on Saturday last and bound over in $1,000 each, to answer a charge of rape, in one case, upon a girl aged ten, and in the other a girl aged fourteen years.

An Allentown man accompanied a friend to Philadelphia, where the latter was to be married. At the hotel where the ceremony was to come off the bride fell in love with the bride's sister, and married her the same afternoon, after an acquaintance of two hours.

The new butter factory at Bethlehem is making 300 pounds of the "oleomargarine" per day, and sells it readily. They expect soon to increase the capacity to 500 pounds per diem. They invite inspection of the works and of the materials, which they claim, are all clean and of the best quality.

Two young girls in Pottsville disguised themselves a few days ago, and went on a begging expedition among their self-proclaimed charitable neighbors, in the fashionable quarter of the city. The result did not compensate them, unless in learning the hollowness of many loud professions of liberality.

The fossil horse said to have been recently discovered, near Scranton, turns out to be a horse of an entirely different color. Professor Marsh, of Yale College, has examined a specimen bone, supposed to have been a hoof of the pre-historic quadruped, and pronounces it a "common fossil plant of the coal measures."

The Reading Coal and Iron Company have purchased the leases of the Tower City and Brookside collieries from the estate of Repplier & Gordon, the price being reported at $275,000. The coal is known in the market as Lykens' Valley. The leases are long ones. The ground already belonged to the company.

The body of a young man named Roselle Clink was discovered in the river at Towanda last week, by fishermen who observed a pair of boots protruding from the surface of the water. A stone weighing ninety-two pounds was attached by a rope to the neck of the corpse. If a suicide, as supposed, this was a determined case.

The Sharpsville *Advertiser* says: The fruit prospects are decidedly flattering. The peach and plum trees are now in bloom, with an abundant crop of blossoms. Cherries bloom with a like abundant show for fruit. Apples, the staple fruit of this country, seem to be thus far uninjured, with an excellent show for an abundant harvest.

Thirteen aged persons died in Philadelphia during the past week, namely: Rose English, aged 80; Mary Jarvis, 81; Catherine Treadway, 81; Mary Blakely, 82; Daniel Murphy, 83; Elizabeth L. Robison, 83; Catherine Scull, 83; Susanna Hess, 83; Robert Launders, 84; Catherine Dougherty, 84; Hannah Spiegle, 85; John Bailey, 89, and Dorothy Griffith, 93.

Richard Risley Carlisle, better known as Professor Risley, died in the lunatic asylum of Blockley Almshouse, aged about sixty years. He commenced life as an athlete in a circus, and was well known throughout the country as a performer and head of the celebrated Risley family. Possessed at one time of an ample fortune, trouble overtook him, and he died in great poverty.

The Huntingdon *Journal* says: It is said a very large quantity of iron ore has been discovered on the farm of Charles R. McCarthy, Esq., near Saltillo, Clay township. It is supposed to yield at least seventy per cent., and the indications are that there is ore enough on the premises to run two furnaces for ages to come. It is hematite ore, and the Squire is jubilant over the precious discovery.

Lizzie Tamplon, aged nineteen, was shot and very seriously injured in Philadelphia, on Tuesday morning, by a young man named Jetter. The latter playfully pointed a pistol at her, told her to "look out," as he was going to fire, and pulling the trigger, the weapon was discharged, the ball entering the young woman's head, destroying the sight of one eye. Of course it was done in "fun."

Rudolph Garber, aged sixty years, hung himself in his barn near Silver Springs, Lancaster county, on the 23d inst., but was discovered and cut down in time to save his life. He had lost $100,000, it is said, by an investment in large iron works in Western Pennsylvania. He had tried to kill himself by hanging once before, and declares now that he will yet succeed in his effort to destroy his life.

The Greensburg *Tribune and Herald* says: Our lumber dealers are doing a better business this spring than ever before. This itself is an unmistakable sign that the people in this community are not cramped for money. Whenever you find a people erecting new and elegant buildings, and otherwise improving their property, you can set it down as a fixed fact that there is no general stagnation in business, nor any great scarcity of money in that community.

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER is the cheapest, but not lowest priced Baking Powder. Elegant Biscuits, Rolls, &c., prepared in a few minutes.

POLITICAL.

State.

Hon. John Allison declines being a candidate for Congress in the Mercer district, preferring his present position.

The Beaver county Democratic Committee will meet in Beaver on the 8th of June to elect delegates to the State Convention.

It is stated that Hon. E. McJunkin will withdraw from the field as a candidate for the position of Associate Law Judge in Butler county.

The Greensburg *Argus* says: Col. Painter requests us to state, in answer to hundreds of interrogatories, that he has no Congressional aspirations at present.

General D. Stewart Elliott, of Everett, will, it is stated, be a candidate for the Republican nomination for State Senator in the Bedford, Somerset and Fulton district.

J. Smith Futhey, Esq., is suggested as a suitable man to represent the Republicans of Chester county in the State Senate. He is indorsed by the West Chester *Republican*.

Washington county presents six candidates for Assembly. They are as follows: Samuel J. Hughes, John Farrer, David Eakin, James L. Gabby, Captain John S. Duncan, James M. Weaver.

We see that our fat, good natured, and clever friend, A. A. Stewart, Esq., declines to be a candidate for State Senate; hence the contest at the Democratic primary election for that office will be between John Young Woods, Esq., and James C. Clarke, Esq.—*Greensburg Tribune and Herald*.

A number of papers published outside of Blair county, have advanced the statement that the Prohibitionists of this county propose putting a ticket in the field the coming fall. As yet the Prohibitionists have taken no action whatever in the matter and the statement is made without warrant.—*Altoona Tribune*.

Hon. H. L. Richmond has withdrawn from the canvass as a candidate for renomination for Congress in the Crawford district. A number of leading Republicans of Meadville have joined in requesting Col. D. C. McCoy, of that city, to stand as a candidate, and he has consented to do so. Col. McCoy is a leading member of the bar of Crawford county, and made a good record in the Union army.

The Beaver *Argus and Radical* says: Much to the regret of his friends, Hon. S. J. Cross has decided not to be a candidate for re-election, as will appear by his card published in another column. About his re-nomination and re-election there was no manner of doubt, hence his action is entirely voluntary and induced only by the reasons stated by himself. He has been a faithful, honest and able representative, and enjoys the esteem and confidence not only of the Republicans of his county and district, but throughout the State.

A number of our citizens having urged Hon. John H. Walker to permit the use of his name as a candidate for Assemblyman, he has, we are informed, replied that, if nominated and elected, he would serve, but he did not seek the place, and would make no effort to secure it. He was too old, he said, to engage in an active personal canvass, but he stood ready, at all times to place his services at the disposal of his fellow citizens, whether in private or public life. The conspicuous position which Mr. Walker occupied as President of the Constitutional Convention has given him a wide and enduring reputation throughout the Commonwealth, and his influence on the legislation growing out of the new Constitution could not fail to be of a decided and beneficial character.—*Erie Dispatch*.

General.

The Hon. Jeremiah Wilson, of Indiana, announces to his friends his determination not to become a candidate for re-election to Congress.

The New York *Mail* has this to say about the election of Senator Eaton: "A hundred of the ablest stump orators could not in a campaign do so much to strengthen the administration ranks as has been done by this act of incomprehensible folly on the part of the Connecticut Democrats."

The Springfield *Register*, the leading Democratic paper in Illinois, says there is not a word of truth in the declaration that the Democracy of that State will join a new party, or a third party, or anything of that kind. It proposes to eschew all "tricks, games, and manœuvres," as the *Register* calls the Greeley movement.

A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* says, after traveling over the greater part of Missouri, that the Democracy of the State are bound to split, on account of the gross mismanagement of the State administration. The finances are in a miserable condition, the State debt, which, under the Republicans, was being reduced at the rate of $3,000,000 a year, having been actually increased; and the school laws have fallen into neglect and crime has increased.

Both Houses of the Legislature of Massachusetts have voted to abolish the State constabulary, and by large majorities. Whether the Governor will sign the bill is not yet known, but the vote in the two Houses would indicate that even a veto could not save the constabulary. Its fate is due, in the opinion of the Worcester *Spy*, as much to a general conviction that it was inefficient and corrupt as to hostility to the special work with which it was mainly occupied.

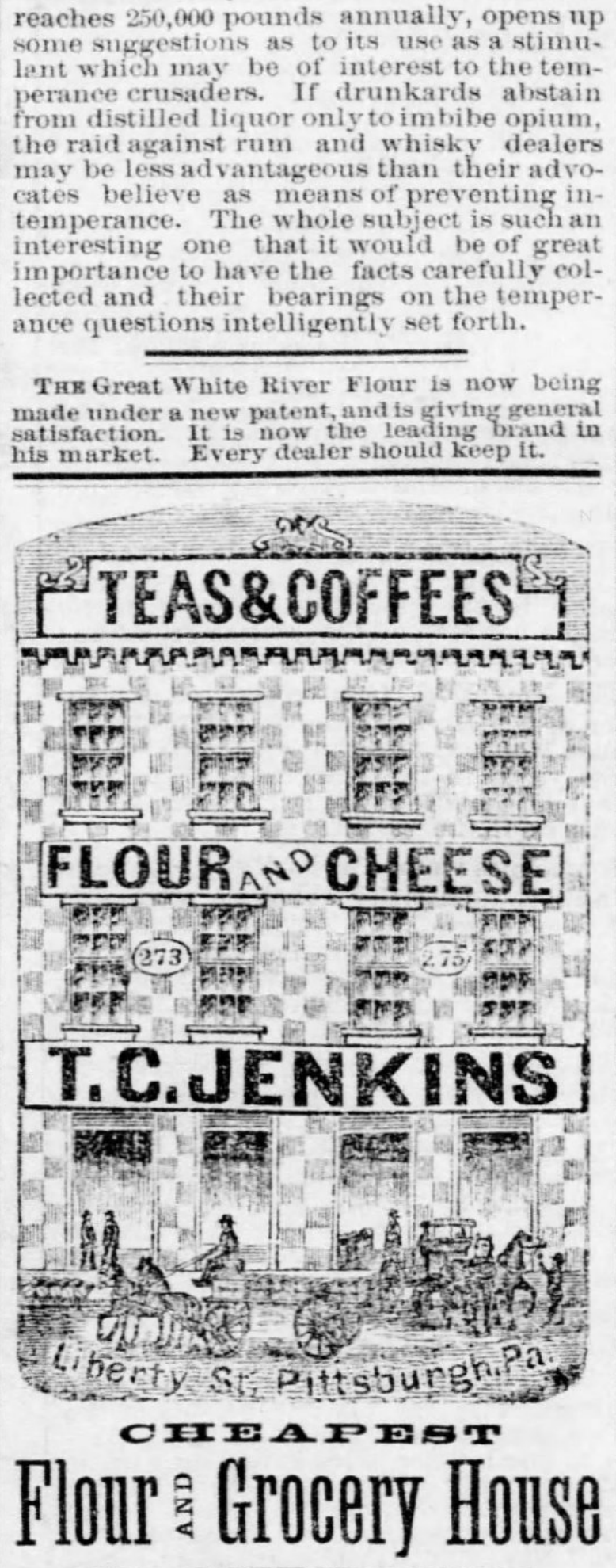
The feeling of the West towards its Senators who voted with the contractionists, on the currency question, is shown in the following extract from the St. Louis *Democrat*: "Not content with being of no use to his constituents, Mr. Schurz, it seems, has made up his mind to do them a serious positive injury by opposing the rebuilding of the Mississippi river levees by the Government. Mr. Schurz is a great statesman—for the Atlantic seaboard."

The St. Louis *Globe* says Missouri is the worst governed State in the Union, and adds: "A little more of the present rule of ignorance, brutality, and outlawry now witnessed in many of the counties of this State, and Missouri will be set back twenty years in her material prosperity. Where the largest proportional Democratic majorities are there you will be sure to find the largest number of crimes and outrages. Does the *Times* dispute this assertion?"

Now that the New York *Tribune* has become to all intents and purposes a Democratic journal, we are not surprised to learn that it has reduced the wages of the men employed on its new building from two dollars and a half to two dollars and a quarter a day—a dollar and a half per week. The *Tribune* boasts of having been "founded" by Horace Greeley, but could that vigorous advocate of the rights and dignity of labor rise from his grave to-day and gaze upon the superstructure raised by his successors, his astonishment would be no greater than his indignation.—*Troy Times*.

The increase in the importation of opium into this country of late years, which now reaches 250,000 pounds annually, opens up some suggestions as to its use as a stimulant which may be of interest to the temperance crusaders. If drunkards abstain from distilled liquor only to imbibe opium, the raid against rum and whisky dealers may be less advantageous than their advocates believe as means of preventing intemperance. The whole subject is such an interesting one that it would be of great importance to have the facts carefully collected and their bearings on the temperance questions intelligently set forth.

THE Great White River Flour is now being made under a new patent, and is giving general satisfaction. It is now the leading brand in his market. Every dealer should keep it.



CHEAPEST

Flour AND Grocery House

IN PITTSBURGH.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

The Great White River Flour.

Jenkins's Snow Flake and Golden Fleece.
Complete Line Groceries.
Cleveland and Louisville Lime.
Sugars, Syrups, Cheese, Tobaccos, Teas, Roast Coffees, &c., &c.
No Charge for Drayage.
No Retail House connected with this establishment.

Dealers Beware

of brands of flour represented by traveling men as being the same as my *Great White River*. The commission they get for their orders amount to a dealer's profit. T. C. Jenkins.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—$10,000 OF ALLEGHENY VALLEY 7-30 BONDS. Call at once on LUTHER S. KAUFFMAN, Broker, 96 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—EVERY SPORTSMAN—To call or send for a price list of Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, &c. Address J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—PARTNER—A SPECIAL or an Active Partner; must have capital of from Two to Five Thousand Dollars, in a Wholesale Commission House on Liberty street. For particulars address with full name, A B C, Commercial office.

WANTED—TO RENT—PARLOR ON Penn, Fifth or Sixth avenues, or Smithfield street. A private Parlor, with Room and Board, or part of a Store for a short period. Liberal rent for a suitable location. Address D. S. L., Commercial office.

WANTED — PURCHASERS — FOR Cheap Lands. I am prepared to furnish cheap Mineral, Coal and Timber Lands in tracts from 1,000 to 10,000 Acres each in the States of Arkansas, Texas, East and West Virginia and Kentucky. These lands are well located on navigable streams, accessible by railroads, and will be sold low for cash or exchanged for city or country property at its market value, by applying to E. C. KEYS, 66 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Pennsylvania, Missouri and Michigan Pine Lands made a specialty.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—A FEW GOOD Agents to canvass for one of the best selling articles of the day. Liberal terms and exclusive territory given. Call on or address C. W. ROBERTS, Young Men's Home, Pittsburgh.

LOST.

LOST—AN ENVELOPE CONTAINING some Papers addressed to Jno. M. Kennedy, Diamond street. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at GEO. CRAWFORD & CO.'S, 76 Fifth avenue.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL — THE COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY have removed to their new Office, at northwest corner of Smithfield street and Third avenue.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SECOND STORY FRONT Room, with Bathroom in rear, suitable for a Dentist. Location unsurpassed. Call at 65 Fulton street, near Wylie avenue.

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE OF 10 Rooms and finished Attic, Marble Mantles, etc., near Dallas Station, on Frankstown avenue. Rent very low. Apply at East End Improvement Trust Co., corner Penn and Frankstown avenues.

FOR RENT—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c., located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial Counting Room.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—700 POUNDS MINION TYPE, nearly new. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND MACHINERY—Two Planers and Matchers, one Moulder, 4 sides, two Iron Lathes, one Drill Press and one Sturtevant Fan, all in good order. M. B. COCHRAN & CO. 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE — BUILDING LOT — IN Fourteenth Ward, on Atwood street, near Oakland Car Station; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For further particulars inquire of THOS. F. STEWART, No. 48 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 20 horse power; Engines from 4 to 80 horse power; one Hoisting Engine and Boiler. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—SMALL FARM SITUATE in Armstrong County, Pa. Good farming land, with Dwelling of four rooms, young Orchard of 60 trees. Will be sold low, or would exchange for city property. Also, 10 Building Lots situate in Sixteenth Ward, between the two greatest thoroughfares in the city (Penn and Liberty Avenues). Will be sold on long payments. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.

The finest collection of Steam Engines and Boilers ever offered for sale in this market. Engines new and perfect—warranted such. Boilers new and second-hand—Double flued Portable and Stationary Tubular, guaranteed to carry 100 pounds steam pressure with perfect safety. Will sell to suit customers very cheap for cash or its equivalent.

INDUSTRIAL MACHINE WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICES.

TO THE PUBLIC—

The Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia Press Association have appointed COL. W. L. FOULK their Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity. Office for the present, Dispatch Building, Fifth avenue, second floor.

E. L. CHRISTMAN,
Chairman of Association.

May 27th, 1874.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN the residents of the Thirty-seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, that the School Directors intend applying to Court on the 30th of May, 1874, for authority to borrow money to build a new School House.

W. H. DEVORE, President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE

Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
Pittsburgh, May 27, 1874.

In view of the present embarrassments of this Company, and in order to avoid so far as possible any sacrifice by the Creditors of their claims, as well as of the property and business of the Company by hasty and ill-advised action, the Creditors of the Company are invited to meet at the Office of the Company, on TUESDAY, June 2d, 1874, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the officers of the Company will submit to them a statement of its affairs, and ask their co-operation and aid in advising such measures as may be deemed best to effect a speedy and satisfactory adjustment of its affairs.

JOHN SCOTT, President.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO., N. E. Cor. of Wood St. and Fourth avenue. DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, to be applied to reduction of Stock Due Bills.

JOHN H. CLANEY, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, May 22, 1874.

ELENA.

12mo. Cloth. 369 pages. $1 50.

A captivating story.—[New York Tribune.

"Elena" is one of the most elegant and interesting fictions of the season.—[London Messenger.

A very pleasantly-written story of Italian Life.—[New York World.

The story is well developed, and with a power which, in some scenes, becomes thrilling.—[Gazette.

RELIGION AND THE STATE.

By ALVAH HOVEY, D. D. 16mo. $1 25.

The questions discussed are among the most important of the day.—[Literary World.

Dr. Hovey's treatise is so clear and compact that we are sure that it will not want for readers.—[Boston Journal.

We sincerely hope the book will receive the universal attention its worth so distinctly demands.—[Boston Courier. ESTES & LAURIAT, Boston.

PAPER FLAGS

FOR SALE BY

W. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,

57 and 59 WOOD STREET.

COPARTNERSHIP. — THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a Copartnership in the Book and Stationery Business, under the name of JAS. B. DODGE & BRO.

JAS. B. DODGE,
A. R. ADAMS,
JOHN C. DODGE.

JAS. B. DODGE.......JOHN C. DODGE.

JAS. B. DODGE & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Blank Book Manufacturers.

LAW, MEDICAL, SCHOOL
And MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS, WRITING PAPER
And STATIONERY.
MERCANTILE PRINTING.

89 FIFTH AVENUE,

ABOVE SMITHFIELD.

JNO. J. McDERMOTT,

53 Ninth St., late Hand St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

TEAS.

Wm. B. Hays & Son,

PORK PACKERS,

Bacon, Mess Pork, Dried Beef,

Lard, Lard Oil, Carbon Oils.

Curers of the Celebrated
STAR-ANCHOR BRAND EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS.
281 AND 283 LIBERTY STREET.

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT,

231 Liberty Street.

LOWER PRICES THAN EVER

The plan we a few weeks since adopted of selling Goods at small profits to cash and prompt men has brought us a large increase of very desirable trade. So well satisfied are we with the results that we are determined to continue in the same way. We Reduce Prices just as soon as we are notified of any decline in the Eastern Markets, and in this manner by lopping off a few cents here and there, we maintain our name of being the Cheapest House in our line in the city.

We confine our sales to a few articles only, and not having a thousand and one things to claim our attention, we are in a position to do justice to what we do sell. We have no Sugars, Teas, Spices, Tobaccos, Confectionaries or Coffees to worry over, and we have no high-priced Goods to average up on. We sell everything on its own merits for just what it is worth, without any regard to what other houses in the city are selling the same Goods at. If you wish to secure the

LOWEST PRICES OF THE SEASON

On any of the following Goods come and get our quotations:

Canned Fruits and Vegetables.
Fresh and Spiced Salmon.
Cove and Spiced Oysters.
Fresh and Pickled Lobsters.
Assorted and Currant Jellies.
California Apricots and Pears.
Golden Pumpkin, for Pies.
California Grapes and Strawberries.
French Sardines, small Fish.
American Sardines, large Fish.
Ocean Trout, for Lunch.
Halford Table Sauce and Ketchups.
Olive Oils and Queen Olives.
Genuine French Mustard.
Colman's English Mustard.
Banner Baking Powder.
Dessicated Cocoanut and Chocolates.
Shaker Dried Sweet Corn.
Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.
English and American Pickles.
Table Salt, in small bags.
Sapolio and Hand Sapolio.
Blacking and Laundry Blue.
Ready Washer Soap.

Jesse H. Lippincott,

231 LIBERTY STREET.

Lowest Prices Yet Reached!

CHOICE NEW PRINTS, 8 1-2c.

LINEN SUITINGS,
GRASS SUITINGS,
STRIPED SKIRTINGS.
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The Commercial.

THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1874.

THE steamship Pennsylvania, which sailed from Philadelphia to Liverpool, on Saturday last, took out as part of her cargo one hundred and eighty mowing and reaping machines.

SECRETARY RICHARDSON is reported to have entirely recovered from his recent indisposition, with the single exception of a trouble in the head. We thought the difficulty lay somewhere in that region.

"APPROPRIATE.—The Civil Rights bill was discussed all night—when it was dark."—*Boston Post.*

And it was passed in the morning—when it was light.

THE *Gazette* and *Dispatch* change their minds whenever they choose, simply from a broad sense of human honor. Like EMERSON, they will say what they believe to-day, if it contradicts all that they said yesterday.

TO-DAY the teachers and pupils of the country will contribute their proposed quota to the AGASSIZ Memorial fund. A large sum will probably be the result, of which Pittsburgh should furnish no inconsiderable portion.

THE Presbyterian General Assembly, at St. Louis, has very wisely resolved to drop all secular titles in referring to its members by name; and if it had gone further, and dropped *all* titles, its wisdom would have been still more commendable.

"WILL Ben Butler go to Austria? Of course he will, and stay there, too, as long as there's a V in Vienna."—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

Not if he could X-change it for something better.

"THE list of statesmen who don't feel like going back to Congress again is lengthening."—*Springfield Republican.*

Yes: but the list of those who do feel like going back again and will not be able is considerably longer.

VICE PRESIDENT WILSON, it is said, has urged the President not only to turn out RICHARDSON, and get a new Secretary of the Treasury, but also to send his Attorney General and Secretary of State adrift. As the late Alderman JOHNS said, when signing a patent medicine certificate, "we concur in the above."

THE specie shipments from New York last week, amounted to $20,900,000, in round numbers, and the total for this week bids fair to be larger. The total imports at the same place, last week, were over $11,000,000. The two naturally go together—large imports of foreign goods and large exports of specie; and with these you may always look for hard times and discouraging prospects for home industry.

THE New York *World* attributes the terrible destruction of life and property by the breaking down of Goshen dam, in the valley of Mill river, Mass., to the rule of the Republican party. The Free Trade New York *Post*, however, places the responsibility for the catastrophe at the doors of Protection. Now let these two papers lay their sapient heads together, and explain the mystery of the bursting of the Ousley dam.

WHILST, according to the New York *World*—the great gun of the Democratic party—the result of the Civil Rights bill will tend to keep the negro voters consolidated in favor of the Republican party, it will also, that paper says, consolidate the white vote of the South more strongly than ever against the Republican party. This being the case, the *World's* violent opposition to the passage of the measure seems unaccountable.

ALTHOUGH the Maine Republican State Convention will not be held until the 18th of next month, a lively interest in politics is already being manifested in that State. The probabilities seem to be that Governor DINGLEY will be nominated by acclamation for a second term. In the third Congressional district there is not a whisper of opposition to the renomination of Speaker BLAINE, and the convention can hardly be anything more than a mere matter of form. In some other districts the bars appear to be down for a promiscuous political squabble.

THE railroads of Illinois, under a provision of the Civil Rights law, have attempted to remove into the United States Courts the suits pending against them in the State Courts for violations of the State laws regulating the rates of transportation; but the State Courts refuse to recognize the attempted removal, and are forcing the railroad companies to trial. The Chicago and Alton road has just been mulcted in the Sangamon County Court in the sum of $3,000 for non-compliance with the Granger legislation, and will either be compelled to pay it or take the case up to the Supreme Court of the State.

THE Ways and Means Committee of the House hold back their resolution of censure upon Secretary RICHARDSON for his conduct in the SANBORN business, in the hope that he will resign and save them from the necessity of passing the resolution. We, too, hope he may resign, at once, but we have no objection to seeing him censured also. His conduct is worthy of censure, whether he stays in or clears out; but it Congress ever should get its hand in, at passing resolutions of censure, let it not forget to denounce the Congress which passed the act under which Secretary RICHARDSON made the SANBORN contracts. He never would have made them if there had not been an act of Congress to authorize them.

THE political editor of the St. Louis *Dispatch*—a paper which is more furiously hostile toward Republicanism and Republicans than was SAUL towards Christianity and Christians, and whose platform for the canvass of the present year is simply one of undisguised rebel hate and revenge, is an unreasoning, irresponsible being, whom it would be a charity to send to a lunatic asylum. And yet the St. Louis *Republican*, itself Democratic, says there is no doubt but that the programme of that paper "reflects the views of a large number of Democrats who, however, condemn the indiscretion of publishing it." What answer have those pseudo Republican papers, who would have everybody imitate their own truckling subserviency to the South, to make to such admissions as these?

LAST year the Democrats of Wisconsin thought the Grangers a great institution, and succeeded, with their help, in electing the Governor and the Legislature. The result was the passage by the Legislature of what is known as the Potter law, which requires the railroads of the State to carry freight and passengers at certain rates specified therein. The railroads refuse to submit to it and are in open rebellion against it; and the leading Democratic paper of the State, in Milwaukee, now declares that the Democratic party must fight the ensuing canvass there upon the issue of the repeal of the Potter law. So it goes. On the side of the Grangers last year, on the side of the railroads this year. A party must be absolutely devoid of principle that can act in this contradictory way. "Unstable as water, thou shalt not excel."

SENATOR STEWART, of Nevada, proposes an amendment to the Constitution, providing that when any State shall fail or neglect to secure a system of common schools, open to all its people, the general government shall charge itself with fulfilling the neglected duty. If the prciple is correct that "the end justifies the means," this amendment can be justified, but on no other. The general government is already charged with duties and powers enough; and we do not favor any enlargement of them. The education of the people is a duty which belongs to the people exclusively. It is no part of the province of the national government; and however desirable the purpose may be which is aimed at by the proposed amendment, the suggested means of attaining it cannot be sustained on any sound logical grounds.

NOTHING is easier than fault-finding. Remarking on the approaching adjournment of Congress, the New York *Graphic* says that body "has shown a marvelous incapacity for everything but tumble-bug legislation," intimating that the best thing it can do for itself and the nation is to adjourn at once, and let its members go to their native obscurity in the bosoms of their constituents. There is a vein of injustice in this. There has, without doubt, been much unnecessary talk, with numerous hesitations and delays arising from taking counsel of cogitations and fears in regard to coming nominating conventions.

But, taking the Forty-third Congress all in all, there has probably been no similar body of late years which deserves more commendation for honesty of purpose, or to which less wrong-doing can be truthfully attributed. It has thrust all manner of schemes and jobs aside. The usual lobby has been out of employment, and in a starving condition from first to last. There has been no such stagnation in the business of robbing the Treasury for many years. There have been no land grants; the Indian bill has been more closely scrutinized than ever before; the general appropriation bills have been kept clearer than ever of the extensive schemes so frequently concealed under provisos; the leaks in department expenditures have been greatly reduced, and generally, an earnest attempt toward economy and reform has been made. These things should be remembered.

DIPLOMATIC INDISCRETIONS.

European diplomacy has, within the last few years, suffered a succession of shocks, from the debilitating, not to say deadly effects of which it seems unlikely ever to recover. In fact, the high-stepping, majestic business has been so completely divested of its sublime mystery as, instead of the ancient reverence and awe with which it formerly filled the minds of uninitiated beholders, to afford them only or chiefly amusement not unmingled with contempt. Of course, the shocks to which we allude have been those successive publications of correspondence by distinguished diplomatists, of which every intelligent reader can at once recollect an example or two. Letters written in cipher in the depth of night within locked doors and blinded windows, by the representatives of the great powers; letters revealing or concealing the very quint-essential essence of statecraft, burdened with secrets of immense import (in the opinion of the writer and his correspondent); letters upon whose contents the welfare of great kings and even the peace of Europe were supposed to depend, have been published after a few months or weeks, and read and criticised by millions of common people, many of whom hardly knew the meaning of the word diplomacy. Terrible were the alarm and anxiety at first excited by these publications, but such frightful indiscretions have at length become so familiar by repetition as to be quite commonplace affairs. Discipline seems to have wholly ceased to reign among diplomatists. General LA MARMORA'S little book had scarcely ceased to be a sensation, when Count BEUST'S compromising old dispatch appeared in print, and the dispatch was still a subject of lively comment, when attention was distracted from it by the publication of Count VON ARNIM'S letters to Bishop HEFELE and Professor DOELLINGER.

That this publication belongs to the category of diplomatic indiscretions becomes at once evident when one learns that the letters reveal a disagreement of long standing between Count ARNIM and Prince Chancellor BISMARCK concerning the Catholic quarrel in Germany. The Count is, it seems, a man of decidedly churchly mind, member of an old Catholic family and in full sympathy with the politico-spiritual aspirations of the church as defined and limited by the best traditions and the wisest doctors. He is, however, no ultramontane, but hostile to ultramontanism as being in conflict with the best traditions and wisest doctors of the church; Drs. HEFELE and DOELLINGER for example. Therefore, Count ARNIM was thought by BISMARCK a person peculiarly adapted to represent the Prussian government at Rome during the sessions of the Vatican Council. While fulfilling the office, he early foresaw that without extraordinary interposition the Council, under Jesuit influence and the local pressure brought to bear upon it, would declare the dogma of infallibility. With equal clearness he foresaw as the inevitable consequence of the decree the conflict between the church and the State in Prussia, which has taken place. He therefore urged BISMARCK to back up the opposition of the German Bishops to the proposed decree, with all the authority of the Prussian government, in the hope of thus delivering the Pope from the hands of the Jesuits and of thus preventing the enactment of the obnoxious dogma. As all the world knows, BISMARCK refused to follow the advice; the decree was passed, the German Bishops finally concurred in the action of the Council, and the Prussian government, under BISMARCK'S guidance, took the steps which all know of to maintain the supremacy of the State threatened, as is alleged, by the encroachments of the Papacy which the new decree had invested with novel and extraordinary power.

Now it appears that Count ARNIM has never approved of the BISMARCKIAN policy towards the Catholic church. Inasmuch as the Prussian government did not so sustain the German Bishops as to enable them to maintain their opposition to the new dogma, Count ARNIM thinks it unjust and unreasonable to punish them for accepting it and applying its practical consequences in the administration of their dioceses. Hence the Count, in co-operation with other prominent persons of the Court, has done what he could to modify the church laws or mitigate their execution. This influence was plainly successful for some months in throwing an air of indecision over the proceedings of the government towards the church. But BISMARCK at length triumphed.

Which of the two, the Chancellor or the Count, first began to lay their difference before the world by the publication of dispatches, is not quite clear. Probably the Count was the first to offend, eager to make known his dislike of the Prussian church laws, and also longing to prove by actual records that, so long ago as in 1870, during the sessions of the Vatican Council, he had fully anticipated the painful events of the present year, and had made suggestions which, if duly regarded by BISMARCK, might have prevented their occurrence. These dispatches published in Vienna, caused BISMARCK great annoyance, not only because they might be so understood as to convict him of want of foresight, but because they might also be so understood as to magnify his foresight at the expense of his honesty and good will. In fact, by many the documents were believed to warrant the inference that he, desiring a conflict with the Papacy, rather desired the adoption of the decree which rendered the conflict inevitable, and therefore declined to follow Count ARNIM'S advice. In order to counteract this impression, BISMARCK then caused to be published some of the letters of instruction he had addressed to Count ARNIM during the sessions of the Council. Concerning the effect of this publication, we said somewhat, two weeks ago, and need only say now that the letters entirely acquit the Chancellor of having entertained the malignant purpose ascribed to him by the Ultramontanes. At present we have to do only with the effect of the publication upon the mind of COUNT ARNIM. In the letters published, there were several expressions which unexplained compromised his friendly relations with Drs. DOELLINGER and HEFELE. He therefore addressed a letter of explanation to the Doctors, which Dr. DOELLINGER published, thereby making the breach complete between his correspondent and BISMARCK. The immediate result appears to have been Count ARNIM'S retirement from the German diplomatic service, as announced by the cable some days ago.

STATE RIGHTS.

There is a manifest difference between the doctrine that a State has the right to secede from the Union, and the doctrine of State Rights as opposed to the consolidation of power in the hands of the general government.

The Democratic party is committed to the doctrine that a State has the right to secede, and the Republican party has always resisted it. Against that particular manifestation of State Rights it is unalterably committed, and rightly so.

But it by no means follows that because it is opposed to *that* kind of State Rights, it is therefore in favor of crushing out the reserved rights of the States and of centralizing all power in the hands of the general government. The Republicanism which we have imbibed has no such ingredient in it. There are some things which can be done only by the general government, and there are others which the States, separately, can do best for themselves; and Republicanism, as *we* understand it, concedes to the general government only those powers which are conferred by the Constitution, reserving to the States severally all the powers not clearly granted by that instrument.

There is no more dangerous tendency, in political affairs, than that which aims to centralize power at Washington and create a strong national government at the expense of the States. The accepted axiom that "power is always stealing from the many to the few" is so far true that there is always danger of power slipping away quietly from the people to their rulers, and it is a political duty of the highest character to watch and guard against that danger. The Republican party is a party of the people; and while it plants its foot firmly against the destructive principle of the right of secession, it can, also, and will, we trust, maintain the reserved rights of the people from whom it sprung, among which is the right to manage their own State affairs in their own way, free from all interference of the national government in their own purely domestic concerns.

THE Cleveland *Herald* gives some interesting information concerning the mineral resources of what is known as the "Hanging Rock" region of Ohio, in the development of which a number of Pittsburgh as well as Cleveland capitalists are understood to be interested. Our contemporary states that a party from Cleveland, including experienced iron and coal men, lately visited the region and returned highly impressed with the value of the ores of that section. Another party from the same city is now on an inspection tour to that locality. The construction of a railroad to connect the region in question with Columbus is also contemplated. Professor ANDREWS, of the Ohio State Geological Survey, speaks of the coal as very dry, and admirably adapted to blast furnace purposes, while the ore is twelve to eighteen inches in thickness frequently, and the cost of digging is very little.

THE Washington *Republican* says that the general government is likely to come to the aid of the Gettysburg National Homestead for children of dead soldiers. Its representative had a favorable hearing before the House Committee on Appropriations last week, and there is every prospect that it will receive the support to which it is so justly entitled. This institution, which has now been in existence nine years, has been doing a noble work, supported entirely by voluntary contributions and Sunday school collections. It is neither sectional nor denominational. Bishop SIMPSON, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is President of its Board of Managers and Directors; its Vice Presidents and Directors are from almost every other branch of the Christian Church, and it has gathered into its shelter and culture orphans of dead soldiers from seventeen States.

LIKE the student in the ancient fable, who is represented as having sat down on the bank of a river to wait until the water ran out so that he could go over dry-shod, the New Yorkers have been waiting to see the Philadelphia line of steamships to Europe driven away from that port for want of patronage. And with about the same result. The steamships come and go, regularly, with full cargoes and large lists of passengers. The Pennsylvania sailed on Saturday, with a full cargo, thirty-eight cabin and one hundred and ten steerage passengers, and the Ohio arrived on Monday, full of freight and with two hundred and sixty-five passengers.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Similia similibus curantur: Victoria Woodhull is trying to reform Utah.

Tipton and Nebraska are unanimous. The stingless little wasp isn't going back to the Senate.

The Duluth *Herald*, failing to get the city printing, has suspended publication, to spite the Council.

Sturgeon are becoming scarce in the Potomac, but gudgeons are plentiful in the Washington market.

There is at present growing in the United States the largest area of wheat—taking spring and fall together—ever known.

The "Schurz movement" in Missouri seems to be one of the worst cases of fizzle on record. It cannot even shift for itself.

For the first time in the history of Russian journalism, a special correspondent was sent to London during the Czar's visit.

Reports continue to reach us daily, from various parts of the country, of the encouraging prospects of the fruit and grain crops.

A new borrower has appeared in the London money market. Proposals are about to be launched for a loan for the Chinese government.

On the fifteenth of next month there will be a convention of the stove manufacturers from Troy, Albany and Pittsburgh, at Long Branch.

The poor children's excursions will be continued this summer as heretofore in the Eastern cities. They will be neglected, as heretofore, in Pittsburgh.

Some of our candidates for renomination are evidently thinking a good deal more of themselves, their record and ambitions, than of the country and its future needs.

Sensible: A witness in a New York suit at law, last week, remarked: "I did not care to mention that I was a member of the Maine Legislature. I didn't think it an honor."

With people of small understanding, the things they do not comprehend make the deepest impression. Pennsylvania journalism is puzzling the witlings of the outside press greatly.

The California Grangers offer to raise one-half the amount of the Centennial subscription expected from California, being seventy-five thousand dollars. Let them do it.

A diabolical plot to blow up a street car filled with ladies belonging to the Temperance League, was the other day discovered in Rock Island, Ill. Does hemp grow in that region?

Better than farming. Last year the National Secretary of the Grangers, at Washington, received nearly seven thousand dollars for salary and arrears, besides other perquisites.

Iowa has a natural curiosity in the form of a pond, the waters of which possess the property of bleaching every living creature it contains. Dana should go and bathe in it. But then, maybe, the lake couldn't stand it.

A colored man is lecturing in San Francisco upon the ethnological differences between the white and the colored race. His position is, that God made the first man red, and that all mankind have come from that red man.

The Southern States are going to organize companies with authority to hold and acquire real estate for the benefit of immigrants. The subscriptions to the capital stock are to be paid in cash or lands at a cash valuation.

The value of farm products in Massachusetts is greater both by farm and by acre, than in our own State, New York, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, or Minnesota, the nearness of the farm to the market being the reason.

AN UNEXPLAINABLE mytery, says the Oshkosh *Northwestern*, is connected with a circumstance which occurred on Sunday at the Wesleyan Methodist Church, in the Sixth ward, which at the time and has since caused the greatest interest, curiosity and excitement combined. On going to the church on Sunday morning, crape was discovered hanging from the door-knob. This was certainly surprising, but still greater was the consternation when, on opening the church door, the entire inner portion of the edifice was found draped in mourning. The chandelier, pulpit, walls, rostrum and all available places were trimmed with deep crape. It presented a most solemn appearance, but its cause is an entire matter of mystery. No one can be found who had authorized it or done it. No one apparently had broken into the church; no one had been privileged in entering the church; the church was not effaced in any particular, as it would have been had the thing been done with malicious intent, and the whole thing is a matter of surprise and wonderment to the whole congregation and vicinity.

THE House of Representatives has passed a bill of some importance to retired army officers. The bill permits retired officers in their discretion to apply to the Secretary of War for assignment, and the Secretary of War, upon the certificate of regular medical officers, may assign officers on the retired list or physically incapacitated to duty on boards at military posts, in charge of evacuated posts and garrisons, on recruiting service, and to such other details as it may be to the interests of the service for them to perform. The status of retired officers, in such event, will be that of active officers of the army for the time being, and they will be allowed the pay of active officers during this period of their temporary service. There are now about three hundred retired officers, many of whom are quite competent to perform duty on military courts and to recruiting service.

SENATOR CAMERON has introduced a bill in the Senate looking to a survey of the Susquehanna river from Chesapeake bay to the New York State line, and from that line through Seneca lake to the New York canal and to Lake Ontario, with the view of ascertaining the practicability of steamboat navigation between those points by dams, locks and canals. Also, as to the practicability of establishing similar communication between the Chesapeake and Delaware bays via Sassafras river.

It is said that Carl Schurz is too unwell from overwork to attend to his Senatorial duties.

THE JUNE MAGAZINES.

SCRIBNER'S.

Scribner's Magazine for June presents the following excellent table of contents: "The Great South; the South Carolina Problem; the Epoch of Transition," by Edward King; "Victorian Poets—Alfred Tennyson," by E. C. Stedman; "A Song of the Sea," by Martha P. Lowe; "Katherine Earle"—continued—by Adeline Trafton; "Symbols," a poem, by Mary L. Ritter; "Adina"—concluded—by Henry James, Jr.; "A Picture," a poem, by Elizabeth Akers Allen; "Au Sable Chasm," by Clifford P. McCalla; "Old Time Music," a poem, by Benjamin F. Taylor; "Thomas Bailey Aldrich," with a portrait; "The Mysterious Island"—continued—by Jules Verne; "A Four-Leaved Clover"—to be continued—by Saxe Holme; "An Elephant Hunt in Siam," by Garnier d'Abain; "Monsieur le Baron," by Amalie La Forge; "Decoration," a poem, by T. W. Higginson; and "The Best Fellow in the World," by R. H. D. The editor discusses in his pleasant vein "The Late Brooklyn Council," "The Moral Power of Women," and "A Good Fellow."

LIPPINCOTT'S.

Of immediate interest to Pennsylvanians is an illustrated article in *Lippincott's Magazine* for June, entitled "Vignettes from the Schuylkill Valley," and which contains much historical information in pleasant shape. Several chapters are given of George MacDonald's story of Scotch life, "Malcolm," introducing a number of new characters. In the unpublished letters of Samuel Taylor Coleridge, which appear in this number, are some passages giving a clearer insight into the mind and character of the great poet and philosopher. The second paper of "Deshler & Deshler," by Sarah Winter Kellogg is the concluding one. "A Call on a Bonze," by William E. Griffis, is a pleasant and suggestive description of the social and inner life of the Buddhistic priesthood: "Bounce" is a short story of to-day. "Present Aspects of Social Life in Rome," by T. A. Trollope, is a familiar paper, showing the monotony of modern life in the great papal city. "A Modern Cressida," by Francis Asheton, is brought to a somewhat tragic conclusion in this number. There are several fine poems, with the usual variety of monthly gossip.

THE ATLANTIC.

The *Atlantic Monthly* for June opens with an interesting paper on Naples, by Robert Dale Owen. Mr. McKay contributes a story of military captivity, domestic love, and death. Mr. James describes Siena and its art—a famous adjunct of Florence. "Prudence Palfrey," Mr. Aldrich's story, is concluded, carrying its interest to the close. Mr. Layard gives his experience as a consumer of morphine for ten years, and his final cure by the use of whisky. "Mose Evans," one of the best stories yet published in the *Atlantic*, is brought to a satisfactory end. Mr. Eggleston commences a series of papers under the title, "A Rebel's Recollections," with the scenes laid in Virginia during the late rebellion, which promises to be well worth reading. Probably the best article in the present number is that of Mr. J. W. DeForest, entitled "Modern Cats." The subject is treated in a peculiarly felicitous way. There are a number of poems, none of exceptional merit.

HARPER'S.

Harper's Monthly enters on its forty-ninth volume with the number for June. As usual, the table of contents is rich in good things. In "Our Nearest Neighbor," Bishop Gilbert Haven describes some of the grand scenery and antiquities of Mexico. The paper is the first of a series. "Nymphidia," a poem, by Michael Drayton, first published three years after Shakespeare's death, will attract attention by its unique and beautiful pictures of fairies. Gen. George B. McClellan's second paper on "Army Organization" is very suggestive and instructive. Another instalment is given of the "Recollections of an Old Stager," including characteristic incidents and anecdotes of John Quincy Adams, Sam Houston, Tom Marshall, and other Congressional celebrities. "Collecting Salmon Spawn in Maine" is the title of an illustrated paper by Charles G. Atkinson, which contains matter of interest to pisciculturists generally. The other contributions are: "Too Late," a poem, by Alfred H. Lewis; "A Naturalist in the Heart of Africa"—continued—by Helen H. Conant; "The Prisoner," a poem, by Zadiel B. Buddington; "The Living Link," by Prof. James De Mille; "Joseph Rodman Drake," by James Grant Wilson; "Tina," by Fannie Hodgson Burnett; "The Jews and their Persecutors," by Eugene Lawrence; "Mildred in Search of a Husband," by Kate Hilliard; "My Mother and I," by Dinah Mulock Craik; "Macarius' Lesson," by Rose Terry Cooke. Then follows the "Easy Chair" and the "Scientific Record."

POPULAR SCIENCE.

In the number of the *Popular Science Monthly* for June, Herbert Spencer, President White, of Cornell University, Fernand Papillon and several other eminent men are represented. A biographical sketch (with a portrait) is given of Professor Helmholtz, the greatest living physicist of the century, best known from "The Conservation of Force," which work signalled in the world the existence of a great genius. The conservation of force has justly been called "the key-note to every law of nature." Helmholtz is a firm believer in the doctrine of evolution. His biographer says: "Helmholtz tested a few years ago the progress which the doctrine of evolution has made, by asking the Congress of Natural Philosophers, assembled at Speier, to declare openly who of them were in favor of, and who against, Darwinism. The roll was called, and there was not one against it." He is now a professor in the University at Berlin.

ST. NICHOLAS.

As at present conducted, *St. Nicholas* leaves little for the young folks to wish for. The June number is a handsome one, full of articles which will at once captivate the readers alike by illustrations and letter press. It may be mentioned that T. S. Arthur's popular magazine for the young, *The Children Hour*, has been merged in *St. Nicholas*. Many new attractions are promised by the publishers, among them a bear story by Bret Harte.

BALLOU'S.

The June number of this, the best of cheap magazines, is better than any of its predecessors. All the departments are full of the most interesting matter, such as stories, sketches of travel, poetry, domestic recipes, etc.

MUSICAL MONTHLIES.

La Creme de la Creme and the *Musical Monthly*, published by J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, New York, are worthy of all encouragement. In the first named, music by the best composers, suitable for advanced performers on the piano, is furnished in liberal quantity and at a very reasonable price. In the *Monthly* may be found half a dozen of the latest popular songs, and an equal number of instrumental compositions.

PERSONAL.

Emily Faithful continues to insist that intemperate use of ice-water throughout the United States is the chief cause of the bad health of American women.

Hon. D. J. Morrell of this State, and John L. Campbell, of Indiana, have again been chosen Chairman and Secretary respectively of the Centennial Executive Committee.

Mr. Satoris's anxiety to reside abroad is said to have been by no means distantly related to an apprehension excited by what he has read of the character of the average American mother-in-law.

The New York *Commercial*, in explanation of the *Herald's* Jenkins at the White House Monday, says that "he enlisted for three years in the Marine Band, for the sole purpose of getting into the White House on that occasion."

Sometimes woman's charity is prompted by a morbid curiosity not at all creditable to her or to humanity. The San Francisco ladies of the greatest wealth and culture are bringing themselves into deserved ridicule by their attentions to Vasquez, the captured bandit.

Disconsolate Wisconsin widowers beat them all: The Milwaukee *News* relates the case of one who thus glowingly described the loss sustained in the death of his wife: "I tell you, when I came to get into bed, and lay thar, and not hear Lucinda jawing around for an hour and a half, it just made me feel as if I'd moved into a strange country."

Bayard Taylor seems to have made a lasting impression on the Egyptians, when he visited them some twenty years ago. During his recent visit there, one of the native hangers-on of the Khedive's palace said to him: "You were here a long while ago?" "Yes," answered Mr. Taylor. "Twenty years or more?" "Yes." "And there was a gentleman with you—a German, I think?" "Yes." "And you had trouble with the men who went up the Pyramid? You went to yonder village and had the men punished?" "Yes." "And there was a boy who carried a water bottle, and the Shekh of the village told him to bring coffee for you, and there was no coffee at first, and the Shekh gave the boy a slap, threw him out the door, and told him not to come again until he brought it?" "Yes—well?" "I was that boy," said the hanger-on, naively.

Important to the Sensitive.

Persons with active brains and of a delicate organization should never be subjected to violent purgation or any other treatment calculated to prostrate them. Leeching, cupping, starving, and intestinal rasping are of doubtful expediency in many case, but they are almost certain death to the sensitive and fragile. What such personages need is stimulation, and the very best invigorant they can take is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. To give depleting medicines to the nervous, the debilitated, the infirm, the emaciated, the desponding, is like firing broadsides into a sinking ship. Thousands of dyspeptics are killed every year by medicines that sap the physical and constitutional strength which, if reinforced by that powerful vegetable tonic, would prove more than an overmatch for the disease. It is true that the bowels require to be relieved and regulated, and the liver controlled, as well as the stomach to be toned and the system reinvigorated, and let it be borne in mind that the Bitters accomplish these objects gently and surely.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.

CHARTERED IN 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed [illegible] and if not withdrawn compounded semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

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SPECIALTIES!

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

We make a Specialty of
Sponges, Fine Hair Brushes, Combs, Pocket Books, Imported Perfumes, Cosmetics, Hair Oils, Chamois Skins and Patent Medicines.

You will always find the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of the above articles at the Drug and Family Medicine Store of

JOSEPH BROWNE,
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Street.

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☞ FOR CONGRESS—

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Will be a candidate for the Congressional Nomination in the next Republican Convention for the Twenty-third District.

☞ FOR CONGRESS IN TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

THOS. M. BAYNE

Will be a candidate for Congress in the Twenty-third District, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

☞ FOR STATE SENATE, FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

MILES S. HUMPHREYS,

Subject to decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

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EDGEWORTH SCHOOL,
64 Mount Vernon Place,
BALTIMORE, Md.

THE TWELFTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES will Reopen On Thursday, 17th of September.

For Circulars apply to
Mrs. H. P. LEFEBORR,
TTHS PRINCIPAL.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Summer Resort.

"BELMONT"

Will be opened on the 1st OF JUNE for the reception of guests. Those desiring to spend the Summer months pleasantly can find no more favorable place. Apply to or address

T. W. SHOEMAKER,
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A Pointed Address.

Convinced that the system of long credits and extravagant prices (a feature inseparable from the old credit and loss system) was not sound, safe, or satisfactory to either customer or merchant, we have wholly discarded it, and inaugurated a reform which invites and, we believe, merits public confidence.

The Foundation Principle,
READY MONEY.

The goods bought and sold for Ready Money.
The very smallest rate of profit charged.
The lowest price marked in plain figures on each article, and no deviation allowed.
The customer free from payments of extra profits, necessary to credit business to cover losses.
Any article not approved is immediately exchanged, altered, or another made, and if these endeavors fail, or customer prefers, the money returned in full.
Orders from the city and country executed on this basis.

INSPECTION AND TRIAL SOLICITED ON THIS RECONSTRUCTED PLAN.

Patterns sent post free. Requests should give outline of kind and price preferred.
Our Stock is the largest in the city, both in Men's and Boys' Departments, as well as in piece goods for order work.

JOHN WANAMAKER & Co.
The One-Price, Ready Money
CLOTHING HOUSE
818 & 820 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

NOTICE!

All persons paying their State and County Taxes between now and the first day of July, will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.

SAM'L. KILGORE,
COUNTY TREASURER.

NOTICE.

The citizens of Allegheny are notified to be economical in the use of water. Owing to an accident the new works will not be running for some time, and as the [illegible] the city, if [illegible] running of fountains [illegible] be enforced [illegible] fire, and [illegible] may have [illegible]

WM. PAUL, Jr.,
Superintendent of Water Works.

STATIONERY!

Bankers, Manufacturers, Merchants, Etc
ENVELOPES.

All Styles, Sizes and Colors, neatly and quickly printed to order. LETTER PRESSES, LETTER BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS, all kinds; BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, CARDS, and SHIPPING TAGS. Special inducements to Printers, Merchants, and large consumers.

KERNS & HORNER,
Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers and Printers, corner Wood street and Liberty street, (New Transportation Bank Building),
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRY GOODS.

Shawl and Suit Room.

A. D. McKEE.

This Department now contains some very attractive goods in

Shawls,
Lace Jackets,
White Suits,
Black Alpaca Suits,
Linen Polonaise, &c.

59 Market Street.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY
BY
ORDERING YOUR CLOTHING
FROM
HENRY SMITH & SONS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
98 WYLIE AVENUE.

C. A. MUHLANBRING,
Draper and Fashionable Tailor,
Has Removed to No. 28 FIFTH AVENUE.
Second Floor, Entrance No. 26.

A very fine stock and elegant assortment of the latest **Spring Styles of Goods** Opened this week.

All orders promptly filled. Garments made in the most fashionable style, promptly and perfect in fit, and thoroughly made.

SPECIMEN PRICES—Scotch Pants, $8; American Cassimere Pants, $11; Foreign Cassimere Pants, $13; Black Doeskin, $16; Best Worsted Suits, $55. Other suits according to grade. Only one price. Strictly Cash.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOWEST PRICES.

NEW
Spring Goods
JUST OPENING,
At Very Low Prices.

SPRING PRINTS,

In Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, American. All the Best Makes and Newest Styles, at Prices Lower than they were ever sold.

Spring Chintzes,

In Percales, French Chintzes, Light and Dark Colored, Handsome Styles at Popular Prices.

LOW-PRICED DRESS GOODS,

The Choicest Assortment in this market, at prices from 12 1-2c to 25c per yard, some Really Good Bargains.

MEDIUM-PRICED DRESS GOODS

In Mohairs, Alpacas, Japs, Silk Warp Goods, Pure Mohair, DeBege, Empress Cloth, in New Spring Shades, Stripes, Grey Mixtures, Spring Plaids, from 25 to 50 cents, all at Prices Much Lower than they were ever sold.

New Goods Opening Every Day.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY,
AND
26 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

1874.
SPRING AND SUMMER
SILK, FUR AND WOOL
HATS,
Silk and Cloth Caps,
STRAW GOODS,
Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats,
AT
PALMER'S
Hat House
151 WOOD ST.

MARVIN'S
Spherical Burglar-Proof Safes.

These SAFES being made of Chrome Iron, and chilled in casting, cannot be drilled, and their shape renders them secure from the attack of any of the known means of breaking open a Safe.

FARMERS' DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK,
Pittsburgh, February 4, 1874.

Messrs. MARVIN & Co., Phila.:

Gentlemen—We have had the two Spherical Safes which you furnished us (Nos. 2) tested, and we take pleasure in informing you of the result. We had two experienced workmen from James Marshall & Co.'s foundry and machine shop with good sledges and drills, and the men pounded away on them, making a great deal more noise than any burglars would dare to make, and the result fully satisfied us that the safes could not be broken by sledges. [illegible] worked for an hour, and not succeeding in getting a drill fastened to work at the pin, we placed one of the safes between two brick walls, [illegible] could not make any impression on [illegible] secure when [illegible]

Very Respectfully,
F. L. STEPHENSON, Cashier.

Marvin's
SUPERIOR
Fire-Proof Safes,
THE BEST MADE AND AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

Call and examine and get Prices before buying.

W. A. McCLURG, Gen'l. Agent,
No. 63 WOOD STREET,
NEAR FOURTH AVENUE.

JOS. M. GAZZAM.......ALEX. G. COCHRAN.
GAZZAM & COCHRAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS
OFFICES:
94 DIAMOND ST., PITTSBURGH

Fairbank's Standard
Scales
Of all kinds. Be sure to buy only the genuine. Also Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawers, &c. Grocers' Fixtures. Scales Repaired Promptly.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
TTHS 48 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

DRY GOODS.

Fancy Goods
DEPARTMENT
REPLETE WITH
NEW GOODS!!

ANOTHER LARGE ARRIVAL
OF NEW STYLES
HATS AND BONNETS,
ALSO,
TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS.

Real and Imitation Hair Goods, of all kinds.
A great variety of Gros Grain and Watered Ribbons, all widths.
A beautiful stock of New Sash Ribbons, elegant styles.
Ladies' Silk Scarfs, large assortment.
A new and handsome stock of Flowers, Wreaths, Hat Ornaments, &c.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
Silk Umbrellas,

A Large Variety of Handles and all Qualities of Material.

Muslin Underwear, for Ladies, Misses and Children, all sizes and finest goods.
Infants' Robes and Dresses, Aprons, Waists, &c.

SPECIAL BARGAINS
IN THE ABOVE DEPARTMENT, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY

To Milliners and Dealers

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
Market Street,

WILL, DURING THIS WEEK, COMMENCING MAY 18th, BE IN DAILY RECEIPT OF EXTENSIVE LINES IN

STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,

Including All the Latest Novelties and Most Desirable Goods.

All other Departments of the House Fully Stocked with Everything in their Line during the past week.

Close Cash Trade are Invited to Examine Our Stock and Prices!

WHOLESALE ONLY!

MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS, &C.

MILLINERY
AND
STRAW GOODS!
THE PLACE TO BUY
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Trimmed or Untrimmed Hats,
Ribbons, Flowers, Laces,
EMBROIDERIES, FEATHERS,
OR ANY OTHER
MILLINERY GOODS,
IS AT
R. H. PALMER'S,
105 MARKET STREET.
TTHS

CARPETS.

NEW STYLES
CARPETINGS!
NOW ARRIVING.

Our Spring Stock now opening, comprising the Latest Novelties and Styles introduced at home or abroad, has been selected with special reference to this market, and merits the attention of all contemplating refurnishing.

Oliver McClintock & Company,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
Spring Stock!
New Styles,
Large Assortment,
All Grades,
Low Prices.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Oil Cloth, Window Shades, &c.
GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.

Also Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.

Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE, LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.

PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
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MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Fancy Open and Top Buggies,
DOCTORS' PHÆTONS,
BUCK WAGONS, &c.,
No. 89 Third Avenue.
PECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRING

NEW JEWELRY STORE.
T. P. BEDILION & CO.,
DEALERS IN
SOLID SILVER WARE,
American and Foreign Watches,
DIAMONDS, CHAINS, SETS OF JEWELRY, &c.,
NO. 75 SMITHFIELD STREET.
PECIALTY—REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES

TO DEALERS IN
Fruit Jars.

The undersigned caution the trade against worthless imitations of Porcelain-lined Fruit Jar Caps, now being offered in violation of an injunction granted by the Court of Common Pleas of this city. These goods are not marked with any imprint, the manufacturers thereof showing conclusive evidence thereby that they are fearful of prosecution. We specially request our customers and others dealing in porcelain-lined covered jars, to avoid being deceived by the offer of the aforesaid goods, and to inform us of the names of any parties offering them such goods. Genuine are marked "Boyd's Patent Porcelain Lined" on cover.

CONSOLIDATED FRUIT JAR CO.
New York City, May 14, 1874. MTH

DRY GOODS.

NEW SUMMER
Dress Goods.

LACE JACKETS!
AND
Shawls.

Ladies' Summer Suits.
SUMMER SHAWLS.

At $1 00, Real Silk French Poplins, in new and handsome colors, a splendid bargain.
At 25c, New and Choice Summer Poplins.
At 25c, an Extra Bargain in De Beges, choice shades.
At 25c, Fine Black Grenadines.
At 25c, Fine Alpacas, in choice Summer Colors.
New Black Grenadines, all qualities.
New Striped Grenadines.
New Lawns and Percales.
New Summer Silks.
New Japanese Silks.
New Linen Suitings.
Fine Black Mohair Alpacas.
New Pongees, Cashmeres, Poplins, &c.
Special Bargains in Black Silks.
New Mourning Dress Goods.

LADIES'
Suits, Shawls, Sacques, &c.,
MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.

Ladies' Summer Suits, in great variety.
Ladies' Alpaca Suits, nicely made.
New Lace Jackets, Shawls, &c.
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New Walking Jackets, Sacques, &c.

Latest Styles, Lowest Prices,
AT
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HOSIERY, GLOVES,
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HAVE OPENED A FULL LINE OF GENTS', LADIES', MISSES' AND BOYS' GAUZE MERINO VESTS.
Ladies' and Misses' Brown and White BALBRIGGAN HOSE.
WHITE COTTON HOSE.
FANCY STRIPED HOSE, English and French.
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CHOSSON KID GLOVES,
1, 2 and 3 Buttons, all shades.
LISLE THREAD AND COTTON GLOVES,
1, 2 and 3 Buttons.
Gents' Hemmed and Hemmed Stitched LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, our own importation.

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

MEDICAL.

SPEEDILY CURED!

ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Nervous Diseases at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Syphilis, Gonnorhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia and all urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness or Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicines supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.

Patients treated by mail or express, but when possible it is best to visit the city for personal consultation, or address

GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
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DR. WHITTIER, 296 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., continues to treat with his usual great success, all Private Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture (all forms) consisting of skin erruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Office hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 to 1 P. M. "True Marriage Guide," 260 pages, fine illustrations. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Dr. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to Marriage Removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. TTHS

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 7 P. M.

ROGERS'
FINE PLEASURE CARRIAGES,
Light Buggies,
ROAD AND TRACK SULKIES,
THE ACKNOWLEDGED HIGHEST STANDARD.
Communications of inquiry promptly answered.
Wm. D. Rogers & Co.,
1009 and 1010 Chesnut Street,
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I. W. GRUBBS,
Wholesale Dealer in
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Special attention given to the supply of ROLLING MILLS, BY RIVER, IN FLATS.

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Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.
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Hill's Pony Lawn Mowers.

STRAWBERRY BASKETS AND CRATES.

SCOBIE, REED & SMITH,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS,
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PRICES LOW
Some Good Bargains.

At 6¼c, Good Styles Dark Calicos.
At 8c, some of the best Calicos, new styles.
At 8c, Good Yard-wide Bleached Muslin.

AT 10 CENTS,
Fine Undressed Bleached Muslins.

At 10c, a Good Bargain in Linen Crash.
At 12½c, Extra Fine and Heavy Bleached Muslins.
At 12½c, Good Value in Towels and Towelings.
At 15c, a Very Large Damask Towel, an Extra Bargain.

AT 12½ CENTS,
HEMP STAIR CARPETS!

NEW STYLES IN
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Furniture Chintzes, Glazed and Plain.
Ticks, Ginghams, Cheviots, &c.
Our usual Good Bargains in Shirting, Pillow Case and Sheeting Muslins, Bleached and Unbleached, every desirable width.
An Attractive Stock of Table Linens and Table Damasks, at Attractive Prices.
Toilet Quilts, a full line at low prices.

A COMPLETE AND FULL STOCK OF
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Mosquito Nettings, all colors.
NEW GOODS DAILY
Good Bargains at All Times,
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Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
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87 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
CAPITAL, $250,000.
ASSETS, $371,679 07. JANUARY 1, 1874.

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Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1843.
CAPITAL - $225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
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Monongahela Insurance Co.,
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Cash Capital, $175,000

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
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Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 131 Smithfield street, second door fro City Hall.

WM. BAGALEY..........President.
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Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.

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"OLD RELIABLE"
Franklin Fire Ins. Co., of Philad'a,
ORGANIZED 1829.
CASH ASSETS . . . . $3,500,000.
COFFIN, KELLOG & CO., Agents,
Corner Third avenue and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
TTHS

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER
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FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 27, 1874.

he local money market continues with little animation, the banks are usually plied with funds, and some of them are ounting freely. In the process of liquion now going on there is a grand siftout of the better class of commercial er. Most of that offering being renewin some form or other, very little new a fide commercial paper is now making. -day we have the first official record of s of Allegheny Valley 7-30 bonds since break; in Philadelphia there were s reported at 77, which is two per cent. er than the bids of yesterday.

he paper of the road still continues to o protest and the managers are doing r best to get the leading creditors to proceedings already commenced, givas a reason that if forbearance is shown creditors will be more likely to be proed than if they push matters to an exnity. The holders of indorsed paper satisfied that there can be no losses to m and are therefore quiet.

he effects of these complications are in a general feeling of distrust and aphension. The slow growing plant of fidence which was making some pross is again checked as by a blighting t.

Ve have reported sales of Pennsylvania lroad stock at 48½; scrip 100½; Reading lroad 56½; United Railway Companies New Jersey stock is 123 bid and 124 ed; sales of Oil Creek are reported at 6; igh Valley is 60⅞ bid and 61 asked; tral Transportation is 42¼ bid and 43 ed; of Empire Transportation there are reports.

-Merchants and directors who have mercial paper maturing on Saturday or day next, should remember that they st pay such obligations on Friday, as banks will be closed on Saturday, the —Decoration Day—the late Legislature ing added this to the list of legal holis.

ay-rolls for Saturday settlements should be attended to on Friday.

-The Treasury Department has furhed the following statements, illustrat the effect of the changes in the reserve ulations of the national banks, proposed he Sherman substitute for the House rency bill, now under consideration in gress. The estimates are based upon cial returns of the banks bearing the arate dates of September 12, 1873, and bruary 27, 1874, and therefore repret what would be the operation of the posed changes under two directly oppo conditions of the money market—one extreme stringency and the other of exme ease.

omparison of amount of reserve required to eld by National banks under existing law, l by Mr. Sherman's substitute for House bill, mated upon bank returns of September 12,

COUNTRY BANKS.

existing law—
er ct. on..$233,250,000 Cir. $13,995,000
er ct. on..298,405,000 Dep. 17,904,300—$31,899,300
Sherman's bill—
er ct. on..$233,250,000 Cir. $11,662,500
per ct. on..298,405,500 Dep. 44,760,750—$56,423,250

ncrease by Sherman's bill..........$24,523,950

REDEMPTION CITY BANKS.

By existing law—
p. c. on $76,361,000 Cir. $9,545,125
p. c. on 192,804,000 Dep. 24,100,500—$33,645,625
y Sherman's bill—
p. c. on $76,361,000 Cir. $3,818,050
p. c. on 192,804,000 Dep. 48,201,000—$52,019,050

ncrease by Sherman's bill..........$18,373,425

otal increase for city and country
anks—drawn from New York......$42,897,375

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.

existing law—
p. c. on $27,482,000 Cir. $6,870,500
p. c. on 173,592,600 Dep. 43,398,150—$50,268,650
Sherman's bill—
p. c. on $27,482,000 Cir. $1,374,100
p. c. on* 130,695,225 Dep. 32,673,806—$34,047,906

Decreased reserve in N. Y. city......$16,220,744

otal increase required in all banks..$26,676,631

*The deposits in New York city are necessar assumed to be reduced under the Sherman ll to the extent of the withdrawals by city d country banks, as shown above, viz., from 73,592,600 to $130,695,225.

omparison of amount required to be held by National Banks under existing law, and by Mr. Sherman's substitute for House bill, estimated upon bank returns of February 27, 1874.

COUNTRY BANKS.

By existing law—
per ct on..$234,674,573 Cir. $14,080,474
per ct on.. 272,673,299 Dep. 16,360,398—$30,440,872
By Sherman's bill—
per ct on..$234,674,579 Cir. $11,733,730
per ct on.. 272,673,299 Dep. 40,900,994—$52,634,724

Increase by Sherman's bill..........$22,193,852

REDEMPTION CITY BANKS.

By existing law—
½ per ct. on $75,903,869 Cir. $9,487,983
½ per ct. on 200,480,031 Dep. 25,060,004—$31,547,987
By Sherman's bill—
per ct. on. $75,903,869 Cir. $3,795,193
per ct. on. 200,480,031 Dep. 50,120,008—$53,915,201

ncrease by Sherman's bill..........$19,367,214

Total increase for city and country
banks—drawn from New York...$41,561,066

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.

By existing laws—
5 per ct. on. $27,085,342 Cir. $6,771,336
5 per ct. on. 210,002,826 Dep. 52,500,706—$59,272,042
By Sherman's bill—
5 per ct. on. $27,085,342 Cir. $1,354,267
5 per ct. on* 168,441,760 Dep. 42,110,440—$43,464,707

Decreased reserve in New York city..$15,807,335

Total increase required in *all* banks.$25,753,731

*The deposits in New York city are necessari y assumed to be reduced under the Sherman ill to the extent of the withdrawals by city nd country banks, as shown above, viz., from 210,002,826 to $168,441,760.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, government bonds, railway stocks, tc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the St. Clair Banking Company, No. 16 Sixth street:

May 27, 1874.	10:30 A. M	11:30 A. M	12:30 P. M	1:30 P. M	2:30 P. M
Gold	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜	112¼
U. S. 6's, 1881	120⅞	120⅞	....	....	....
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	122	121⅞	....	....	....
5-20's, 1862	115⅝	115⅝	....	....	....
5-20's, 1864	117¼	117¼	....	....	....
5-20's, 1865	118¼	118¼	....	....	....
5-20's, 1865, new	120	120	....	....	....
5-20's, 1867	120¾	120¾	....	....	....
5-20's, 1868	120½	120½	....	....	....
10-40's	115	115	....	....	....
10-40's, coupons	115	115	....	....	....
Currency 6's	117¼	117⅛	....	....	....
New 5 per cents	115½	115	....	....	....
Registered 1867	119⅞	119⅞	....	....	....
Western Union Tel.	71⅞	72⅛	72½	....	72⅛
Pacific Mail	41⅞	....	42⅜	42⅜	42¼
Adams Express	105¾	....	....	106¼	....
Wells-Fargo Express	75	....	....	76	....
American Express	61¾	....	....	62	....
United States Express	66½	....	....	67	....
New York Central	....	....	98⅛	....	97⅞
Erie	35	....	....	....	....
Michigan Central	76½	....	....	75	....
Michigan Southern	75½	75¾	75½	75⅝	74⅞
Illinois Central	....	....	....	97	....
Chicago & Northw'n	41	41	40⅞	40¾	40½
Do. preferred	58	....	....	59	57
Rock Island	96¾	97¼	....	97	96⅞
St. Paul, common	35⅝	....	....	....	33¾
Do. preferred	....	....	....	53	53¾
Wabash, common	37	37⅛	36⅞	37⅛	36⅞
Fort Wayne	93½	....	....	93⅞	....
Ohio & Mississippi	24	....	....	24	....
Union Pacific	27⅞	27¼	27⅞	27¾	....
Chicago & Alton	102¼	....	....	102¾	....
Harlem	128¼	....	....	129⅝	....
Hannibal and St. Jo	25½	....	....	....	....
C. C. & I. C.	19⅝	....	....	....	19
Tenn. State bonds, old	....	82½	....	....	....
Do. new	....	82½	....	....	....
South Carolina, July	....	8	....	....	....
Missouri 6's	....	97	....	....	....

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1874.

REMARKS—As stated in our report of yesterday, the receipts of cattle are light and the market slow and draggy for all grades except such as are deemed fit for rural butchers, they preferring light fat steers and heifers.

Up to a late hour this afternoon only four car loads of cattle had been purchased for the Philadelphia market, and none for New York. The balance of the sales were made to country butchers and local dealers.

RECEIPTS OF STOCK.

As a matter of reference we give the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep for the past week, commencing with last Thursday and closing this (Wednesday) evening:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thursday	1,496	5,950	1,100
Friday	2,341	15,400	250
Saturday	662	613	1,400
Sunday	765	5,940	400
Monday	748	2,625	1,000
Tuesday	459	3,150	4,000
Wednesday	7,304	1,225	6,800
Total this week	6,667	38,725	14,000
Total last week	7,610	31,500	13,800

The sales of cattle in this market, all told, for the past week footed up only 1,078 head, four car loads of which were shipped to Philadelphia and none to other eastern markets. The remainder was taken by local dealers.

The trouble with the cattle market is not in the excess of the stock offered—for it is light in comparison with other weeks—but to the difference between the views of holders and buyers, the latter alleging that they cannot and *will* not pay the rates asked, and the former seemingly determined to make no concessions. So the matter stood when we left the yards. What to-morrow may bring forth we know not.

It will be seen that the run of hogs this week exceeds that of last week, whilst that of cattle and sheep is about the same. We annex a few sales made to-day, which will serve to show the state of the market:

Cattle.

No.	Weight.	Price.	No.	Weight.	Price.
44	119,560	$6 15	51	49,520	$6 12
17	20,280	6 40	16	22,790	6 75
12	14,850	6 60	16	17,190	6 00

Hogs.

No.	Weight.	Price.	No.	Weight.	Price.
70	12,170	$6 00	33	5,730	$5 25
117	21,340	6 10	120	26,440	6 00
28	4,890	5 75	61	7,720	5 25

Sheep.

No.	Weight.	Price.	No.	Weight.	Price.
220	19,250	$6 25	251	19,790	$5 85
228	12,300	5 85	91	8,900	5 80
187	15,970	5 00	40	3,560	5 75

Iron Movement at St. Louis.

The following were the receipts and shipments for the week ending Saturday, May 23, 1874:

Routes.	Receipts. Tons. Ore.	Pig.	Shipments. Tons. Ore.	Pig.
St. L. and I. M. R. W.	3,650	400	....	....
A. & P. R. W., to St. Louis	....	440	....	....
A. & P. R. W., to Carondelet	2,630	....	....	....
St. L., K. C. and N. R. W.	....	....	....	50
C., A. and St. L. R. W.	....	....	....	220
St. L., V., T. H. & I. R. W.	....	....	60	100
St. L., T. H. and I. R. W.	....	....	10	120
O. and M. R. W.	....	50	300	....
St. L. B and S R W	....	....	....	10
Total tons	6,280	890	370	500
Week previous	6,310	1,029	650	400
Lead by A. and P. R. W.	470	Last week		210
Zinc by A. and P. R. W.	470	Last week		550
Blooms by A. and P. R. W.	30	Last week		....

—*Republican.*

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1874.

The general state of trade to-day was not materially changed from that heretofore reported. Groceries and commission houses are still doing an active trade, while the demand for flour has improved under the reduction of a day or two ago, and is now fairly active. There is still a remarkable dullness in the grain market, enlivened slightly by the steadiness and improved activity in oats. Mill feed is also dull and lower, and pork houses report a slight falling off to-day in the bacon and provision trade.

There are several noticeable changes in quotations. The warm weather has brought about a sharp decline in the prices of butter which is now offered freely at a decline of 3@5c ₩ pound from the prices ruling on Monday. The market for potatoes has also experienced a break, and prices rule about 10c ₩ bushel lower than the highest rates at the opening of the week. Cheese continues at former quotations,—perhaps a shade lower—but well informed parties are looking for a decline. In grain there is a falling off in corn, while prices are steady for oats, and weak for wheat. We note a sharp decline in bran which is freely offered at $1 15@1 20 with buyers holding off.

The following are the receipts of the leading articles of produce by rail and river since our last:

Flour, bbls	1,381	Apples, bbls	30
Cheese, bxs	73	Corn, sks	967
Wheat, sks	1,360	Barley, sks	110
Oats, sks	6,463	Butter, pkgs	30
Bacon, tcs	83	Potatoes, bus	1,125

The following are the receipts of the leading articles of produce, by rail and river, during the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.	Total.
Flour, bbls	9,627	8,712	18,339
Apples, bbls	593	279	872
Cheese, bxs	661	1,147	1,808
Corn, sks	9,238	10,150	19,488
Wheat, sks	5,380	5,260	10,646
Barley, sks	430	397	827
Rye, sks	170	220	390
Oats, sks	8,994	16,825	25,815
Butter, pkgs	200	201	401
Bacon, pcs	7,910	....	7,910
Bacon, tcs	1,127	464	1,591

The following quotations are for wholesale transactions unless otherwise specified. On small lots an advance is charged:

APPLES—The supply is rather light, but the demand is also weak, and what apples are in market find a slow sale at $5 00@6 00 for choice; common $3 00@4 00 ₩ bbl.

APPLE BUTTER—Prime 80c ₩ gal; fair to good 60@70c.

ASHES—Dull trade and light demand. Soda ashes, refined 4¼@4¾c; common 3¾@4c; black lead 5c; arsenic 5c; potash 9c; pearls 10c.

ALES—X $9 00 ₩ bbl; XX $10 00 ₩ bbl; India ale $11 00 ₩ bbl; Bass' English ale, in kilderkins of 22 gals, $22 70@23 24; bbls, 41 gals, $42 25@42 75; hhds, 68 gals, $62 50@65 00; in cases, 4 doz bottles, $20 75. Wm. Younger's India pale ale, in cases of 8 doz bottles, $3 00 ₩ doz; Robert Younger's sparkling ale, $3 00 ₩ doz; Guinness' stouts, bottled by A. Burke, $3 00 ₩ doz; Cantrell & Coobrane's ginger ale, $2 25 ₩ doz; Caswell, Hazard & Co.'s ginger ale, $1 75 ₩ doz.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Trade was rather light to-day, having been very good previously during the week. Quotations are as follows: Canvassed hams ₩ ℔, 14c; shoulders, canvassed, ₩ ℔, 9¾c; breakfast bacon, canvassed, ₩ ℔, 13c; dried beef, canvassed, 17c; beef tongues, do, ₩ doz, $7 00; bacon shoulders, ₩ ℔, 8½c; rib sides, do, 10½c; short rib sides, do, 11½c; clear sides, do, 11¾c; mess pork, ₩ bbl, $19 50; prime leaf lard, in tierces, ₩ ℔, 12½c; refined for summer use, in tierces, do, 12½c; ½ bbls, do, 13c; buckets, do, 13½c; in 3 ℔ caddies, do, 14c; in 5 ℔ caddies, do, 13¾c; in 3 ℔ pails, do, 15c; in 5 ℔ pails, do, 14½c; in 6 ℔ pails, do, 14¼c; ham sausage, ₩ ℔, 10c; lard oil, extra winter strained, ₩ gallon, 93c; summer 89@90c.

BUTTER—Under the influence of the warm weather, butter has fallen off, and is now 3@5c lower. Choice roll still has a fair sale at 25@27c ₩ ℔, with a few sales of extra lots at 30c; solid packed meets with little favor from buyers, at 20@25c, and some dealers are reshipping their stock to the East. Common to good rules about 16@20c.

BEANS—Prime white navy beans are quoted at $2 35@2 40; fair to good $2 00@2 25; choice $2 50@2 75.

BROOMS—We quote as follows: Common $1 75@2 00 ₩ doz; medium $2 25@2 50; good $2 75@3 25; choice $3 50@3 75; extra $4 00; carpet brooms $4 00@4 25; whisks $1 50@1 75 ₩ doz.

BAKING POWDER—Sales as follows: ¼-℔ cans $1 50 per doz; ½-℔ cans, $3 00; 1-℔ cans $5 50; 5-℔ cans $27 00; 10-℔ boxes 40c ₩ ℔.

CANNED GOODS—The market is reported tolerably active. Fruits in syrups—2½ ℔s, California apricots, ₩ dozen dried fruits, trade in canned goods has $5 00; 2 ℔ blackberries, $2 10; 2 ℔ Winslow's blueberries, $2 50; 2 ℔s red cherries, $2 75; 2 ℔s grapes, $2 10; 2 ℔s gooseberries, $2 10; 2 ℔s green gages, $3 50; 2 ℔s egg plums, $3 50; 2 ℔s damson plums, $2 10; 3 ℔s peaches, $3 25; 2 ℔s peaches, $2 35; 3 ℔s pie peaches, $2 25; 2 ℔s California bartlett pears, $5 00; 2 ℔s Bartlett pears, $2 75; 2 ℔s pears, $2 25; 2 ℔s pine apple, $2 25; 2 ℔s orange quinces, $3 25; 2 ℔s raspberries, $3 00; 2 ℔s strawberries, $2 50. Vegetables—3 ℔s triumph asparagus, ₩ doz, $4 50; 2 ℔s lima beans, $2 60; 2 ℔s string beans, $1 80; 2 ℔s Winslow's green corn, $2 65; 2 ℔s Yarmouth sugar corn, $2 65; 2 ℔s Baltimore corn, $2 00; 3 ℔s golden pumpkin, $2 35; 2 ℔s marrowfat green peas, $2 60; 2 ℔s green peas, $2 00; 3 ℔s tomatoes $2 25; 2 ℔s Baltimore tomatoes, $1 75. Oyster, salmon, mackerel oyster and clams. 1 ℔ Winslow's lobsters, ₩ dozen, $2 60; 2 ℔s Winslow's lobsters, $3 60; 1 ℔ California fresh salmon, $3 25; 2 ℔s California fresh salmon, $4 50; 1 ℔ Winslow's spiced salmon, $3 50; 2 ℔s Winslow's spiced salmon, $6 50; 2 ℔s Winslow's fresh mackerel, $4 50; 1 ℔ cove oysters, full, $1 20; 2 ℔s cove oysters, full, $2 00; 1 ℔ cove oysters, light, 90c; 2 ℔s cove oysters, light, $1 65; 1 ℔ spiced oysters, lunch, $1 75; 2 ℔s spiced oysters, lunch, $2 75; 1 ℔ cherry stone clams, $2 50; 2 ℔s cherry stone clams, $3 50.

CARBON OIL—The market is rather dull and in buyer's favor at 11½@11¾c in car lots at works; from store at the usual advance.

COTTON GOODS—Penn Mill A No. 1, 4-4 sheeting at 11c; Nanatook 10½c; Pittsburgh family 10c; Juniata B, fine, 9½c; Penn Mill 2 bus bags 35c; do 2½, 42c; white cotton chain 31c; do colored 38c; cotton batting 16c; cotton twine 31c.

COUNTRY BACON—Market active, and firm; hams 10@11c ₩ ℔; clear sides 10@12½c; ribbed sides 8½@9c; shoulders 7@7½c. Country lard 9@10c as to quality.

CHEESE—The market is steady at former rates—perhaps a shade lower—with an active demand and receipts free. Although there is some talk of a decline, there are few indications as yet of its taking place. We quote Ohio Factory at 15c ₩ ℔ with sales in a jobbing way at 16c; Western Reserve Dairy 12@13c; Sweitzer 16c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Quotations are given at $7 50@8 00.

CRACKERS—Lemon biscuit at 11½c; ginger snaps 12½c; oyster crackers 7c; soda crackers 7c; sugar crackers 9½c; butter crackers 7c; water crackers 7c ₩ ℔.

CRANBERRIES—Are quoted at $18 00@20 00 ₩ barrel.

CEMENT—Louisville hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ₩ bbl; Phœnix hydrulic cement $2 00@2 25 ₩ bbl; Rosedale cement $3 50@4 00; Youghiogheny $1 95@2 00.

DRIED SWEET CORN—Quotations are given at 10c ₩ ℔.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, choice new are quoted at 11@12c ₩ ℔; choice peaches 13c ₩ ℔; mixed 7@10c; blackberries, choice, 22c.

EGGS—The market is steady at 15@16c ₩ doz., with strictly fresh meeting with a ready sale.

FEATHERS—Are quoted as follows: No. 1 ₩ ℔, 73c; No 2 ₩ ℔ 60c.

FISH—Market very dull. Sales No. 1 extra mess mackerel, $31 00 ₩ bbl; No. 1 mess do, $29 00; extra No. 1 shore mackerel $23 00; extra No. 1 bay mackerel $19 00; No. 1 bay mackerel $18 00; extra No. 2 mackerel $17 50; No. 2 bay mackerel are held at $16 00 ₩ bbl. New No. 3 mackerel $14 25. Georges codfish $8 00@8 50 ₩ 100; medium do $5 00; Lake trout $7 50; white fish $7 50; Lake herring $5 00 ₩ bbl; Potomac herring, bbls $6 75; hlf bbls $3 63; Potomac shad, hf bbls $7 00; Burlington herring, sugar-cured, 50 in a box, $1 75. On half bbls 32c for extra packing is charged.

FLOUR—The flour market is fairly active, having recovered activity after the reduction on winter wheat flour, on Monday. Receipts continue quite liberal. We quote as follows; St. Louis $9 00@9 25 ₩ bbl; choice winter wheat $7 75@8 00; Minnesota spring wheat $7 25@7 50; Wisconsin $7 00@7 25; red winter wheat $7 25@7 75 ₩ bbl. Rye flour firm at $6 00 ₩ bbl.

GROCERIES—There is an active trade in groceries reported, with every indication of its continuance. Prices are unchanged with a little tendency toward an easier feeling in standard sugars, but no quotable change. Quotations are as follows:

Green Coffees—Fancy 27c; choice 26c; prime 25c; good 24c; Java 33c ₩ ℔.

Roasted Coffees—Roasted Rio coffee, in papers, is now at 28c; loose 27½c. Roasted Java 40c ₩ ℔.

Sugars—Refined sugars are firm: Standard extra C, 9¾c; Standard B, 10c; Standard A, 10½c; Standard hards, 10⅝c; Franklin No. 2, extra, 8¾; American extra C, 8½c.

Tea—Young Hyson 50c@$1 10 ₩ ℔; Gunpowder 50c@1 25 ₩ ℔; Imperial 50c@$1 00 ₩ ℔; Japan 55c @ $1 00 ₩ ℔; Oolong 25@85c ₩ ℔; fancy $1 00 ₩ ℔; Souchong 25@85c ₩ ℔.

Molasses—Strictly prime New Orleans 85c; choice 88c.

Syrups—Extra white drips 75c; sugar drips 65c; lower grades 45@50c, as to quality.

Rice—Choice Carolina 9@9½c; Patna 8@8¼c; Rangoon 8c.

Raisins—Layers $3 25 ₩ box; valentias 13@14c ₩ ℔; currants 7½@8c ₩ ℔; prunes 13½@14c ₩ ℔.

GRAIN—The general dullness heretore noticed in the grain market continues, with perhaps a little more activity in oats. Wheat is dull and rules at $1 45@1 50 ₩ bushel for red winter, with free offerings, and no buyers at the latter figure. We hear of no transactions. Corn is a little off, and shows a downward tendency. We quote shelled at 78@80c on track, and ear at 81@83c ₩ bushel. Oats are steady with a little more activity at 62½@63c ₩ bushel for prime white and 61@61½c for mixed. Rye is nominal at $1 00@1 05. Barley is dull and sales are few of choice lots at $1 50@1 60 ₩ bush; buyers will not touch common or inferior grades. We note sales in car lots as follows:

7 cars shelled corn, on track..........78 c
4 cars western oats, on track..........61@62½c
1 car white oats, buyer to furnish bags....62 c
1 car mixed oats, on track..........61 c
1 car light mixed oats, on track..........61 c

The sales of grain in car lots for the week ending May 27th are as follows:

	Cars.		Cars.
Corn	17	Oats	26
Wheat	9		
Total			52

The receipts of grain from May 1st to date are as follows:

	Bushels.		Bushels.
Corn	69,760	Rye	2,840
Wheat	45,605	Oats	138,012
Barley	7,682		
Total grain receipts for month			263,899

HOPS—Trade is very dull, with the market ruling at about 25@35c ₩ ℔ for growth of 1872; old stock 10@15c.

HAY AND STRAW—The market is tolerably firm and fairly active at $29 00@30 00 for baled hay from store; on wharf $26 00@27 00, with free offerings. There is no prime timothy baled in market here. Wagon hay was in good supply on the Allegheny hay market and sold freely at $30 00@33 00 for No. 1 timothy; No. 2, $27 00@29 00; common to good $22 00@25 00. Straw in the Allegheny market ranged from $16 00 to $20 00.

HONEY—Clover 35c ₩ ℔; buckwheat blossom 25c.

HOMINY—Sales at $4 75@5 25 ₩ bbl.

LARD OIL—Market firm and higher: No. 1 winter strained 92@93c ₩ gall; summer 89@90c; No. 2, 70@75c.

MILL FEED—Market dull; we note a decline in bran to $1 15@1 20, with free offerings at these rates. Middlings $1 40@1 50; oil meal $1 90@2 00.

ONIONS—Bermudas, $4 00@4 25 ₩ box.

PAPERS—Baling papers 4@8c ₩ ℔, as to quality; Manilla 7@12c; hardware papers 6@12c; bag wrapping 4½@4¾c; felt papers 4@4½c; straw news 40@11c; rag news 12½@13c; book papers 15@18c ₩ ℔.

POTATOES—The market for potatoes experienced a downward movement yesterday and to-day. Prime peachblows are now selling at $1 60@1 65 ₩ bushel from store, and $1 50@1 55 on track; mixed $1 35@1 45, as to quality. New potatoes $4 50@6 00 ₩ bbl.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH—Sales made at $6 00 ₩ gross.

RAGS—Cotton at 3c ₩ ℔ and woolen at ¼c.

SAPOLIO—Cases of 6 dozen, $6 00; hand sapolio, cases of 6 dozen, $5 00.

SEEDS—Clover scarce at $6 75@7 00; timothy $3 00@3 25; flaxseed $2 10@2 20. Sales in a small way of orchard grass $1 00@1 50; blue grass $3 50; herd grass $2 00.

SALT—Car lots, ₩ bbl, $1 60; jobbing lots $1 80@1 85.

STRAWBERRIES—Are in good supply, and sell readily at 25@30c ₩ quart wholesale.

TURNIPS—Sales at $1 25@1 50 ₩ bbl.

TALLOW—Sales at 7c ₩ ℔ for prime and 6¼c for medium. Demand good and market firm.

WHISKY—We quote highwines at $1 00@1 01¼ ₩ gallon. The market is quiet and steady.

WOOL—Quotations nominally as follows: Fleece, washed, 40@43c ₩ ℔; tub washed 43c; unwashed 28c.

VEGETABLES—New onions 50c ₩ doz. Radishes 40c ₩ doz. New cabbage $2 50@2 75 ₩ bbl. New peas $4 50@5 00 ₩ bbl.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
THURSDAY, May 28, 1874.

REMARKS—The oil market continues dull, and there is little done either in the crude or refined markets. Transactions are limited at all points, and the demand seems to be weak and fitful. In the present unsatisfactory condition of the market, there is little to be said in the way of comments on the oil trade, except to give the ruling prices, and to hope for a speedy revival of a more active trade.

CRUDE.

The market is quiet and dull. United and Union are quoted at $1 35@1 40 ₩ bbl; other lines $1 25@1 30. Sales are reported as follows from

PARKER'S.

3,000 bbls Union..........$1 35
2,500 bbls United..........$1 40

SMITH FERRY OIL

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Sales at Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad station, at $1 15 ₩ bbl; 73c at wells. Market quiet.

REFINED.

The demand for refined both for home and export supply is quite light. Quotations are unchanged at 11¼@11½c f. o. b. cars at works.

Philadelphia—The market is quiet at 13¾c for Spot; June 13½c; July to September 14¼c.

New York—The market is dull, with refined quoted at 13½@13¾c ₩ gall.

OIL BARRELS

quiet; city $1 65; country $1 60.

TITUSVILLE, May 27.—The *Herald* says: The petroleum markets were quiet and steady. On the upper road the market closed firmer at $1 47½@1 50@1 52½. At Parker's the market was at $1 40@1 42½ for United and $1 35 for Union. The home refined market was at 6½@7c in bulk, and 10½@11c in barrels. Sales:

1,000 bbls, upper road, spot..........$1 47½
1,000 bbls, upper road, spot..........1 50
1,000 bbls, upper road, spot..........1 52½
3,000 bbls, Parker's, Union..........1 35
2,500 bbls, Parker's, United..........1 40

NEW YORK, May 27, closing 26.—The market was dull. Crude in bulk 5⅝@5¾c. Refined 13½@13⅝c. Cases 18½@19c. Naphtha 8c. Philadelphia delivery quiet and more in buyers' favor; refined 13⅝c.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—The market is quiet; standard white 13¾c; crude 5½c; cases 18c; sales none; futures: June 13½c; July to September 14¼c.

TIDIOUTE, May 27.—The market is unchanged at $1 17½ at wells.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, May 27.—The market is dull at $1 35@1 40; nothing doing.

ROUSEVILLE, May 27.—The market is quiet and crude is held at $1 30@1 35.

OIL CITY, May 27.—The market is quiet at $1 50.

TITUSVILLE, May 27.—The market is very quiet; quotations are $1 47@1 50.

PARKER'S, May 27.—The market is dull: Union is quoted at $1 30; United $1 40; immediate shipment $1 25@1 30.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Stevenson	Eagle O W	462
Stevenson	Peerless O W	468
Stevenson	Radiant O W	475
Wormser, M & Co.	Petrolite O W	394
Bradley & Co.	Vesta O W	240
Bradley & Co.	Cosmos O W	308
Bradley & Co.	Star O W	240
Duncan	Penn O W	475
Duncan	Riverside O W	80
Fisher Bros	Fairview O W	397
Fisher Bros	Loomis & Co.	80

Crude Oil Received by River and Rail.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Eagle O W	462	Star O W	240
Peerless O W	468	Penn O W	475
Radiant O W	475	Riverside O W	80
Petrolite O W	394	Fairview O W	397
Vesta O W	240	Loomis & Co.	80
Cosmos O W	308		
Total			3,619

Refined Oil Shipped East by W. P. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
E J Waring & Co.	Waring Bros. Phila	2,111
Elkins, Bly & Co.	Waring Bros. Phila	800
Total		2,911

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 27, 1874.

FLOUR—Dull on some grades.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and unsettled; No. 1 spring $1 21½@1 22; No. 2, $1 17¾@1 17¾; No. 3, $1 14@1 14¼; rejected $1 04½. Corn active and unsettled; No. 2 mixed 56¼@56½c, June; high mixed 59c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2, 43½@45c cash; 43½c seller June. Rye dull and nominal; No. 1, 96c. Barley dull and unsettled; No. 1, $1 50.

PROVISIONS—Pork—Demand fair and market firm; $17 15@17 20 cash; $17 37½ seller July. Lard quiet; 10⅞c cash, seller June; 10⅝c seller July. Bulk meats steady and in moderate demand; shoulders, loose, sold at 6½c; short rib middles, seller June, loose, 9½c.

WHISKY—Steady and in moderate demand at 94½c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Cotton dull and easier and unchanged. Flour in fair demand and prices unchanged. Wheat dull and easier; No. 2 Chicago 45@46½c; No. 2 Milwaukee 45@48c. Rye unsettled at $1 02½. Barley dull and declining. Malt quiet and heavy. Corn heavy and lower; new and old western mixed 8.@84c; western mixed, first half June 80c. Oats—mixed western 60@61½c. Coffee dull at 16¾@18½c. Sugar steady at 7⅝@7¾c. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice quiet and steady. Crude petroleum 5¾@5⅞c; refined 13½@13⅝c. Tallow firm at 7¼@7⅜c. Turpentine firm at 39c for spirits. Eggs firm at 14@15c. Wool quiet. Pork lower at $17 70. Beef quiet. Butter unchanged. Cheese steady; common to prime 10@15½c. Whisky quiet at 98c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 27.—Cotton quiet at 17½c. Flour dull; family $6 00@6 35. Wheat dull at $1 25. Corn dull at 68@70c. Oats dull at 49@56c. Rye steady at $1 15@1 16. Barley dull and unchanged. Butter firm; choice 23@25c. Pork steady and in moderate demand at $17 75. Lard steady; steam nominally at 11c; kettle 11¾@11⅞c. Bulk meats dull but unchanged. Bacon quiet; jobbing sales at 7½@10@10½c. Whisky opened at 94c, closed strong at 93c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The dry goods business has improved to-day with commission houses, and there was rather a freer jobbing movement. Cotton goods steady at unchanged prices. Light prints are selling freely at the reduced prices. There was a very successful auction sale of 6,500 pieces of heavy woolens today and bidding was spirited throughout.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—Butter steady; choice Western 25@27c. Eggs 16@17c. Oats dull at 62½@69c. Petroleum steady; crude 9½c; refined 13⅝c. Flour dull; Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $6 25@7 25. Wheat unsettled at $1 45@1 55. Rye steady at 98c. Corn weak; yellow 85@86c; mixed 84c. Whisky quiet; Western 99c@$1 00.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, May 27.—Flour steady and in moderate demand. Wheat a shade lower and closing firmer; No. 3 white Wabash $1 23½; No 1 white Michigan $1 45; amber $1 35; No. 2 red $1 33½. Corn dull and unsettled; high mixed 64c; low mixed 64c; no grade 61½c; damaged 60c. Oats steady and in moderate demand; No. 1, 55c; Michigan 53½c.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, May 27.—Flour quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat dull and heavy. Corn weak and lower at 80@82c. Oats dull and unchanged. Rye firm at $1 10. Pork $18 00. Bacon easy; shoulders 7½@7¾c; clear rib 10½@10¾c. Lard—refined 12c. Butter lower; prime to choice 25@27c. Coffee dull and unchanged. Whisky scarce at $1 00.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, May 27.—Cotton dull at 17½c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull at $1 30. Corn dull at 81@85c. Oats quiet at 62@65c. Rye $1 15. Pork $18 25. Bacon—shoulders 7⅝c; sides 10¼a10½c. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 6¾c; sides 9¼@9½c. Sugar cured hams 13½c. Lard 12¼@12½c. Whisky 95c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, May 27.—Cotton in good demand at 17½c. Flour dull at $4 25@6 00. Wheat dull; No. 2 red $1 40@1 45. Corn firmer at 58@60c. Barley and rye no market. Whisky dull at 95c. Pork lower at $18 00. Bulk meats active at 6¾@9@9½c. Lard firm at 11c. Hogs lower; light 3¼@3½c. Cattle firm and unchanged.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, May 27.—Cotton steady at 15½@16½c. Flour quiet at $6 00@8 25. Wheat steady at $1 25@1 40. Corn dull at 95@97½c. Oats 67½@70c. Lard 12c. Bulk meats—shoulders 7c; sides 9¾@10c. Bacon—shoulders 8c; sides 10¾@11c. Sugar cured hams 13½c, all packed. Whisky steady at 98c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, May 27.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat weak; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 24½; No. 2, $1 21. Oats dull; No. 2, 44½c. Corn steady and in moderate demand; No. 2 mixed 56½c. Rye—demand fair and market firm; No. 1, 95½c. Barley dull and nominal; No. 1, $1 60; No. 3, $1 08.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, May 27.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat dull and drooping; No. 2 red $1 34. Corn dull at 70@71c. Oats dull at 57@59c. Petroleum quiet and steady at 11¾c; Ohio State test to 150 degrees 15c.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, May 27.—Wool firm and in fair demand; Ohio fleeces 55@58c for extra and double extra and 60c for treble extra; Michigan and Wisconsin 50@53c.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, May 26.—Wheat dull, spring lower; No 1 Milwaukee club $1 43. Corn dull; yellow 80c; western mixed 78c. Oats quiet at 60c.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, May 27.—Cotton weak; middlings 17½c. Flour, grain and provisions dull but unchanged.

LUMBER &C.

J. H. MORRISON,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
SAWED LUMBER,
BOXES, FLOORING,
PAILINGS, LATHS,
NAIL KEGS, &c.
OFFICE AND WORKS:
No. 386 River Avenue,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

THE
Superior Lumber Co.
Has now on hand a large stock of
Dry Pine and Hemlock
JOIST,
PINE, OAK AND CHESTNUT
PLANK,
BOARDS, LATHS, PICKETS, &c.,
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
OFFICE AND YARDS:
Twenty-ninth and Liberty Sts

Get the Best
HOWE STANDARD
Scales,
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG, 68 Wood st

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 112¼.

NEW YORK, May 27, 1874.

Treasury disbursements $153,000. Specie engagements for to-morrow $350,000, of which $450,000 is coin, remainder gold bars. Customs receipts $359,000.

MONEY

closed at 3 per cent., and hard to lend at that rate.

STERLING

firm at 488 for sixty days to 491 sight.

GOLD

opened at 112⅜, and closed at 112¼, only two prices. Carrying rates 2@3 per cent., closing at 2 per cent. Clearings $23,000,000.

GOVERNMENT BONDS

steady.

U. S. coupons, 1881	121⅞	5-20s, 1867	120¾
5-20s, 1862	115½	5-20s, 1868	120½
5-20s, 1864	117½	New 5s	115½
5-20s, 1865	119⅛	10-40s	115
5-20s, 1865, new	120⅜	Currency 6s	117¼

STATE BONDS

firm.

Missouri 6s	97¼	Virginia, old	30
Tennessee, old	82½	North Carolina, old	20
Tennessee, new	83	North Carolina, new	12½
Virginia, new	35		

THE STOCK MARKET

was quiet and steady at the opening but afterwards became weak and feverish and was later irregular and continued so until one o'clock when the market became strong under the lead of Western Union which advanced 1⅛ per cent. on the report that the directors of the company had held a meeting to-day and declared a dividend of two per cent. The advance on the remainder of the list was from ⅛ to ¾ per cent. Towards the close there was a general falling off, with Western Union again the center of attraction, on an official statement that the directors had held a meeting, but that no dividend had been declared. The market was weak during the last hour of business, and prices shortly before the close showed a decline of ½ to 1½ per cent. from the highest point. In final dealings a rally of ¼ to ½ per cent. took place. Sales for to-day were 161,000 shares, of which 61,000 was Western Union, 38,000 Lake Shore, 18,000 Union Pacific, 13,000 Pacific Mail, 8,000 Northwest, and 8,000 Wabash. Closing quotations were as follows:

Canton	54	Wabash	36⅜
W. U. Telegraph	72⅛	Do preferred	65
Quicksilver	24½	Fort Wayne	93¾
Adams Express	107	Terre Haute	8
Wells, Fargo & Co.	75¼	Do preferred	20
American Express	62	Chicago & Alton	102½
U. S. Express	67	Do preferred	106
Pacific Mail	42	Ohio & Mississippi	23⅞
New York Central	97⅞	Clev. Col. and Cin.	66
Erie	35⅛	Burlington & Q	102
Do preferred	55	Lake Shore	74⅞
Harlem	128⅛	Panama	19½
Do preferred	127	Illinois Central	97
Michigan Central	75	Union Pacific	27⅞
Pittsburgh	92⅞	Central Pac. bonds	92⅞
Northwestern	40⅛	Union Pac. bonds	86⅛
Do preferred	57⅛	Hartford & Erie	1⅞
Rock Island	96⅞	Delaware & Lac	108⅞
St. Paul	33⅞	Bankers' bills	488½
Do preferred	53		

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Holsatia	May	28	Hamburg.
China	May	30	Liverpool.
City of Paris	May	30	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	May	30	France.
Spain	May	30	Liverpool.
Oceanic	May	30	Liverpool.
Great Western	May	30	Bristol.
State of Virginia	May	30	Liverpool.
Calabria	June	3	Liverpool.

FROM BOSTON.

Hecla	May	30	Liverpool.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Illinois	May	28	Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., May 27, 1874.

River stationary, at five feet water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 78 degrees at 6 P. M.

Oil City.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

OIL CITY, PA., May 27, 1874.

River eighteen inches and falling. Warm and clear.

Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., May 27, 1874.

Weather clear and warm. River five feet five inches and falling. Departed—Laura C. Davis, Cincinnati, 5 A. M.; Express, Parkersburg, 11 A. M.; Granite State, Pittsburgh, 12 M.; J. W. Garrett and barges for St. Louis, 7 P. M.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Geneva	Philips	Geneva.
Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
R. W. Dugan	Bryson	St. Louis.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Donaldson	Geneva.
Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Mallie Ragon	Williamson	Wheeling.
Juniata	Brennan	Cincinnati.

MONONGAHELA—Five feet and rising.

Boats Advertised to Depart.

Brownsville and Geneva—Morning boat, 8 A. M.; evening, 5 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated five feet and swelling slowly. The rise is from the Allegheny. The weather continues pleasant, only a little warm.

AMONG the first boats due is the Exchange, Captain Shuman.

THE steamer Mallie Ragon left for Wheeling with a fair trip.

THE steamer Paragon was still aground at latest accounts at Rising Sun.

THE tow boat Little Andy Fulton, has gone to Aurora for a load of hay.

OUR old friend, W. H. Dorsey, was one of the pilots of the steamer R. W. Dugan.

THE steamer Esperanza, Capt. J. P. Dunlavey, is among the first boats due.

THE Fearless and tow arrived at St. Louis with 1,500 tons miscellaneous freight.

THE steamer Mollie Ebert, is being painted up at Cincinnati for the summer trade.

THE powerful tow boat, Iron Mountain, is receiving for St. Louis, and will have despatch.

THE steamer Exporter, Captain John A. Williams is loading at Cincinnati for New Orleans.

THE steamer Juniata, Capt. C. L. Brennan, left for Cincinnati with a good trip of freight and passengers.

LONDON, May 25, 5 A. M.—Mr. Boyce Allan, one of the partners of the firm owning the Allan Line of steamers, is dead.

THE punctual packet Granite State, Captain Kerr, will be found at the landing. She will return to Portsmouth on Friday at 4 P. M.

CINCINNATI.—The English capitalists who are paying their respects to the iron and coal interests of this section arrived on the Fleetwood.

THE fine steamer R. W. Dugan, Captain L. Bryson, made her appearance at the landing yesterday. She is a first-class low water boat and is announced for Cincinnati.

THE fine side wheelers of the mail line leave daily at 8 a. m. and 5 p. m. They have the best of accommodations, and are in charge of careful and experienced officers.

THE Kanawha parties who recently purchased the Bermuda on conditional terms left for Evansville Sunday night with the proper documents to consummate the purchase.

ONE of the model barges, which sunk with the Lookout here last winter, can be seen since the water is getting low lying bottom up against the Cincinnati pier of the Newport bridge. Her stern is missing.

THE towboat Jasper, from St. Louis to Cincinnati, has the following freight list for this end of the river: Wheeling, 4 packages; Parkersburg, 113 empty oil barrels; South Point, 36 packages; Pittsburgh, 13 packages tobacco.

TUESDAY'S Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: Five boats were out picnicking yesterday. The Shannon and Turner went to Parlor Grove, the Louisville and Champion to Parker's Grove, and the Cherokee to Silver Grove. The Turner made two trips to Parlor Grove.

THE Vicksburg *Herald* of the 20th inst., says: The Thompson Dean would probably have saved money for her owners if she had laid up at Louisville sooner than she did. In fact, we are rather of the opinion that it would have been money in her pocket if she hadn't come out at all.

THE suit of the Cincinnati and Newport Bridge Company vs. the United States for $500,000 damages alleged to have been sustained by complainants in the alteration of height and main span of their bridge will come up to-day in the United States Court before Justice Swayne.

MESSRS. DRESSELL, WHEAT & Co. have imported from Pittsburgh a five section dry dock and located it just below the suspension bridge on the island side. It is something new in Wheeling, and creates much curiosity in those who never saw one before.—*Wheeling Register, 27th.*

THE steamer Exchange, is en route for this city with three hundred tons of freight. Her principal items consist of 70 tons of pig iron, 800 sacks corn, 300 bales hay, 250 barrels lime and cement, 100 barrels lard oil and 60 tierces lard. She has engaged above here 300 sacks wheat, 40 bales hemp and 15 or 20 horses. Wm. Abrahams and James Henderson were her pilots.

THE Davenport *Gazette*, of Saturday, says: The Diamond Jo line is doing a fine business. The Diamond Jo came in yesterday afternoon from Dubuque, with thirteen car loads of grain, which she unloaded in the St. Louis cars. She loaded one thousand bushels Wisconsin wheat at our levee for J. R. Graham. She took on a large quantity of furniture from Daniel Gould's factory, a big pile of barrels of coal tar from the gas works, and left for the North in the evening. The line is evidently becoming popular with shippers.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET LINE—SPECIAL NOTICE.—On and after Monday, June 2d, the fare will be reduced to all points as follows: Pittsburgh to Monongahela City, 50 cents; to Webster, 75 cents; to Brownsville, $1 00; Rice's Landing, $1 50; Geneva, $2 00. Meals can be had on board at the usual prices. State rooms will be free. These are certainly low prices and cannot fail to increase the travel very materially on that delightful route. Now is the time to get up excursion parties, as it will be cheaper to travel than stay at home. For further particulars call on Captain Carlisle.

THE Vicksburg *Times*, of recent date, says: "While one of our packets was lying at the landing at Terene, several days ago, one of the pilots of the boat walked up town, and at a Justice's office found a colored man, whom he had known for years, on trial for some petty charge. He walked into the office and acted as counsel for his friend and had him acquitted, after which he continued his walk. After he had left the Justice's office, a man stepped up to the Justice and told him that the pilot had no right to practice law without a license, whereupon the Justice issued a warrant for his arrest and placed it in the hands of a constable to serve, but before he could do so the pilot got wind of the fact, went to the boat and took the yawl and went to the next landing, where he waited until the boat got through her business, when he was taken on board. He says he is cured of practicing law."

A CORRESPONDENT of the St. Louis *Globe*, writing from Bismarck, May 20th, says: The river at this point has receded over four feet, and is still falling slowly. The late rise was out of the Little Missouri river. Our regular old June freshet has not put in his appearance. However, the weather here to-day and yesterday was very hot for the season.

Have had quite a lively time to-day at the landing. Far West and Durfee arrived from Yankton. The former continued on up to Buford; the latter returned to Yankton. Also, the ferryboat Union made her appearance at last. She has had a long, serious trip of it. She burnt her boiler yesterday, and had to quit some six miles below here. The Josephine went down and towed her up to the landing, and when repaired, we will have steam transit to Fort Lincoln. The Josephine leaves to-morrow with all the freight she wants, and full of people for Benton. There will be some crack boating done now on the Upper Missouri, as the Nellie Peck left yesterday for Benton, and to-day the Far West for Buford, and the spunky little Josephine to-morrow, which promises to pass both before they reach their respective destination.

The Katie P. Kountz arrived yesterday in a disabled condition—one cylinder broke to pieces, which she will have to await here until a new one is cast and fitted up at Pittsburgh, Pa.—a sore stroke on the Kountz and Diamond R. line to Montana, as they have some sixty to seventy cars of freight awaiting transit at Carroll, and some of the freight has been here over a month. The old steamer Ida Stockdale was called for to-day (after laying here idle all spring) to load for Carroll. She must be improved by age, as the Inspector of the Board of Underwriters passed her as a transfer boat only, between Lincoln and Bismarck, when here in the month of March or April, and now loading for a thousand mile trip, over the roughest river in the whole country. How is it the Inspector has changed his mind since then, as she has within the last two weeks got her papers as seaworthy from Rice to Peck? That looks too thin. But insurance companies may have got reckless in these degenerate times of low price freights. The Peninah has been out since the 12th of April to Carroll, and no word yet of her return. The Montana merchants will grow gray in awaiting for their goods this season by this great flourishing new line to Montana. So may it flourish. Yours, very truly, A. HERRING

IMPORTS BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway.

K Brocken, 1 car curbstones; J French, 25 c n bbls; Duquesne Glass Co, lot f brick; C O Rowe, 1 csk pins; J Porterfield & Co, 10 dozen brooms; James Old, 6 bdls g fronts, 12 c grates, 1 bdl hooks; W P Townsend & Co, 10 kegs 2 csks rivets; McElroy & Co, 7 sks rags; M Gallicher, lot h h goods; Mrs Beasley, do; John Swan, 4 cars curbstones; Graff, H & Co, 2 cars limestone; Laughlin & Co, 2 do; Thos Berry, 2 cars stone; Mansfield & Co, 1 bx fixtures; J B McVitty, 115 sks potatoes; Hubbard, L & B, 2 circular saw, 2 case saws; T H Nevin & Co, 25 bbls linseed oil; W L Jones & Co, 5 do; J Henderson & Bro, 20 do; Braden & P, 166 bxs cheese; Head, C & Co, 50 do; A & J Kerr, 5 bxs cheese; E Fox & Co, 10 bxs cheese, 6 crates eggs; H W Buffum, 8 do bottles; R M B Plough Co, 1 plow and fixtures; G Kann, 1 roll leather; J & A Deitz, 35 bgs bran; Kramer & Vogleson, 1 tc hams, 1 bbl m pork; H J McCracken, 6 bbls eggs; J A Graff & Co, 6 bxs cheese, 50 bbls eggs; Houck, McCague & Co, 100 bbls flour; 1 do a butter; Jas H Loh & Co, 30 bbls flour; 1 bbl bacon, 2 kgs lard; W H Graff & Co, 50 bbls eggs; M Riddle, Son & Co, 10 do do; Scott & Gisal, 202 bags oats; Wm Flaccus & Son, 40 sks glue serp, 3 bbls grease, 480 c tails; Samuel Musgrave, 11 churns; Mills & Co, 100 bbls white lime; J B Canfield, 100 do do; Lloyd & Black, 10 bars iron; F Kaiser, 5 bbls wine; Lloyd Nottingham, 1 do wine; C West & Co, 6 bdls spokes; J G Kamphouse, 11 crates wood in shape; Keystone Bridge Co, 5 pcs b iron; L Rodgers, 1 car lumber; Slack & Sholes, 1 car shingles; Porter, Bell & Co, 11 tire; Schomaker & Co, 10 bbls rye flour, 10 tcs lard, 200 bbls flour; Spratt, Johnson & Co, 1 plow; N E Schmertz, 5 rolls leather; Pittsburgh Book and News Co, 1 crate croquet; M B Cochrane & Co, 6 sets pully irons, 1 wrench; A Brentano, 2 bxs hardware; Kerr & Son, 3 refrigerators; L H Baird, 2 cases crackers; C J Young & Co, 1 bx frames; J B Dunlavey, 1 bx dental goods; James Brannen & Co, 1 case perfumery; Kier Bros, 5 bbls ore; S Boyd & Co, 1 bx do frames; J W Morrison, 4 bxs; J R & A Murdock, 4 bxs e greens; J Woodwell & Co, 4 bdls forks; Wm Mooney & Sons, 1 bx sash; Pittsburgh Steel Casting Co, 1 bx patterns; Wm B Junker, 2 bxs lasts; Caldwell & Crosby, 126 sks potatoes; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 140 do do; F W Jenkins & Bro, 100 bbls flour; Haworth & Dewhurst, 100 bbls flour; Fahnestock H & S, 650 pigs lead; H J Porter & Co, 1 car oats; N Corwish, 600 pigs lead; Dillinger & S, 14 bbls whisky; Lewis, O & P, 24 crow bars; T J Wallace, 10 bxs tobacco; F Ewart, 25 bbls spirits; J W Taylor, 10 bxs tobacco; J Wilson & Son, 25 do; Gottwalls & McD, 1 bx mdse; Heinz & Co, 13 sks shavings; H B McClellan & Co, 20 bdls b handles; John McCullough, 25 bbls whisky; Ortleib & Co, 10 lounges; G A Kelley & Co, 5 bbls alcohol; Atlantic G Co, 1 bx g w; Carter B & Co, 15 bxs tobe; H Dallnyer, 10 bxs tobacco; Casey & Fogarty, 28 bbls spirits; Getty & Co, 10 bbls spirits; Adler, Rosenbaum & Co, 4 bbls whisky; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 5 bbls d peaches; C G Hammer & Son, lot furniture; J C Lippincott, 1 bale hops.

PER ELEVATOR.—Scott & Gisal, 2 cars corn; Hitchcock, McC & Co, 1 car wheat; R Knox & Son, 1 do oats; W G Miller, 1 do oats; L G Graff & Co, 2 do do.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Eagle Cotton Mills, 43 bales cotton; D H Huntsman & Co, 1 lot new furniture; Birmingham, W & Co, 21 bales cotton; Thompson & Finley, 175 bgs oats; Hoerner & Bro, 3 crates starch, 20 bxs do; Mullin, Steen and Co, 1 car lumber; Geo M Ferron & Bros, 51 bxs eggs; Adams & Kurtz, 61 bgs oats; J B McMillen, 1 bx butter; P Armstrong & Co, 100 bbls flour, 140 sks flour, 1 lot millfeed, Johnson & McFarland, 1 car hay; Holmes & Co, 30 cars lime; Reed Bros, 1 car lumber; A Beverage, 5 bbls eggs; Isabella Furnace, 2 cars limestone; Ahl & Co, 2 bxs h ware; Billinter & S, 2 bdls t hoops; Allegheny Evening Mail, 1 case m water; Jas Harrocks, 20 sacks flour; Wm B Moore, 2 bbls eggs; H Lang, 3 bxs do; F Mottiel, 3 bbls cheese; Jas O'Hanlon, 4 bbls vinegar; F Gwinder, 1 car stone; Gilmore & Co, 1 car wheat; Smith, M & Co, 10 cars limestone; Grusch, R & Co, 1 do lumber; J & T Megraw, 6 do stone; John Alston, 1 do lumber; J A Steele, 1 do e corn; F Atwater, 1 do stone.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.

S Ewart & Co, 100 bkts a grease; Hanna, Wood & Co, 100 bbls flour; J A Graff & Co, 7 bbls eggs; Watt, Lang & Co, 10 tcs hams; John Seibert, 25 bbls flour, 308 sks do, 80 hlf do; T C Jenkins, 300 bbls do; Wm McCutcheon & Son, 100 do; Jas H Loh & Co, 5 do eggs; Head, Carson & Co, 3 do; J Watson, 38 bdls g hides, 3 do s pelts; B H Voskamp, 50 bbls flour, 200 sks do; McHenry & H, 1 car e corn; John Wilson & Son, 10 hlf butts tobs; Bryce, Walker & Co, 1 car hay; S P Shriver 10 bxs tobs; L G Graff & Co, 1 car e corn; Weller Bros, 5 bbls whisky; R Knox & Son, 200 sks, 50 bbls flour.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Heath & Co, 1 car lumber; H C McEwen, 1 car lumber; J Leisey, 1 keg beer; Jas M. Walker, 1 car s pipes; W G Miller, 1 car oats; C Kitner, 10⅙ bbls g beer; J P Dean, 2 bxs iron castings; Lindsay, 16 do do; The Cirney & Co, 7 do; Jos Woodwell, 7 do do; Fahnestock, W & Co, 19 do do; C Shumberg, 6 c tables; T C Jenkins, 66 bxe lard; B Pflaum, 4 bbls grease; C G Hussey, 644 pcs copper; H W Buffum, 3 bxs bottles; Spencer, M'Kay & Co, 5 empty ale bbls; Pier, Dannels & Co, 9 e ale bbls; T C Jenkins, 10 bxs; M B Harris, 8 cases ware; H H Collins, 40 c tops; H Euttleman, 32 sks flour; Wilson Bros, 60 do; Greenland & Son, 37 pcs pipe; J Henderson & Bro, 1 bx, 1 case; A Martin, 25 ent bxs; Haworth & D, 31 bxs matches; J A Renshaw, 5 bxs o meal; G W McClure, 2 do o meal, 2 do a wheat; J C Buffum, 5 bxs bottles; Spencer, McK & Co, 2½ e kegs; P P M Co, 64 bdls paper; Spencer, 4 mt a bbls; J Schutzer, 1 lot h h goods; H C & Co, 1 bbl eggs; J Irwin & Co, 14 mt carboys; Head, C & Co, 10 bbls eggs; E Fox & Co, 2 do; E Moye & Co, 2 do.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Hussey, Wells & Co, 2 cars fire brick; Erskine & Co, 2 do clay; Star Fire Brick Co, 1 do; W J Baughman, 2 do lime; G Dunn, 1 do c stone; J L Lowry, 3 do dim stone; Isabella F Co, 24 do lime stone; Shoenberger Furnaces, 5 do; Kloman & Carnegie Bros, 10 do; Voigt, M & Co, 13 bbls potatoes; J Stewart, 7 sks do; Riter & Conley, lot s iron; G Walther & Son, 28 bdls hides; M Ganon, 1 car scrap; C J Taylor, 1 do potatoes; C L Ice Co, 2 do ice; G A Mundorff, 1 do lumber.

Brownsville and Geneva.

PER STEAMER GENEVA—A S Carlile, 78 bales hay, 39 sks oats, 1 box, 8 bbls whisky; R C Schmertz, 358 bxs glass; A G Dorsey, 400 feet lumber; Chess S & Co, 89 sks oats; W Welsh, 50 do do; D McMillan, 19 do do, J J Speer, 10 bbls whisky; J H Borland, 1 box; Kramer & V, 10 bbls crackers; Johnson & C, 3 do do; J Flack, lot glass; Dilworth & Bro, 1 bbl bacon, 1 do mdse; W J Meek, 7 bdls bags; Porter, lot produce; Lytle, 1 roll leather; S Han, 4 hubs; Watt, L & Co, 13 jars butter; Owner, lot produce; B D More, 50 oil bbls; Crawford, 104 bbls apples.

St. Louis.

PER STEAMER R. W. DUGAN—Nimick & Co, 156 tons p metal; Moorhead & Co, 1,045 pcs zinc.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore.

The following are the receipts of pig metal, blooms and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, P. R. R. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	11	J Hanlon, s i	1
J W Porter & Co, m	9	Wayne I & S Co, m i	1
Caughey & H., m	7	Sherrick, M & Co, m i	1
Jones & Laughlins, m	6	Everson, G & M, o	1
Brown & Co, m	1	Jones & Laughlins, s i	1
Lindsay & McC, m	4	Graff, B & Co, m	5
Total			48

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Lucy Furnace Co, o	12	Zug & Co, o	3
Lloyd & Black, o	1	P D Nichols, m	1
Everson, G & Co, o	1	Isabel Furnace Co, o	18
Total			36

WEST PENN RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Painter & Son, m	52	J S Ramsey & Co, m	1
Jones & Laughlins, m	12	Smith & Son, m	5
Lewis, O & P, m	1		
Total			71

BY RIVER.

	Tons.
Nimick & Co	156

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	7	Lewis, O & P, m	5
McKnight, D & Co, m	1	Phillips, N & Co,	2
Total			15

Coal Received by A. V. R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
Armstrong, D & Co	13	N Y & C G C Co	64
Sable Coal Co	25		
Total			102

WINES, LIQUORS, &C.

SETH WILMOT.......FRANK H. WHITE.
WILMOT, WHITE & CO.,
Imported Wines and Liquors,
No. 153 WYLIE AVENUE,
Cor. Elm Street, PITTSBURGH.

B. H. LUBBERS,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic
Wines and Liquors,
No. 212 Fifth Avenue Extension,
Formerly 16 Clark street.
Largest CHAMPAGNE HOUSE in the city. Also, the Finest Assortment of FRENCH AND IRISH WHISKIES, RHEIN WINE to be found in any House in Western Pennsylvania.

OFFICE OF THE
WATERS' CELEBRATED
PATENT FEED WATER HEATER
AND
Lime and Sediment Collector
FOR STEAM BOILERS,
WEST MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT.
The public are hereby notified that the connection of M. W. Hazelton with said Company as its Agent ceased on the 21st day of March, 1874. GEORGE H. STOVER & CO., No. 75 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, are now our only authorized Agents in this vicinity, and all orders or communications relative to said Heater should be addressed either to them or to the Waters' Patent Heater Company, West Meriden, Connecticut.
J. WILCOX, President.

FLOUR.
Best Brands of Winter and Spring
Wheat Flour,
In store and to arrive. For Sale by
D. WALLACE.

WM. HOLMES.......JAMES IRWIN
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, NITRIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA, And AQUA AMMONIA.
OFFICE—NO. 15 MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH

BANKS AND BANKERS.

The Tradesmen's National Bank
HAS REMOVED TO ITS
New Banking Rooms,
Cor. Wood St. and Fourth Ave.,
Where its Officers will be pleased to see all its old customers and such new ones as may favor it with their patronage.
ALEXANDER BRADLEY.......President.
WILLIAM VANKIRK.......Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr.......Cashier.

Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,
NO 63 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH
Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March 1872.
CAPITAL, - - - $120,000
PRIVILEGE - - - $500,000
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
MONEY LOANED ON MORTGAGES, BONDS AND OTHER GOOD SECURITIES.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Books of By-Laws furnished at the Bank. Collections and Returns promptly made.
DIRECTORS:
HENRY LAMBERT, A. M. BROWN,
ANDREW MILLER, S. J. WAINWRIGHT,
EDWARD DUFF, ARCH. McFARLAND,
JAMES GORDON, D. P. ESTEP,
JOHN SEIFERTH, G. W. RANKIN,
G. W. COFFIN.
President—HENRY LAMBERT.
Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.
Open for business from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.
Board of Directors meets Daily at 11 o'clock.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
OF PITTSBURGH,
NO. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.
CAPITAL STOCK - - $500,000
J. W. COOK.......President.
R. W. MACKEY.......Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS.......Cashier.

Freehold Bank
AND
BUILDING ASSOCIATION,
No. 68 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
CAPITAL STOCK.......$200,000.
FREEHOLD PRIVILEGE.......$500,000.
EDWARD HOUSE.......President.
THOMAS STEEL.......Sec'y and Treasurer.
JAMES P. SPEER.......Cashier.
TThs-3p

CENTRAL BANK,
No. 35 BANK BLOCK, Pittsburgh.
CAPITAL.......$100,000.
Bank of Discount and Deposit.
Stockholders Individually Liable.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Fawcett, Madison Bailey,
D. W. C. Carroll, J. F. Denniston,
James H. Hopkins, George Bingham,
Julius Adler, Abram Hayes,
James Bown, Paul H. Hacke,
J. H. Walter, James Lyons.
THOMAS FAWCETT, President.
MADISON BAILEY, Vice President.
J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.
M. HUNNINGS, Assistant Cashier. TThs

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
CORNER FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.,)
Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.
Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON.

Chas. Camblos & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 38 South Third St.
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD SILVER, &c.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on Commission. Particular attention given to Investments.

B. K. JAMISON & CO.
N. W. Cor. Third and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia,
BANKERS,
And Dealers in
GOLD, SILVER AND GOVERNMENT BONDS,
At Closest Market Rates. Drafts drawn on all the leading cities of Europe.

ROOFING.

Gravel Roofing
SLATE.
Roofing and Dealers in Roofing
Materials of all kinds.
City and Country Work solicited and promptly attended to.
W. B. LUPTON & CO.,
354 PENN AVE., Pittsburgh.

AIKEN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Northampton, Vermont and Peach
Bottom Roofing
SLATE.
Also, Slating, Nails and Felt,
CORNER ELEVENTH AND LIBERTY STS.
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.
SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.

Hugh Woodside,
Roofer and Dealer in

SLATE!
Office—370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by experienced workmen.

FIRE BRICK.

MOUNT SAVAGE
Fire Brick.
CHAS. M. MacGOWAN,
Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and the West.
P. O. BOX 378.
Office, Room 2, 96½ FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAVAGE, GLADE & SAVAGE
Mountain Fire Brick,
WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY FIRE BRICK IN THE MARKET.
J. & J. M. PORTER,
Manufacturers and Sole Agents for the sale of the above named Brands.
Also, Manufacturers of WEST VIRGINIA FIRE BRICK AND FURNACE LININGS.
P. O. Address—NEW CUMBERLAND, W. VA.
Pittsburgh Office—No. 3 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Monongahela House Building.

PETROLEUM.

WARING BROS.,
Successors to Waring & King,
Commission Merchants in Petroleum
and its Products,
87 Fifth Avenue.
Philadelphia address, WARING BROTHERS & CO., 30 Walnut street.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.
U. S. MAIL LINE.
PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 4 A. M. and 4 P. M.
For all Points on the Monongahela River.
STEAMER GENEVA.......CAPT. PHILLIPS
STEAMER ELECTOR.......CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN.......CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKS
STEAMER E. BENNETT.......CAPT. P. DONALDSON
For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.
A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

FROM BELLAIR.
For Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntingdon, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.
EVERY TUESDAY, 6 P. M., on arrival of the 1:28 P. M. train from Pittsburgh.
THE STEAMER
ANDES,
CHARLES MUHLEMAN.......Commander.
Will leave as above.

ZANESVILLE.
For Marietta and Zanesville.
EVERY TUESDAY—4 P. M.
THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER
CARRIE BROOKS,
HARVEY DARLINGTON.......Captain.
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.
For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.
EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.
THE FINE STEAMER
MALLIE RAGON,
Captain.......J. W. WILLIAMSON.
Clerk.......H. C. CALDWELL.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Wharf-boat, foot of Wood street.

PORTSMOUTH AND CINCINNATI.
For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.
EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
GRANITE STATE,
W. H. KERR.......Commander.
E. F. MADDY.......Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

LOUISVILLE.
For Cincinnati and Louisville.
FRIDAY, May 29—4 P. M.
THE FINE STEAMER
R. W. DUGAN,
LON BRYSON.......Commander.
Will leave as announced above.
Giving through receipts to Evansville, Nashville, Cairo, St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.
For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St Louis.
WILL HAVE DISPATCH.
Connecting with the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company.
THE STEAMBOAT
IRONSIDES AND BARGES,
OF GRAY'S IRON LINE,
Will leave as announced above.
Through receipts given to all points on the Upper Mississippi River, connecting with the Railroad from Henderson to Nashville; through receipts given to Nashville, connecting also with the Star Line Packet Co. for Missouri river, the Missouri Pacific and the Atlantic and Pacific Railroads; through receipts given to all points in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Texas, also with the New Orleans Packets at Cairo, and through receipts given to New Orleans and all points on the Lower Mississippi River.
Freights taken at the lowest rates. Apply to
GHRIEST & MACKEY, or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.
Or to R. C. GRAY, Office 94 Water street.

OFFICE OF STEAM CAPSTAN CO.,
263 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
TO INFRINGERS OF THE McMILLIN STEAM CAPSTAN.—Owing to the heavy expenses incurred by continual litigation in defending our PATENT, we shall, on and after July 1st, 1874, charge the following rates for royalty on same, to-wit: Boats under 150 tons burthen, hull measurement, $300; 150 tons and under 700 tons, $400; over 700 tons burthen, $500.
JNO. S. McMILLIN, Attorney.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Publishing the Legislative Record.

OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, PA., May 18, 1874.

Sealed Proposals for the publishing of *The Legislative Record* for the term of four years, at a certain rate *per centum* below the sum of sixteen dollars for each full page of every issue of said *Record*, will be received by the Speakers of the Senate and House of Representatives, in the Hall of the Senate, on the FIRST MONDAY OF JUNE, (being the first day thereof,) 1874, at 12 o'clock M., said proposals to be sealed and delivered on or before the first Monday of June, at 12 M.

The said publication to be styled *The Legislative Record*, to be under the superintendency of the Superintendent of Public Printing and the Printing Committee of the two Houses, and to be issued under the following conditions and regulations:

The said *Record* to be printed on good quality of white printing paper, to consist of not less than four pages each number, the pages to be of the same form and size of the *Legislative Record* of 1874, (brevier type,) matter to be inserted as closely as possible without unnecessary spaces, to contain a record of the proceedings of the two Houses, including notices of presentation and disposition of memorials, petitions and remonstrance; the introduction, reference and action upon bills and resolutions, sketches of debates, the yeas and nays upon all questions, and generally such particulars as shall fairly exhibit the action of the two Houses; and it shall also contain such reports, bills and other documents or matters as may be ordered to be inserted therein by either House.

Six thousand copies of each number to be printed for the use of the House and Senate, four thousand for the House and two thousand for the Senate, to be delivered to the Sergeant-at-Arms of each House respectively. The said *Record* to be published daily, except Sundays, whenever sufficient matter is on hand to fill not less than four pages.

The contractor or contractors to procure accurate reports of the proceedings for said *Record* at their own proper expense; the proceedings of both Houses are to appear on the day following the one on which they occur, and the failure to report, print and deliver the said proceedings for two consecutive Legislative days shall be a forfeiture of the contract.

Bidders will be required to execute a bond to the Commonwealth, with at least two sureties, in the sum of five thousand dollars, the said bonds to be approved by the President Judge of the district in which the said sureties reside, which shall accompany their proposals, conditioned for the acceptance and faithful performance of the contract in the manner provided for as above stated; and in the event that the person or persons fail to comply with said contract, the Speakers will allot the same to the next lowest bidder, and the party and sureties will be held responsible for the difference which the State may have to pay.

M. S. QUAY,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

EXTENSION OF TIME.

Second Avenue Improvement.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the Paving of the Second and Third sections of Second Avenue (from Murphy Street to Greenwood crossing) will be received at the office of the Secretary, No. 70 Grant Street, up to Thursday, June 4, 1874, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The contract will consist of about 65,000 square yards of Paving.

Bidders will specify clearly the kind and quality of the Pavement they propose to lay, together with references to the various places where the same has been put down.

Bidders will accompany their Proposals with Bonds, as required by the city, in the sum of $100,000.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, should they deem it for the best interests of the City so to do.

W. J. LEWIS,
J. D. SCULLY,
M. K. MOORHEAD,
R. H. PALMER, JR.,
PETER CONNELLY,
Commissioners.
GEO. T. OLIVER, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at the office of the undersigned, Engineer and Superintendent, 75 Grant street, Pittsburgh, until the FIRST DAY OF JUNE, 1874, for

BUILDING A STONE BRIDGE

Over Saw Mill Run, on line of Carson street, Thirty-fourth ward, city of Pittsburgh.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at said office.

Bidders must accompany their proposals with bonds as required by the city.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, should they deem it for the best interest of the city so to do.

JAMES I. BENNETT,
WM. K. NIMICK,
B. C. SAWYER,
PARK PAINTER,
JAMES M. BAILEY,
Commissioners.
FRANCIS OWENS, Engineer and Superintendent.

Notice to Contractors.

WYLIE AVENUE IMPROVEMENT.

SEALED PROPOSALS

FOR THE

Paving and Laying Crossings on Wylie Avenue,

From Kirkpatrick street to Herron avenue, will be received at the office of the Secretary, No. 37 Fifth Avenue, until SATURDAY, May 30, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon.

The contract will consist of about 15,700 square yards of Paving, and about 4,000 square feet of Crossings.

Bidders will specify clearly the kind and quality of the pavement they propose to lay, together with references to the various places where the same has been put down.

Bidders will accompany their proposals with bonds, as required by the city.

Blank forms and any information required can be had at the office of the Engineers, Wells & Johnston, Room 41, Municipal Hall.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, should they deem it for the best interests of the city so to do.

WILLIS BOOTHE,
CHARLES JEREMY,
W. H. HAGAN,
SAMUEL B. WAUGHTER,
JOHN T. PATTERSON,
Commissioners.
CHAS. P. DUFF, Secretary.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA AND CHARLESTON RAILWAY, Pittsburgh and Brownsville "Short Line."

On and after MONDAY, May 18th, 1874, and until further notice, Trains will leave and arrive at Depot, 226 Carson street, South Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Homestead Ac. (from Ormsby)	6:09 a m	Homestead Ac.	6:55 a m
Through Mail	8:45 a m	Pittsburgh Ac.	8:25 a m
Mixed Way	11:00 a m	Fast Line	10:20 a m
Fast Line	4:00 p m	Mixed Way	3:15 p m
Monongahela Ac.	6:15 p m	Through Mail	6:05 p m

Church train leaves Monongahela City every Sunday at 8:00 A. M., stopping at all points for passengers, and reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:00 P. M., arriving at Monongahela City at 3:05 P. M.

A special Steamer has been fitted out for this line, to connect between Monongahela City and Brownsville, as follows: Leave Brownsville daily (except Sunday) at 5:00 A. M. and 12:30 P. M., connecting with fast trains, reaching Pittsburgh at 10:20 A. M. and 6:05 P. M. Returning, Train leaves Pittsburgh at 4:00 P. M., connecting to arrive at Brownsville at 9:00 P. M.

From 4 to 8 hours quicker than by packets.
Baggage Checked Through.
Leave orders for Baggage at General Office, 61 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.
JOHN M. BYERS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
JOHN F. SCOTT,
Assistant Superintendent.
WM. J. ROSE, General Passenger Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after SUNDAY, November 2, 1873, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, at 2:50 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 11:50 a. m., Philadelphia 4:10 p. m., New York 7:35 p. m.
Cincinnati Express daily, at 12:20 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 10:40 p. m., Philadelphia 2:50 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m., Baltimore 2:40 a. m., Washington 6:13 a. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily, except Sunday, 4:10 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:15 a. m., Philadelphia 8:00 a. m., New York 11:55 a. m.
Fast Line daily, at 7:50 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 5:00 a. m., Philadelphia 9:10 a. m., New York 12:35 p. m., Baltimore 8:35 a. m., Washington 10:35 a. m.
Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:45 a. m., stop ping at all stations.
Wall's Accommodation, 6:05, 10:20, 11:45 a. m., 3:10, 6:10 and 11:20 p. m. Sunday 12:40 p. m.
Brinton Accommodation 7:00 a. m., 4:50, 5:30 and 9:20 p. m. Sunday 9:20 p. m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation..........2:10 p. m.
Johnstown Accommodation..........3:50 p. m.

Trains arrive at Union Depot as follows:—

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Mail Train daily, except Monday..........1:20 a. m.
Fast Line daily, except Monday..........1:55 a. m.
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday..........8:40 a. m.
Cincinnati Express daily..........9:20 a. m.
Pacific Express daily..........1:55 p. m.
Way Passenger daily..........8:20 p. m.
Wall's Accommodation, 6:40 and 8:25 a. m., 1:20, 2:40 and 5:45 p. m. Sunday 10:00 a. m.
Brinton Accommodation, 7:40 and 9:00 a. m., 6:45, 7:25 and 11:10 p. m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation..........4:15 p. m.
Johnstown Accommodation..........10:15 a. m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City
Mail Train, connecting for Butler..........6:35 a. m.
Express, connecting for Butler..........3:15 p. m.
Freeport Accommodation..........9:30 a. m., and 4:17 p. m.
Springdale Accommodation..........3:05 and 6:10 p. m.
Sunday, 12:30 p. m.
Fairview Accommodation..........10:40 a. m.
Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot:
Express, connecting from Butler..........10:20 a. m.
Mail Train, connecting from Butler..........5:40 p. m.
Freeport Accommodation, 8:20 a. m. and 2:25 p. m.
Springdale Accommodation, 6:50 a. m., and 6:05 p. m. Sunday, 9:50 a. m.
Fairview Accommodation..........12:50 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices—No. 78 Fifth avenue, and the Union Depot.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, JR., Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD—PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE "SHORT LINE." CHANGE OF TIME—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

On and after SUNDAY, May 10th, 1874, trains on this Road will depart and arrive from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Local Mail	6:10 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:40 a m
Through Mail	7:00 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:25 a m
Mixed Way	9:30 a m	W. Newton Ac	8:20 a m
McKeesport Ac.	11:00 a m	Through Ex	8:45 a m
McKeesport Ac	2:35 p m	Connellsv'e Ac	10:00 a m
Connellsv'e Ac.	3:35 p m	McKeesport Ac	12:00 m
McKeesport Ac	4:30 p m	McKeesport Ac	2:00 p m
W. Newton Ac	5:10 p m	McKeesport Ac	4:50 p m
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	Uniontown Ac	6:10 p m
Through Ex	8:00 p m	McKeesport Ac	7:40 p m
McKeesport Ac	11:00 p m	Through Mail	8:35 p m
W. N'ton Ch T.	12:45 p m	W. N'ton Ch T.	6:05 a m

Mail and Accommodation Trains daily except Sunday. Express Trains daily. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.
Save 75 miles travel. Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points east.
General Ticket Office, 43 Fifth avenue.
E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.
SAML. C. HOUGH, Genl. Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after MARCH 29, 1874, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:28 a m	Pacific Ex	2:33 a m
Chicago Mail	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:53 a m
Clev & W Mail	6:43 a m	Chicago Ex	11:58 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex	7:13 a m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Cicago Ex	9:53 a m	Chicago Mail	3:43 p m
Clev & Whg Ex.	2:13 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	2:48 p m
Pacific Express	2:28 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex	7:23 p m
Wellsville Ex	4:28 p m	Cleve & W Ex	7:03 p m
Erie & Wrn Ex.	4:38 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	11:43 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac.	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:28 a m	Leetsdale Ac	7:43 a m
Leetsdale Ac	12:08 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:13 a m
Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac.	1:28 p m	Enon Ac	8:48 a m
Enon Ac	3:48 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac	9:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	5:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:53 p m
Beaver Falls Ac.	6:23 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:23 p m
Leetsdale Ac	8:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:28 p m
Leetsdale Ac	10:58 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:53 a m

Pacific Express leaves daily.
Chicago Express arrives daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sunday excepted.
J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—PAN-HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after NOVEMBER 2d, 1873, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:28 a m	McDonald Ac	7:13 a m
Columbus Mail	7:18 a m	Washington Ac.	8:18 a m
Washington Ac.	8:48 a m	Steubenville Ac.	9:53 a m
Pacific Express	9:53 a m	Cincinnati Ex	12:03 p m
McDonald Ac	12:03 p m	McDonald Ac	1:13 p m
Southern Ex	2:58 p m	Washington Ac.	3:53 p m
Steubenville Ac.	3:28 p m	Columbus Mail	6:13 p m
Washington Ac.	5:01 p m	Fast Line	7:33 p m
McDonald Ac	6:13 p m	Southern Ex	2:28 a m
Sunday Ch Tr'n	12:48 p m	Sunday Ch Tr'n	10:03 a m

Fast Line and Southern Express leave daily.
Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, February 2, 1874, Two Through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Hulton Accommodation	6:40 a m	6:30 a m
Buffalo Express	7:00 a m	9:45 p m
Kittanning Accommodation	11:40 a m	5:45 p m
Titusville Express	2:00 p m	2:40 p m
Brady's Bend Accommodt'n	3:25 p m	10:10 a m
Hulton Accommodation	4:35 p m	9:10 a m
Soda Works Accommodnt'n	6:00 p m	8:20 a m
Hulton Accommodation	10:50 p m	7:20 p m

Church Trains to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a m, and leaves at 12:50 p m.
Express trains stop only at Principal Points.
Accommodation Trains stop at all Stations.
Buffalo Express daily; on Sundays, to Oil City only.
All other trains daily except Sundays.
Buffalo Express makes close connections at Red Bank Junction with trains on Low Grade Division for Brookville, Driftwood, Williamsport, Elmira and all points Northeast.
Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets, can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 76 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.
J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent, Pittsburgh.
JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

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ANCHOR LINE.
REDUCED PASSAGE RATES.
NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.
FAVORITE ROUTE FOR TOURISTS.
Passenger Accommodations Unsurpassed.
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FROM PIERS 20 and 21 NORTH RIVER, N. Y.
RATES OF PASSAGE—PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, QUEENSTOWN OR BELFAST.
Cabin $65 to $90, according to Accommodations.
Cabin Return Tickets issued at reduced rates.
Intermediate $28. Steerage $23.
Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates.
For Tickets or further information apply to
JOHN J. McCORMICK,
Corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield street;
T. H. MURRAY,
7 Ninth street;
MAX SHAMBERG,
163 Smithfield street.

White Star U. S. Mail Line,
THE FASTEST FLEET AFLOAT,
Between New York and Liverpool
Calling at CORK HARBOR both ways. Booking Passengers to and from all parts; Sailing every THURSDAY from Liverpool, and every SATURDAY from White Star Wharf, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.
OCEANIC.......Capt. Bristow.
BALTIC.......Capt. Kennedy.
REPUBLIC.......Capt. Gleadell.
CELTIC.......Capt. Thompson.
ADRIATIC.......Capt. Perry.
Passenger Accommodations Unrivalled.
Saloon, $80, Gold, (Sailings after April 1, $100 Gold)
Steerage $30 Currency. Prepaid Certificates, $32.
Drafts in sums to suit.
R. J. CORTIS, Agent, 19 Broadway, N. Y.
T. H. MURRAY, No. 7 Ninth streets.
P. M. CUSHING, cor. 43d and North streets.
MAX SCHAMBERG, 163 Smithfield street.
E. McCORMICK, 2127 Sarah street, South Side.

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HAVANA, Cuba.......Weekly.
GALVESTON, Texas.......Weekly.
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NORFOLK and RICHMOND, Va.......Tri-Weekly.
BOSTON and PROVIDENCE.......Semi-Weekly.
Through rates given to Portland and Bangor, Maine, and other principal cities in New England.
Freight carefully handled and forwarded promptly.
For through rates, or other information, apply to Agent Penna. R. R. Co., Pittsburgh, or
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CHAMBER, DINING ROOM,
HALL AND OFFICE
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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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ROLLS,
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
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Haskins' Patent Double Spiral Pinions and Rolling Mill Castings,
Of Every Description.
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Cor. Twenty-Fourth and Railroad Sts.,
TWELFTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,
Blast Furnace Engines,
PLAIN AND GROOVED
CHILLED ROLLS,
SHEARS AND PUNCHES,
NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns,
Ore Pulverizors
Of Improved Construction.
Mills for Grinding Brick Clay.
Castings Made Out of Gun Iron when ordered.
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JAMES B. YOUNG & CO.
Patent Semi-Steel, and Cast Iron
Chill Rolls
SAND ROLLS AND PINIONS,
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Cast and Finished to Order, at Lowest Current Rates.
41st, 42d and Valley R. R., Pittsburgh.

Iron City and Siberian Iron Works.
ROGERS & BURCHFIELD,
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Sheet Iron
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Office and Warehouse, No. 108 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Jacobus & Nimick Manuf'g Co.,
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Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D. 1833, and
PITTSBURGH VARIETY WORKS,
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HOUSE FRONTS A SPECIALTY.
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Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
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Immediately above [illegible]
Special attention given to FINE SHEET.

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ALL KINDS OF
Brass Castings Made to Order.
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MANUFACTURERS OF THE
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(Near Union Depot), PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Heavy Work, Steam Engines.
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Non-Explosive Head-Light Oil,
ONLY 35 CENTS PER GALLON.
BARBOUR & CO.,
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Office No. 1 DUQUESNE WAY.

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage.

PITTSBURGH, May 27, 1874.

	Cents.
Betts, Miss Mary, Johnstown, Pa.	3
Bamber, Thos., Memphis, Tenn	3
Buenti, Mattie, Williamsburg, Pa	3
Bechtli, S. C., Cincinnati, O	3
Caldwell, Rev. A., Sharpsburg, Pa	3
Coward, Michael, Freeport, Pa	3
Denham, Chas. H., Washington, D. C.	3
Graham, R. R., Cleveland, O	3
McIlyar, Rev. I. L., Sharpsburg, Pa	3
Hammill, Jno. S., Ravenna, O	3
Knies & Co., Peter, Millvale, Pa	1
Marsden, Sept., Philadelphia, Pa	3
Robbins, E., Tidioute, Pa	3
Rees, John, Niles, O	3
Saint, Annie C., Sisterville, Pa	3
Wheeler, A. O., Allegheny, Pa	3
Zimmerman Coal Elevator Co., Cincinnati, O.	3

E. C. NEGLEY, P. M.

Notice.

Subscribers to the COMMERCIAL in South Pittsburgh, Birmingham and Brownstown will hereafter be served by Charles Edwards, who alone is authorized to collect. Mr. Boyer is no longer a carrier on this paper.

Temperance Meeting.

There will be a temperance mass meeting at Trinity M. E. Church, on Twenty-fifth street, this evening. Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Reese, and others, are expected to be present and deliver addresses. A rousing time is anticipated.

Slight Fire---Horses Burned.

About eleven o'clock last night an alarm was given from box 5, Eagle engine house, to which the fire department promptly responded. The alarm was caused by the discovery of flames in a frame stable owned by Peter and Frank Snyder, ice dealers, on Decatur street, near Diamond street. Two horses were severely burned, but otherwise the loss was inconsiderable.

College Commencement.

The annual commencement at Washington and Jefferson College began on Tuesday. A large number of old graduates and friends of the institution were present. Mr. Britt was the poet of the occasion. In the evening Rev. W. H. Gill, of Allegheny, delivered his lecture on William III. Yesterday the alumni were entertained by the ladies, and last night the annual hop was given, the Great Western Band furnishing the music.

A Good Appointment.

Col. Wm. L. Foulk has been appointed sole agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity, by the Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia Press Association, recently organized. Col. Foulk is an old newspaper man, and fully conversant with the advertising business. He has had his "hand out" ever since the war began, but he will have no difficulty in taking hold again. He is active and energetic, and has the ability to serve the association with credit to himself and advantage to them. The official announcement will be found in another column.

South Side Republican Club.

The South Side Republican Club held a meeting last evening, Jenkin Jones, Esq., in the chair, and Mr. James D. Reed acting as Secretary.

The Committee on Constitution and By-laws reported progress and were continued.

Mr. Burt from the Committee on Hall for Meetings, made a similar report and the same action was taken.

After some discussion the initiation fee was fixed at five dollars.

After the transaction of some further business not of public importance the meeting adjourned.

Louisiana Relief.

A burning shame! Only four individuals attended the Louisiana relief meeting called by the Mayor for two o'clock yesterday afternoon, at the reception chamber, Municipal Hall. These four were three reporters and Major Hartzell, Mayor's clerk. On Friday evening, we are requested to announce, there will be a meeting of the citizens of Allegheny to devise measures for the relief of those who have suffered by the recent floods in Louisiana. The meeting will be held in the Common Council chamber, at half-past seven o'clock. The reception by Mayor Fleming of a telegram from Mayor Wiltz, of New Orleans, of similar import to that sent to Mayor Blackmore, decided Mr. Fleming upon this course.

Pennsylvania Reserve Association.

The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Reserve Association will be held at Bellefonte, Pa., on Thursday, June 4th, 1874.

It is earnestly hoped that this meeting, being in Central Pennsylvania, at a place easy of access, and the home of the honored President of our association, will be attended by every surviving member of the corps. All honorably discharged soldiers are invited to be present and participate in the re-union.

The soldiers of Bellefonte and Center county have already organized, and extend a cordial invitation to all to come. The citizens of the county earnestly unite with them, and we hope to meet on that occasion many of our comrades of other Pennsylvania organizations. Those intending to be present, whether as organizations or as individuals, are requested to give early notice to the Secretary of the Committee, John Hamilton, Esq., of Bellefonte.

Railroad Matters.

At the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, a committee was appointed to audit and examine into all the accounts, papers, &c., of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad and leased lines. The chairman of the committee is Will A. Stokes, Esq., formerly of Greensburg, but now of Philadelphia, and the secretary Mr. Ball, also of Philadelphia. Ex-State Treasurer Kemble is the expert accountant selected to examine the books for the committee, which, having completed the business in the East, arrived here at noon yesterday for the purpose of inquiring into affairs at this end of the line. The members of the committee with their families are quartered at the Monongahela House.

Messrs. A. J. Cassatt, Robert Pitcairn and other Pennsylvania Railroad officials are in the city, and will participate in the excursion which takes place to-day over the Ashtabula, Youngstown and Pittsburgh Railroad. The party leave the Union depot at ten o'clock this morning.

Crusade Notes.

John Featherstone, who keeps a saloon on Cedar avenue, corner of Ohio street, came before Mayor Fleming, of Allegheny, yesterday morning to make information against the crusaders for obstructing the sidewalk in front of his saloon. The Mayor refused to entertain the application at present. He wants to know how the courts are going to regard this vexed question before he undertakes to dispose of it on that side of the river. Mr. Featherstone will restrain his wrath until after to-day, when he will see what can be done.

The mass meeting called to assemble on Duquesne Way, by order of the Prohibition Temperance Alliance, this evening, will be held in Dr. Hanna's church, Sixth avenue.

At eight o'clock this morning the crusading ladies will assemble at the Alliance rooms and march to the Common Pleas Court room in a body to attend the hearing of the appeal from the Acting Mayor's decision in their case.

Mrs. Swift's band was out again yesterday morning on Ohio street and Madison avenue, Allegheny, and visited several saloons. Mrs. Motheral's band crusaded in the lower end of Allegheny on Tuesday.

The temperance meeting at the Wylie avenue African Methodist Episcopal church was well attended last evening. Mr. John Peck, Mrs. Hill and others made interesting addresses which were listened to attentively and frequently applauded. Our colored brethren appear to be much interested in the temperance reform now going on, and promise their aid and encouragement to the movement.

Soldiers' Orphan Schools.

The following circular of considerable interest to soldiers' orphans, who until now have been denied admission to the Solders's Orphans' Schools, has just been issued by A. Wilson Norris, Commander of the Department G. A. R., of Pennsylvania.

The Commander takes pleasure in informing the Department that the Legislature has amended the laws relating to the care of soldiers and Soldiers' Orphans, by the passage of the following:

"The children of deceased soldiers who were formerly residents of this State, and enlisted into the service of the United States in regiments belonging to other States, and died in said service, such children now residents of this State, and the children of deceased, destitute or permanently disabled soldiers or sailors, whether born after or before January first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, shall be admitted into the soldiers' orphans' schools on the same conditions as the orphans' of deceased soldiers and sailors are now admitted: PROVIDED *the number shall not exceed one hundred.*"

It will be noticed that this entirely removes the restriction as to date of birth, and permits the reception of the children of destitute or permanently disabled soldiers and sailors.

It is to be regretted that the proviso limiting the number to one hundred was inserted in the Senate, but it is believed that this number will cover all the very needy cases, and if a larger number apply during the year, doubtless an increase will be made by the next Legislature.

Posts are requested to seek such cases at once and make application for their admission to the State Superintendent, Prof. J. P. Wickersham, Harrisburg, accompanied by a full statement of the circumstances of the child or children, to be approved by the Post Commander.

The thanks of the department are due to the Committee on Legislation for their attention to this important duty.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Uncle Tom's Cabin was played at the matinee yesterday, and very much enjoyed. It will be repeated this evening. The little Irving girls do Eva and Topsy marvelously well. To-morrow evening Mr. J. Edwin Irving takes his farewell benefit.

The Conservatory Commencement.

This afternoon the American Conservatory of Music holds its first annual commencement at Library Hall. The event is one of unusual interest, as well from the fact of its marking the completion of the first year's progress of this institution as by reason of the musical feast it offers. The concerts which have been given during the year have been of a very high order, but we are assured that the music of to-day will be better still. The full grand orchestra, which has been under training for two months, is said to have acquired something near perfection. With the children's orchestra, (a novel and interesting feature) more than fifty performers will be brought together. On this occasion several original compositions will be presented. The programme is varied and lengthy, consisting of three parts. The first is the concert of the preparatory department, and commences at two o'clock. An original children's symphony, by Prof. Williams, will form an attractive feature. The second part will be sustained by the academic department, commencing at three o'clock, and the fourth by the faculty at four o'clock. The latter part will of course be the climax. An original symphonic poem will be rendered, libretto by Prof. Williams and music by F. Zitterbart, Jr. The words will be furnished to the audience and the appropriateness of the accompanying music may be fully enjoyed. The Robespierre overture, by Litolff, will also be rendered by the orchestra, as also Mozart's Seraglio overture and Mendelsshon's Wedding March. Among the other original compositions will be a flute solo by Prof. Guenther and a violin solo by Mr. Vonduheide. We confidently expect a musical entertainment second only to an evening with Thomas. The tickets are put at one dollar, and may be secured at Library Hall box office after 10 A. M. Doors open at half-past two.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

A new bill throughout will be presented at this theater this evening.

Martin's New Variety Theater.

A change of programme is promised at Martin's to-night. Everything fresh and good.

Academy of Music.

Don't forget that Josh Hart will introduce his great combination at the Academy to-morrow evening.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Official Visit by State Superintendent Wickersham and Other Educators---What was Said and Done---An Agreeable Time.

An official visit to, and inspection of, some of our city public schools was made yesterday by some of our prominent school officials and a number of directors and educators, and a most agreeable time was had. The party left the rooms of the Central Board of Education at nine o'clock in the morning, consisting as follows:

Dr. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent.
Robert Curry, Deputy State Superintendent.
A. T. Douthett, County Superintendent.
Geo. J. Luckey, City Superintendent, Pittsburgh.
John Davis, City Superintendent, Allegheny City.
J. H. Nobbs, President Central Board of Education.
John Wilson, M. W. Rankin, Samuel Harper, S. H. French, T. J. Craig, Charles Evans, Joseph Mitchell, and C. A. Kehew, members of the Central Board.
Prof. T. H. Douglas, Prof. R. F. Wilson, Prof. Andrew Burt, Prof. H. O. Gibbons and Prof. T. Jeff. Duncan, Principals.
J. J. Seibeneck, of the *Chronicle*, and Eugene M. O'Neil, of the *Dispatch*.

THE RALSTON SCHOOLS.

The first schools visited were those in the Ralston district in the Ninth ward, where Prof. Burt has for some twenty-two years been Principal. The building is located on the corner of Penn avenue and Fifteenth street, and was erected, or first opened, in 1861. A few minutes were spent by the party in each of the twelve rooms, and the progress of the scholars in each department was shown by examination and drill, by the teacher. The clear and distinct utterance by the scholars in reading was noticeable, showing culture of the voice, while their proficiency in penmanship and rapid advance in drawing were much approved. In this school drawing has been taught for some four or more years to the great interest of the pupils, but as is already known to our readers, it is only within the past year that it has been regularly taught scientifically, having been ordered by the Central Board of Education.

SPRINGFIELD SCHOOLS.

The Springfield schools in the Twelfth ward, Prof. Logan, Principal, were next visited. This is a new building elegantly furnished and handsomely arranged with all modern improvements. It is located on Smallman street near Twenty-ninth street. A specialty in this school is the study of calisthenics, in which Mr. Logan takes much interest, and we are free to say, to the benefit of his scholars and the good order and discipline of his school. The pupils were marched to the music of the organ into the handsome hall of the building and there the visitors were treated to some singing under the direction of Prof. Darling the able music teacher. One class then marched upon the stage and keeping time to the music, were put through all the motions of head, hands, feet and body under the direction of the Principal. The exhibition was most gratifying, and showed marked proficiency in drill. The concerted graceful movements of the boys and girls were excellent, and no one who witness it can fail to believe that this practice is a reform in school discipline that must have a marked good effect.

THE LAWRENCE SCHOOLS.

The Lawrence building, which is believed to be the neatest and best arranged in its plan, of any school building in the city, is located on the corner of Thirty-seventh and Charlotte sts. Fifteenth ward. Prof. Gibbons, the principal, among other things, is credited with being very successful in the matter of discipline. The location of the building is very pleasant, being near the Allegheny river, next to the beautiful United States arsenal grounds, and surrounded with trees. The rooms are all handsomely fitted up, and a pleasing sight is the pictures upon the walls and hanging baskets in the windows. In one of the rooms Mrs. De Long, teacher, exhibited with her pupils the method of instruction by object lessons, whereby the thinking faculties of the child are developed step by step. The discipline of the school was shown by the dismissal and reassembling at recess. Each pupil of each room knew his or her place, and the scholars of each room marched out slowly, in order, on the tap of the bell. When the time came for reassembling the girls and boys, upon the tap of the bell, took their places in rows, and marched in order, room by room into the building and to their respective places again.

THE WASHINGTON SCHOOLS

located on Fortieth street, next visited, are presided over by Mr. T. Jeff Duncan. Here as elsewhere neatness and order were noticeable and the visitors entered various rooms, engaged in hearing scholars recite, examining specimens of their drawing upon the blackboards, and their penmanship. Soon after the arrival of the party the dinner hour came and they were invited to the hall of the building where the ladies had prepared an elegant repast. To this, ample justice was done. Feeling then in the best of spirits some speeches were made, of which we make, for want of space, but brief note.

Prof. Luckey offered the toast: The common schools of Pennsylvania. Response by Prof. Wickersham.

Mr. Wickersham said he need hardly tell how much he enjoyed the panorama brought before him to-day. The progress of the public school system, as shown him, could not be effaced from his memory. Specialties in the way of gymnastics and discipline had been shown, and now he and other workers in the cause of education had been shown an always pleasing specialty in the way of refreshments. He could compliment these teachers on both their work as teachers and on this splendid collation. He believed that the progress in the common school system in Pittsburgh had been more rapid than in the State at large. When he looked back ten years, he was astonished at the change. He believed that in no State in the Union had such progress been made as in Pennsylvania. The amount of money expended, itself told of this. In 1866 the whole amount expended for school purposes, was $3,500,000, while during the last year the people, with a willingness, had reached in their pockets and furnished for the cause the magnificent sum of $9,000,000. This sum was devoted to the education of 900,000 children of the State. The common school system had triumphed over many difficulties, and now scarcely any opposition to it exists. We, teachers, have a great responsibility in keeping up its success and standing, and each and all should do his or her share. In closing, Professor Wickersham returned thanks for the entertainment.

Prof. Duncan offered the following: Our guests of the day—the friends of the public schools. Response by Prof. Andrew Burtt.

Mr. Burtt said that he knew of no one who had devoted himself with more energy and ability to build up the public schools than Dr. Wickersham, the State Superintendent. Our advance is, in a great measure due to his efforts. He had always labored to secure a system of culture for the benefit of the whole people. It seemed to the speaker that Prof. Wickersham first caught the great results that could be attained and had always helped to reach them. The Central Board of Education was next complimented for aid in the advancement of the school system, while school directors of Pittsburgh, generally, deserve credit for their efficient work in the some behalf; to them, the speaker said, is due credit for energy, liberality and progress. The speaker closed with some remarks on behalf of teachers, and said that he hoped they would continue their earnest labors.

Mr. Luckey next offered the toast: The Schools of Pittsburgh, which was responded to neatly by Samuel Harper, Esq.

Mr. Logan offered: The Principal and Teachers of Washington District Schools—our host and hostess of to-day. This was responded to in a happy vein by Rev. Mr. Watkins, in which he complimented the teachers of the schools and thanked them for the entertainment.

Prof. Luckey then offered: The Lady Teachers of Pittsburgh, to which Mr. T. J. Craig happily responded.

The closing toast, The Public Press of Pittsburgh, was offered by Prof. Duncan, and neatly responded to by E. M. O'Neill, Esq., of the *Dispatch*.

THE HILAND SCHOOLS.

After bidding adieu to the teachers of the Washington schools, the party wended their way to those of the Hiland district, East Liberty, Professor Fulton, principal. Here they found, besides the teachers and scholars, a number of the directors and citizens, awaiting them. The visitors then gathered in the hall of the building, and the pupils were marched into their presence. Short addresses were then delivered to the scholars.

Professor Wickersham being introduced, said he was glad to see the bright faces before him. He congratulated the children upon the beautiful school grounds provided for them. They were a necessary appendage to a good school. He would almost as soon dispense with apparatus in the school as handsome grounds. He was glad that the citizens, through the Board of Directors, had well furnished them and ornamented them. He could hardly see how there could be any but good scholars in such a fine house and such a pleasant location. But most important and commendable was the interest taken in the school by the directors and citizens, of whom so many were present. Pittsburgh is known everywhere as one of the busiest of places in the whole land, and this visit showed how busy the citizens were in seeing to their schools, and the scholars in taking advantage of them. He commended the Board of Education, and said that the great weight of the common school system rests upon the shoulders of directors, and the fifteen thousand directors of the State were among her best men.

Rev. Bernard F. Ferris, a Catholic clergyman, and one who takes a great interest in these schools, next addressed the children. He said it afforded him great pleasure to see the scholars collected in a body, and he congratulated the Principal for the care and zeal he had bestowed upon them during the past year with the good results that had been shown. The speaker knew the children from meeting them almost daily, and had known their Principal for a long time. As an American he was glad to meet them—to meet so many pleasant faces and such loving hearts. He congratulated them upon their living under the grandest government known to the world, and hoped they would all be worthy of it.

Short addresses from Prof. Curry, Captain Harper, Rev. Vernon, Rev. Herr, Rev. Holland, County Superintendent Douthett, and City Superintendent Luckey, after which the children were dismissed.

The visitors were then treated to ice cream, cake and lemonade, for which a vote of thanks to the lady teachers was passed. It was then almost four o'clock, and as a visit to the

BELLEFIELD SCHOOLS,

Fourteenth ward, had been promised, the party hurried thither, and were welcomed by Prof. Wilson, the Principal. It was found that the pupils were still awaiting the visitors, although it was long past the hour of dismissal. The party visited each of the four rooms, and in each Prof. Wickersham was introduced to the pupils, and they were addressed by him briefly. In one of the rooms a little girl presented the Superintendent with a handsome bouquet, for which he returned thanks. This school building is one of the neatest in the city, the rooms being light and airy, and the whole arrangement and furnishment all that could be desired. The children looked their prettiest, and the visitors were much pleased with them.

The party returned to the city about five o'clock in the evening, very much pleased with their trip. The State Superintendent and other officials will visit the High School this morning, remaining until noon.

Temperance Conventions.

The temperance movement looks as if it would culminate in this city during the coming month, if the number of conventions to be held in that period affords any criterion.

First, the Allegheny County Executive Committee of the Prohibition party, have issued a call for a County Convention, to meet in the Alliance Rooms, corner of Penn avenue and Sixth street, on Thursday, June 15th at ten o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various offices to be filled at the November election. The call is for two delegates from each election district.

The next will be the Catholic State Temperance Union Convention, which will meet at the Academy of Music on June 17 and 18, prox., and consist of two delegates from each of the ninety-one societies in the Union.

Lastly, the officers of the Women's Christian Temperance Union—that is, the leaders of the modern crusade—have issued a call for a State Temperance Convention, to meet in Pittsburgh on Wednesday, the 24th of June. All churches and organizations interested in the promotion of the temperance cause, are requested to send as many delegates as possible.

THE STATE TAX ON WRITS.

Judge Sterrett Decides in Favor of the County, and Advises a Peremptory Mandamus---The Prothonotary Appeals to the Supreme Court.

The question as to whether the State tax on writs collected by the Prothonotary of Allegheny county should be paid into the county or the State treasury, is not so near a solution as was generally supposed. It will be remembered that some weeks since the County Treasurer applied to the Court of Common Pleas for a rule to show why a mandamus should not issue against the Prothonotary compelling him to pay the money over as required by law. Judge Sterrett yesterday delivered the following

OPINION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania *ex rel* Samuel Kilgore, Treasurer, &c., vs. B. F. Kennedy, Esq., Prothonotary.

The act of April 6, 1830, section 3, directs that on every original writ issued out of Court, except the writ of *habeas corpus*—every writ of *certiorari*—the entry of every amicable action, and every entry of judgment by confession or otherwise, where suit has not been previously brought, the Prothonotary "shall demand and receive" the sum of fifty cents; and on every transcript of the judgment of a justice of the peace or alderman, the sum of twenty-five cents.

The sums thus specified constitute what is generally known as the State tax on writs and legal proceedings; and the answer of the defendant admits that in obedience to the requirement of the act, he has been demanding and receiving the same, but he claims that it should not be paid into the County Treasury. The only question raised by the petition and answer is whether the Prothonotary should not include the sums in his monthly return, and pay the same into the County Treasury. It is not necessary for us, at present, to inquire whether the money belongs to the county or to the State. The Prothonotary does not claim it, and if it is his duty to pay it into the County Treasury he will at once do so. The fourth section of the act of April 6, 1871, P. L., p. 477, provides "that whenever the tax due the State on any writs or legal proceedings, or the State's proportion of the fees received shall be ascertained and audited, in accordance with law, said tax and fees shall be paid by warrant on the County Treasury." It is the tax on writs and legal proceedings that is here spoken of, and the act seems to contemplate that it shall be first paid into the County Treasury, and then be paid to the State Treasurer. By the first section of the supplement approved March 6, 1872, P. L. p. 208, the fourth section of the act of 1871, above cited, is repealed, and it is declared that "the other sections of said act, shall be so constructed as to be in harmony with the succeeding sections" of the supplement. One of those, viz.: the fifth section, provides among other things that "the *gross receipts* of the offices of Prothonotary, &c., shall be paid into the county treasury, for the use of the county, in the same manner that the other fees and emoluments are returned by the several officers, in pursuance of the provisions of this act, and the act to which this is a supplement, and all acts or parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this section are hereby repealed; so far as they effect this act." P. L., 1872, page 210.

We have already seen that the Prothonotary is required to demand and receive, and, in fact, has received the money in question, amounting to $1,557 75, and we are at a loss to see why it should not be considered as forming a part of the "gross receipts" of his office. Certainly the language employed is comprehensive enough to include it. Without pursuing the inquiry further, it is sufficient to say that an examination of the several acts referred to leads us to the conclusion that the Prothonotary should have included the money in question in his monthly return, and that it should have been paid into the county treasury.

It is therefore ordered that a peremptory mandamus be issued, and that the costs of the proceeding be paid by the defendant.

BY THE COURT.

ACTION OF THE PROTHONOTARY.

Mr. Kennedy immediately took out a writ of error, with a view to having the case carried to the Supreme Court. He does this in self-defense, because, if the State should bring suit on his official bond, at Harrisburg, it would not be a sufficient answer for him there that the Court of Allegheny county had ordered him to pay the money into the county treasury.

THE NEW LEGISLATION.

Some misapprehension evidently exists in regard to the new laws passed relative to this subject. One of the evening papers yesterday quoted from Senate bills 112 and 178, to show that while the former requires payment of the moneys in dispute directly into the State treasury, the latter provides that the moneys must first go into the county treasury. Senate bill 178 was not passed as reported, the clause requiring payment into the county treasury having been stricken out before final passage. Both these acts were therefore made consistent in requiring the moneys to be paid directly into the State treasury.

We understand that, in the meantime, the County Controller will not receive the partial returns of the Prothonotary, and that no warrants will be signed by him for payment of salaries to the Prothonotary or to any of his clerks. This is a very awkward fix for both the officers to be in; but there seems to be no other way of it.

THE COUNTY TAXES.

A Good Showing Under the Ten Per Cent. Discount Arrangement---No Grumbling Among Taxpayers.

The County Treasurer, Colonel Kilgore, commenced receiving taxes, upon the duplicates of 1874 on the 15th of the present month. The sum, allowed this year, for prompt payment has increased from five to ten per cent., and under this arrangement the money is pouring into the treasury very briskly. It is usual to commence collecting taxes on the first of May, but owing to the delay in getting the duplicates ready this year no taxes were received until the 15th. From that date until the first of July ten per cent. was allowed to be thrown off. Although the treasurer was fifteen days later in beginning this year, he has received more money than he had at this date last year. There is no doubt but that the great bulk of the taxes will be in the Treasurer's hands before the first of July, as it will not pay any one to throw away the opportunity to save one-tenth of his entire taxes.

From the first of July to the 15th of August, a deduction of five per cent. will be allowed, and from the latter date to the 15th of September the face of the duplicates will be demanded. After the 15th of September the taxes unpaid will go into the hands of collectors, and ten per cent. will be added to pay the costs of collection.

The treasurer states that there is no grumbling on the part of those who pay. About three-fourths of all those who have paid find their taxes less than they were last year. Mechanics and laboring men uniformly find the assessments against them less than heretofore. The owners of large properties have more taxes to pay, but as yet no one of this class has complained that the tax imposed is unjust.

Mr. Kilgore thinks that the "lost taxes" this year will not amount to one-half the usual sum, because the amount assessed upon the poorer classes are very much smaller. Nearly all the "lost taxes" are upon occupations, and of course the smaller the assessments the less the loss will be. Then there are a great many laboring men who will willingly pay a moderate tax, but who will pay nothing if they find the sum large. Of course wherever a poor man finds himself benefitted under the new assessment, some one better off in property will have to help make up the difference, as the average amount to be collected will be about the same as last year. There are no "lost taxes" upon real property, so that the new plan is going to result in a saving that was not before thought of or anticipated.

As the *Post* suggested a few days ago, the tax payers are "comparing their tax receipts," and find them all right!

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court---Judge McCandless.

Keese, Perry & Co., bankrupts, Oil City. Leave granted assignee to sell certain personal property, notes, judgments, &c., mentioned in the individual schedules of M. A. Perry, subject to assignment.

Frank Woodward, bankrupt, Erie county. Petition of bankrupt for discharge was presented and order made for final hearing before Register Woodruff, at Erie.

E. P. Jones, trustee, &c., vs. Allegheny Valley Railroad. Bill in equity. Reported elsewhere.

Isaac J. Deeds, creditor, vs. Jos. S. Smith, Washington county. Petition in bankruptcy presented. The amount claimed, $8,463, embraced in five promissory notes, each dated April 1, 1873, and made payable twenty-seven, twenty-nine, fifty-one, sixty-three and seventy-four months after date. The acts of bankruptcy alleged are a departure from the district with intent to defraud his creditors, disposing of certain personal property to Joseph Haven, and of confessing judgments in favor of James Hamilton, of said county. The usual order was made.

P. Cunningham, bankrupt, Cambria county. Additional exceptions filed to the confirmation of the approval of J. D. Blair as assignee. Hearing on same fixed for 17th prox. Rule to take depositions granted. Rule also granted Register Brotherline to show cause why he should not file with Clerk McCandless the full record of proceedings before him on the 20th and 22d inst. Rule returnable 17th July prox.

McMullin & Stewart, bankrupts, Crawford county. Exceptions filed to auditor's report, and hearing in same fixed for 10th prox.

ADMISSIONS.

On motion of Robert Woods, Esq., John Aiken, Esq., of Washington, Pa., and on motion of William McClelland, Esq., J. Newton McClosky, of Meadville, Pa., were admitted to practice at this court.

District Court---Judges Ewing and White.

In the case of McGhee & McGary vs. David Hamilton and James Hamilton, an action in replevin to recover the value of a raft of lumber caught in the river by defendants and claimed by the plaintiffs, jury found for the plaintiffs for $425.

In the case of Austin Corbin, guardian, vs. John W. Zahniser, plaintiff made a motion and filed reasons for a new trial.

D. L. Smith vs. Charles Stafford, an action to recover for money expended for defendant and for work and labor done. Verdict by agreement of $590 50 for plaintiff, the amount of the claim.

Robert Potter, executor of William Dickson, deceased, vs. Jonathan Aiken. The defendant, Jonathan Aiken, was appointed administrator of the estate of the wife of William Dickson, who died intestate and without issue. Robert Potter, as administrator of William Dickson, brings suit to recover the estate of the late Mrs. Dickson, claiming that under the law he was entitled to the same. The case is on trial before Judge White.

Saturday being a legal holiday, the Court will not be in session on that day.

On Friday morning, at nine o'clock, the Court will arrange the trial list for next week and hear current motions.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

McQuiston & Kraft vs. Reese & Co.; S. R. McClean vs. Schoonmaker; same vs. same; Logan vs. Murray; Welch vs. Kongrel; McBrown vs. Homestead bank; McClean vs. Schoonmaker; Floyd vs. Moorhead, Adams & Co.; Second National bank vs. Moorhead, Adams & Co.

Common Pleas---Full Bench

In the case of Sadler, Havens & Co. vs. Leon Hershberg, an action to recover for cattle sold, the jury found for the plaintiffs in the sum of $278 34.

In the case of Caughey, McCallen & Co. vs. Bryant, McGaw & Co., the jury found for the defendants.

David R. Galway vs. W. H. Shoenberger, and same plaintiffs vs. Thos. S. Blair; verdicts of $4,112 16 for the plaintiff were found in each case. The actions were on a promisory note. The defendants made motions and filed reasons for a new trial.

In the case of Daniel Chestnut vs. J. H. McFarland, defendant confessed judgment for the amount of plaintiff's claim.

Henry B. Rea vs. A. J. You, an action to recover damages for injury done to the buggy of plaintiff by careless driving on part of defendant. Verdict for plaintiff for $12 04.

The case of Dominec Gallagher vs. John Ebbert, an action for work and labor done, is on trial before Judge Sterrett.

John Barrett presented a petition for the adoption of James Finnegan and the petition was granted.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Lewis vs. Nellis & Co.; Kungelman vs. Mista; Reitwiser, for use, vs. same; Bacon vs. Germania Savings Bank; Tradesman's National Bank vs. John Neish & Bros.; Cassiday & Co. vs. Lemon; Spangler & Daft vs. Howley; Boyd vs. Dolan, et al.; Britton vs. Reese et al.; Watson vs. Narrz; Shaughnessy vs. Findley; Mitchell, Prest., etc., vs. Herron et al., executors.

THE BENNETT'S BRANCH TROUBLES.

Application to Restrain Judgment Creditors---Restraining Orders Granted.

In the United States District Court, yesterday, W. C. Friend, Esq., attorney for E. P. Jones, trustee, etc., filed a bill in equity praying for an injunction to restrain certain tracklayers, one hundred and fifty in number, who, claiming that the Allegheny Valley Railroad was in arrears to them for wages, took possession of the Summit tunnel, in Clearfield county, May 21, and thus sought to compel payment to them in preference to other creditors, by taking up the rails from the road bed, capturing one of the company's engineers, alleging that they would hold possession and prevent operations till they were paid, and that they are now in possession, and that no business can be transacted—that, in conjunction with this force of tracklayers, another force of laborers claiming to be creditors have issued notices that no trains shall pass, or business be done until their claims are paid in full; that the leaders of said rioters attempt to obtain a preference over other creditors; that the leaders, so far as can be learned, are Thomas McGuire, Patrick Walsh and Wm. Stackpole; that on the 23d instant, at Reynoldsville, Jefferson county, certain party claiming to be creditors and employees seized a train of cars and now hold it, and have issued notices not to allow any trains to pass Reynoldsville; that the leaders of these riotous acts, so far as known, are J. Barkley, N. Boyles, H. Belknap; that on the 21st inst., H. Woodward, of Pennfield, Clearfield county, claiming to be a creditor, has taken possession of the trestle work at that place, driving away the watchman, interfering with the operation of the road, &c.; that the aforesaid acts have resulted in injury to said road, and if continued will result in loss to the general creditors, and an injunction is therefore asked for. A restraining order was granted.

The same plaintiff also filed a petition praying for an order to restrain Thos. Donohey, Con Creton, F. Sullivan, et ux., M. Guzenhill, John Heckelem, J. R. Hughes, creditors, of Venango county, who have obtained judgments against the Allegheny Valley Railroad, at the August term of Common Pleas Court of Venango county, and also before 'Squire Hazlett, of the same county; that C. C. Shaner, John Kuhns et ux, Ann Crawford, of the same county, have obtained judgments before R. Powers, Justice of the peace of said county; that Frederick Hague, of Armstrong county, had obtained judgment in the Common Pleas Court of Armstrong county at the June term of 1874, together with Chas. Weaver, Thos. Contiff, George Bauerline, John H. Reed, John Burgestruet, D. Bryson, A. Dugan, A. Henry, Adam Smith, Quigly Reed; that said judgments are in the possession of officers of the law, and that executions have been issued on the same. Restraining order granted returnable on the 4th of June.

THE FIRE FIEND.

A Little Girl Burned to Death in a Sharpsburg Barn---Incendiarism on the South Side.

A fire broke out about eight o'clock last night, in a barn belonging to a Mr. Yoester, in Stewardstown, above Sharpsburg, which resulted in the horrible death of a little girl. It appears that the man went into the barn with a lantern, which was overturned, setting fire to some refuse, and before Mr. Yoester could comprehend the situation the flames were filling the building with scorching and suffocating gases. The barn and contents were entirely consumed. The most dreadful part of the affair remains to be told. A five-year-old daughter of Mr. K. had, it appears, followed him into the barn, and in the confusion she was not missed until it was too late, and, shocking to relate, was burned to death. The sad death of the little girl has not only caused the most agonizing grief in the afflicted family, but has also cast a gloom all over the little community in which the catastrophe occurred.

FIRE ON THE SOUTH SIDE.

Between one and two o'clock yesterday morning a fire was discovered in a two-story frame tenement belonging to Michael Schiedemantel, situated on Kiel's hill, in the Twenty-seventh ward, South Side, which, together with two other buildings immediately opposite, were totally destroyed before the conflagration was checked. The house where the fire originated had just been vacated the day before by a family named Greenhouse, who had occupied the premises as tenants and were notified to give up possession. There being no fire on the premises strong suspicions of incendiarism are entertained. The case is being investigated by Assistant Fire Marshal Knox. The other two houses were occupied by families named Naw and Bishop, who lost all their household goods, and barely escaped with their lives. The property is owned by Nicholas Denoff, Wm. Harsh and Michael Schiedemantel. About one-third of the loss is covered by insurance in South Side companies.

As there is no water communication with the city water works, the fire engines were not called out and no alarm was given, although the location of the conflagration was not above a quarter of a mile from Carson street, in the Twenty-sixth ward.

A SATISFACTORY CONFERENCE.

When the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will Build the Proposed Bridges Over Their Tracks within the City.

The special committee, consisting of Messrs. Aiken and Littell, of Select Council, and Messrs. West, Meyran and Thomson, of the Common Branch, appointed under Mr. Harrison's resolution for the purpose of conferring with the Pennsylvania Railroad officials and ascertaining when the latter proposed building the bridge over their tracks at Thirty-third street, had a conference with Messrs. Cassatt, Pitcairn, Gardner and other officials of the road at the Union Depot Hotel last evening. After consultation the Pennsylvania Railroad officials agreed to commence immediately the bridges at Shady lane and Ellsworth avenue. Under the original ordinance for the Ellsworth avenue improvement, it was proposed by the authorities to construct an overhead bridge crossing the railroad at right angles. But as the avenue strikes and leaves the road obliquely from south to north, such a direction of the bridge would necessitate the purchase of a strip of fifty feet in length on both sides of the avenue, causing a zig zag bend in the road. The supplementary ordinance required the bridge to be built obliquely, but raised an issue between the Ellsworth avenue commissioners and the railway authorities, which was compromised last evening, the commissioners, agreeing to assess the difference in cost between the direct and oblique bridges on the avenue.

Both these bridges must be completed by October 1st, 1874, as the Penn Avenue act and its supplements, under which Ellsworth avenue and Shady Lane are being improved, require the work and assessments to be completed within two years, which will expire about the date stated.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will proceed at once to complete their estimates of the cost of the Thirty-third street bridge, and guarantee to have it built by the time Liberty avenue is paved which must be within two years.

The Penn avenue, and other bridges, Messrs. Cassatt and Pitcairn stated would be built as soon as possible.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were placed on record since our last report, in the County Recorder's office:

Henry Jager to John Eusman, January 13, 1874; lot in Tenth ward, Allegheny, on Charles street....$720

Bartholomew Dugan to Patrick Caveugh, August 4, 1873; tract of land in Chartiers township, on Chestnut way, 83x30....$1,050

August Schurr to Christian Siebert, April 18, 1874; lot in Shaler township, on the Evergreen Plank Road, 130x16 feet....$700

Watson Whitfield to Christian Siebert, June 27, 1873; lot on Harrison street, Seventeenth ward, 20x100 feet....$912

Joseph S. Morrison, trustee to Elizabeth Binder, July 13, 1871; lot in Reserve township, on the west end of the Sawmill Valley plank road, 120x50 feet....$1,000

Chas. H. Knapp to John H. Cole, April 1, 1874; tract of land in Pine township, containing 66 acres and 83 perches....$6,984

Jno. McConnell to Sno. Jenkins, February 12, 1874; lot in McKeesport borough, on Sixth street....$6,000

Chas. W. Mills to Isaac Mills, May 20, 1874; tract of land at Petersburg, on the Monongahela river....$1

Henry C. Foreman to Mrs. S. A. Morgan, February 19, 1874; lot in Thirteenth ward, on Meyran avedue, 100x33 feet....$13,500

Thomas A. Mellon to Eliza J. Headrick, February 20, 1874, lot in the Twenty-first ward 100x25 feet....$175

Thomas A. Mellon to R. Baird Patterson, et al., May, 1874, tract of land in Union township containing one-half acre....$100

Emmon Fawcett to Park Painter, May 16, 1874, tract of land in Allegheny City, Fifth ward, at the southern end of Ridge street, 133x48 feet....$25,000

Martha H. Bryce, executrix to James Bryce, April 27, 1874, six shares in the partnership of Bryce, Walker & Co....$6,600

James Bryce to Samuel A. Bryce, April 30, 1874, one share said stock, named above....$1 00

James Bryce to Frank Gordon Bryce, April 30, 1874, one share of same stock, as above....$1 00

Same to James McDonald Bryce, April 30, 1874, one share of said stock....$1 00

Same to David Kerr Bryce, April 30, 1874, three shares of said stock....$4 800

W. W. Knox to Jas. F. Grimes, June 18th, 1873, tract of land in Lower St. Clair township, containing thirty lots, as laid out in the plan of lots....$22,400

H. B. and John B. Wilkins to R. T. Graham, April 6, 1874; the undivided half of a parcel of land in Etna borough and Shaler township belonging to the heirs of John Wilkins. Consideration, that the grantee obtain the title to the whole of the land and incur the expense and pay one dollar to the grantors.

R. T. Graham to Edwin E. Graham, May 16, 1874; lot in Etna borough....$1

John C. Eaton to Harvey Robb, April 15, 1873; grantor's estate for life in a lot of ground in Scott township, on the old Washington road....$1,200

Edward Eichenlaub to Christian Fullerman, September 11, 1872; lots 27, 28 and 29 in Eichenlaub's plan of lots in Etna borough....$1,740

Joseph McNaughter to Robert Jamison, April 14, 1874; lot on Lombard street, in Seventh ward, Allegheny, No. 2½ in McNaughter's plan of lots....$950

John Stephen and George S. Schmidt to John White, Jr., and Jacob Ochsenhurst, May 15, 1874; deed of assignment of lot in Diamond, Pittsburgh, and lot on Pike street, Third ward, Allegheny, to secure a debt.

Charles G. Muehlstein to Frederick Pflum, March 25, 1874; lot 24x165 feet in the Brereton plan of lots in the Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh....$1,200

William Woolslayer to Jacob Bender, March 26, 1874; lot No. 88, in the Woolslayer's plan of lots, in the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh....$1,200

Morgaretha Hess to Mary Rauscher, January 12, 1874, part of lot on Penn avenue, in the Sixteenth ward....$5 00

Charles Arbuthnot *et al.*, executors of Alexander Martin, to the Allegheny Gas Company, February 27, 1874, lot on South Diamond street, Allegheny City, 20x110 feet....$15,000

George Finley to George S. Fulmer, April 9, 1874, lot No. 37, 30x125 feet in Finley's plan of lots in the Twenty-first ward....$1,200

Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad Company to Wm. B. Bockstoce, January 1, 1874, three acres and seventy-five perches in Baldwin township....$1,734 37

Jonathan Jones to Elizabeth Towns, April 27, 1874; lot in Bellone....$300

Joseph Stewart and Samuel H. French to Philander Wible, October 23, 1873; lot in Thirty-sixth ward....$1,316

A. J. McQuitty to Patrick Fitzpatrick, April 13, 1874, lot on Liberty street, Tenth ward, 24x50 feet....$2,000

Thos. A. Mellon to Ann McKenna, April 1, 1874; lot No. 71 in Mellon's plan of Homewood lots....$450

Alex. Kerr to John Jones, May 5, 1874; lot in Wilkins township, on the township road, containing 102 perches....$500

William Nicholson to Geo. W. Miller, May 14, 1874; lot No. 4 on Webster street, Steward's plan of lots....$850

R. G. Herron and W. C. Aughinbaugh, executors of Clarissa Herron, to Peter Mullen; lot at the intersection of Herron and Wylie avenues, in the Thirteenth ward....$700

Same to John Flaherty; lot adjoining above....$800

Benjamin McClain to Catherine Elkey, May 12, 1874; quit claim deed for two lots, Nos. 185 and 186, in McClain and Maple's plan of lots in the Thirty-first ward....$1 00

Same to Louisa Fickley, May 11, 1874; quit claim deed for lots Nos. 187 and 188, in same plan....$1 00

Removed.

Holtzman & Wiederhold, Upholsterers, to 64 Wood street.

THE NEW CITY LAW.

Brief Abstract of the Provisions Affecting Pittsburgh.

City Solicitor Bigelow yesterday received a certified copy of the new law regulating the government of cities within the Commonwealth. The committee appointed by Councils on Monday to confer with the City Solicitor and report upon the changes which are rendered necessary under this new law, will meet with that official this morning. The points of the bill which specially refer to Pittsburgh are as follows:

The terms of office of members of Select Council shall be two and of Common Council one year.

No bill for an ordinance shall be so altered or amended as to change its original purpose. All bills must be referred to a committee before passage. No bill shall contain more than one subject.

Every legislative act of council shall be by resolution or ordinance, and every ordinance or resolution, except as hereinafter provided, shall, before it takes effect, be duly engrossed and certified to the mayor for his approval.

The Mayor shall sign the said resolution or ordinance if he approves it, or return the same to the branch of councils wherein such resolution or ordinance originated within ten days or at the next meeting of Councils after the ten days have expired; if he does not approve it with the reasons therefor, and if thereupon each branch of Councils pass the same within five days of such veto by a vote of three-fifths of all the members elected to each branch, it shall become as effective as though the Mayor had signed the same. It shall equally become effective if he should neglect to return the same within such ten days.

The Mayor shall supervise the conduct of all city officers, examine the grounds of all reasonable complaints made against any of them, and cause all of their violations or neglect of duty to be promptly punished or reported to the proper tribunal for correction, and for the purpose aforesaid he is empowered to issue subpœnas and compulsory process for the production of such persons and such books and papers as he may deem necessary.

No ordinance shall be passed, except by a two-thirds vote of both councils and approved by the Mayor, giving any extra compensation to any police officer, servant, employee, agent or contractor, after services shall have been rendered or contract made, nor providing for the payment of any claim against the city without previous authority of law, and any officer drawing any warrant, or passing any voucher for the same, or paying the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding five thousand dollars and imprisonment not exceeding one year.

All stationary, printing paper and fuel used in councils and other departments of the city government, and all work and materials required by the city, shall be furnished, and the printing and all other kinds of work to be done for the city, shall be performed under contract to be given to the lowest responsible bidder, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by ordinance, and it shall be the duty of councils forthwith to enact such ordinances. No member or officer of councils or any department of the city government, shall be in any way interested in such contract, either at its inception or during the progress of its fulfillment, or furnish any materials or supplies or labor for such contract.

No portion of the property of any such city shall be used for purposes of gain by any official, councilman, agent or employee of said city or any department thereof.

That the municipal authorities and courts having jurisdiction in any city of this commonwealth shall have exclusive control and direction of opening streets, alleys, highways, etc.

NORMAL SCHOOL AT CALIFORNIA.

Official Visit and Favorable Report---An Enthusiastic Meeting of Citizens.

On Tuesday, a number of gentlemen, including Dr. Wickersham, Hon. George V. Lawrence, Hon. Daniel Kane, of Uniontown, Hon. William H. Sauner, of Somerset, Hon. A. B. Young, of this county, and others, paid an official visit to California, Washington county, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Normal School at that place came up to the requirements of the school laws, so as to enable it to be recognized as a State institution.

A thorough inspection was made, and the visitors were very much pleased with the result, as the facts in regard to the school will enable them to make a favorable report.

The visitors were as much surprised as gratified at the spirit manifested by the people on this occasion. A public meeting was held and the population seemed to have turned out *en masse*. The assemblage was one of the largest ever witnessed in the town. When the announcement was made that the committee had found that the requirements of the law had been fully met, there was the most marked enthusiasm, and speeches were called for. Congratulatory addresses were made by Dr. Wickersham, Mr. Lawrence, Mr. Kane, Mr. Young and Mr. Curry, Deputy Superintendent of this county. The speeches were well received, and the audience were jubilant at the result of the visit.

The spirit manifested by the people of that section of Washington county, in educational matters, is highly commendable, and the committee took occasion to compliment them for the zeal and liberality which they had shown in their Normal School enterprize.

STREETS IN ALLEGHENY.

Meeting of the Committee---Improvements Ordered.

The Street Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening, Mr. Patterson in the chair.

On motion of Mr. Golden, a committee consisting of Messrs. Golden, Hutman and Ackley, were appointed to interview Mr. Fleming and try to effect a compromise with him relative to his claim for abatement on the assessment for the filling of Fulton street.

J. V. Hoag was elected Street Improvement Inspector, at a salary of three dollars per diem.

On motion of Mr. Cochran, the contractor for the sewer on Western avenue was authorized to complete the sewer according to contract, it having been in contemplation to stop the work short of the distance agreed upon.

The contract for furnishing, dressing and laying stone crossings needed during the year was let to J. P. and R. H. Knox, at seventy-five cents per lineal foot.

The committee having been notified that Martin Joice had thrown up the contract for erecting a sewer on Buena Vista street, the City Engineer was instructed to let the contract to the next lowest bidder.

The following ordinances were ordered. For grading and paving of Kirkpatrick avenue to Sedgewick street; for the construction of a main sewer on Fayette street, from Beaver avenue to Manhattan street; for a central sewer from Manhattan street to Fulton street.

Lost Boys.

Mr. Joseph Albree, who resides at No. 26 Cedar avenue, is much distressed over the loss of two sons, one aged ten the other twelve years, who have been missing since eight o'clock yesterday morning.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

A NEW Art Association is about to be projected in this city.

IT is stated that the new summer schedule for the government of all trains will go into effect on Sunday night next.

P. P. WARD, committee of Bridget Reardon, lunatic, filed his bond in the sum of $4,000 in the Common Pleas Court yesterday.

THE Mayor is vested with the veto power now, and it will take a three-fifths vote to pass ordinances or resolutions over his veto.

THE statement that the American Iron Works resumed operations on Monday is not true, for they had not ceased to operate.

COL. JAMES K. KERR arrived at his home yesterday in East Liberty from a nearly two years' tour of Europe and Africa, much improved in health.

JAMES MACKRELL and John Jones were discharged from the Workhouse by the Common Pleas Court, yesterday on writs of habeas corpus. The commitments were defective.

MR. S. R. MCCLEAN, formerly in the banking business in this city, has been brought here from New York to answer certain charges preferred against him relative to operations in stocks.

PROHIBITION is no new thing. In old colony times they had a law against a young man's courting a girl without the consent of her parents. We wonder how such a law would operate in these days.

ALDERMAN BUTTLER yesterday committed Charles Miller, of Shore alley, Eighth ward, to jail, to await a hearing charged with assault and battery, having attempted to cremate his wife on the kitchen stove.

SATURDAY being Decoration day, and a legal holiday, there will be no sessions of the Courts held. On Friday the Judges will meet for the purpose of fixing up the trial list for the first week in the June term.

IN THE District Court yesterday, John Heyl entered suit in ejectment against Frederick Heyl, to recover possession of two lots in the Sixth ward, Allegheny, the right and title to which, he claims, is vested in himself, and not in the defendant.

THE irrepressible Pat Murphy deserted the North Side Poor House and entered Allegheny on Tuesday. Yesterday morning he made a compulsory visit to the new lock-up. Secretary McGonnigle returned him in the afternoon to the Alms House.

THE business of the late Col. William Phillips' estate is to be settled at the office of Alderman Louis Hager, 69 Grant street, the administrators having secured the use *in partibus* of the 'Squire's handsome office parlor and fire proof vault for a few months.

WM. H. KEMBLE, ex-State Treasurer, and now President of the People's Bank of Philadelphia, arrived in the city yesterday, and is putting up at the Monongahela House. He comes here to look to his interest in the Allegheny Valley railroad troubles.

OFFICER JAMES DEAN yesterday afternoon arrested a man named Thomas Whaling, at the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, charged before Deputy Mayor Irwin, of the East End, with affiliation. The prisoner was placed in the lock-up to await a hearing.

THE Philadelphia *Ledger* of Tuesday says that George J. Wakely, twenty-nine years old, a resident of Pittsburgh, was severely beaten at the Point Breeze Oil Works, by an unknown party. The injured man came on to engage at the works, and his assailants were dissatisfied at his doing so.

COMPLAINT were laid at the Mayor's office yesterday by Mr. John C. Barr against the reckless manner of blasting rock on Forbes street by the contractor. A huge piece of rock was blown over the top of the house of a Mr. McGinniss, and alighting in his yard was buried deep in the ground.

ON Monday Detective Long arrested John S. Lee, on suspicion of having stolen a gold watch worth $150. The prisoner was endeavoring to pawn the timepiece when arrested. Yesterday morning Lee was sent to the Workhouse for thirty days, and in the meantime an effort will be made to discover the owner of the watch.

THERE were twenty-three cases of common character before the Acting Mayor yesterday morning. Frances McDonough was sent up thirty days for indecent exposure; H. Hughes for vagrancy, received a term of thirty days; James Martin for disorderly conduct, got thirty days, and Mary Geary for a like offense, thirty days.

MR. REINHARDT, of the Philadelphia House, Smithfield street, narrowly escaped being shot about eleven o'clock yesterday morning. He handed a revolver, with one chamber loaded, to a friend who wished to purchase. The latter accidentally pulled the trigger, without noticing that the weapon was at full cock, the cartridge grazing Mr. R.'s right ear and lodging in the wall behind him.

DR. TEMPLE, a chiropodist, who has for some time been occupying rooms on the second floor of No. 131 Smithfield street, has been missing for some two weeks, and his friends have not been able to obtain the slightest clue to his whereabouts. The condition in which he left the office would indicate that he must have left very unexpectedly. His coat was left hanging in the office, together with his case of instruments and some articles of furniture.

ABOUT half-past nine o'clock yesterday morning as the Uniontown accommodation train, on the Connellsville Railroad, was coming west, near City Farm station, the engine struck an old colored man named Noah Bradford, who was walking on the track. Bradford, it is thought, had escaped from the Poor Farm. He was very badly injured about the head and face, and was placed in charge of some Irish laborers with instructions to take him over to the Poor Farm. Bradford wanted to come to the city.

Come and See the Patent Fly Trap,
At STEVENSON'S,
wths 131 Federal street, Allegheny.

MEMORIAL DAY.

Arrangements for its Observance---Review of the Military.

Te Committee of Arrangements of Posts 3 and 117, G. A. R., met last evening in the Health Officer Gray's office, to complete the arrangements for decorating the graves in Allegheny and St. Mary's cemeteries. The sub-Committee on Programme submitted the following order of exercises, which was adopted:

1. Address by Post Commander........Comrade Crosby Gray.
2. Dirge........Cathedral Band.
3. Ode. "Tenting To-night"........Christ Church Choir.
4. Prayer........Rev. B. F. Brooke, D.D.
5. Memorial Hymn........Christ Church Choir.
6. Formal Placing of Flowers on Graves—Commrades Hague, Grayson and MacConnell and Rev. B. F. Brooks, D.D.. The audience also is requested to join.
7. Ode. "Cover them over with Beautiful Flowers"........Christ Church Choir.
8. Dirge........Cathedral Band
9. Oration........S. P. Fulton, Esq.
10. Benediction........Rev. ....

The several sub-committees made final reports which were accepted and action approved. A vote of thanks was returned to Christ church choir, for generously volunteering for the occasion; also to S. Hamilton & Co. for liberally donating the use of an organ and wagon on that day.

The committee desire it to be understood that the managers of the Allegheny and St. Mary's cemeteries invite the public to participate. Flowers may be left at Bown's store, East End: 102 and 104 Fourth avenue, or at the cemetery gate after noon to-morrow.

There are over 1,200 soldiers' graves in Allegheny and more than 300 in St. Mary's cemeteries.

Post 88, G. A. R. has arranged the following order of procession to Monument Hill on Decoration Day: Police. A. P. Callow Band. Chief Marshal Pentecost and Staff. School Children. Oil City Greys. Knap's Battery. Company B Ninth Reserves. Third Ward Cadets. Post 88, G. A. R. Old Soldiers and Sailors.

In the afternoon the review and inspection of the Eighteenth Division will take place. A general order has been issued directing the troops to assemble for review and inspection at two o'clock on Saturday afternoon. The first brigade will form on Water street, with the right resting on Wood, and the second on Wood, with right resting on Water.

Following is the route of march: Water street to Smithfield, thence to Third avenue, thence to Grant street, thence to Fifth avenue, thence to Market street, thence to Sixth street, thence across Suspension bridge up Federal street to North avenue, thence to Irwin avenue, where the troops will pass in review.

The division staff will appear in a new regulation uniform, and quite a number of the companies will also inaugurate new uniforms for the occasion. Several invited companies—among them the Oil City Grays—will take part in the parade.

THE CUE.

The Dodds-Nelms Match---The Pittsburgh Player Triumphant.

The much talked of match at billiards, between our home champion, William M. Dodds, and E. H. Nelms, of Philadelphia, was played at the Assembly rooms corner of Tenth and Chestnut streets, in the latter city. As was generally expected last evening in this section, Mr. Dodds won by 60 points in a game of 400, three ball, French Carom. Early in the evening a dispatch was received in this city giving the score as 54 for Nelms and 32 for Dodds. Later, Nelms had scored 105 and Dodds 80. Here there was a long lull, and expectation ran high. Finally the gratifying news was received that the game stood 201 for Dodds to 200 for Nelms. There was a general feeling of relief at this point in the game, as all at all conversant with the playing of Dodds well know that his nerve is wonderful and his tenacious command over his feelings exceedingly powerful. Subsequently came the word that the score stood: Nelms 283, Dodds 303. Such a steady lead convinced the most sceptical that our home champion was doing his level best, and when over an hour later the wires flashed the glad intelligence "Dodds has beat by sixty points," there was no surprise, but the repressed feeling of triumph found vent in enthusiastic cheers. The score at the close, according to the latest dispatch, stood, Dodds 400, Nelms 340.

It is stated that Davis, who was defeated some weeks since by Dodds, will challenge him to another contest. It is also expected that Nelms will challenge the champion to a return match, which will likely be played in this city.

Sword Presentation.

A very interesting event transpired last evening at the branch armory, company "E," Duquesne Greys, over John Horn's, Ohio street, Allegheny. The company assembled to make arrangements for the review. Eleven new members were mustered in, and when the usual routine business had been transacted, Mr. Paul Sylla arose, and on behalf of the command, in a handsome speech presented the new Captain, Wm. Steinmeyer, with an elegant set of equipments, consisting of sword, sash and belts. Captain S. responded in a few well chosen remarks, and lunch was ordered. Toasts followed, and Alderman Louis Hager, who organized and commanded Company "E" until a few weeks ago, was called on for a speech. His response was a very happy effort. He reviewed the history of the organization, and specially observed that when, four years ago, he mustered in the fifty-seven charter members, the new Captain's name was last on the roll, alphabetically as well as by order of admission. Now, however, he stands at the top of the heap. This brought down the house, and during the cheers and enthusiasm which followed there was a succession of happy *bon mots*. The company about eleven o'clock were dismissed.

Appeal for Aid.

The following message was received by the Chief of Police at eight o'clock yesterday morning:

ELIZABETH, PA., May 27, 1874.

To John Irwin, Chief of Police:

Half a dozen desperadoes at Lock No. 3. Send sufficient force to arrest. Stop at West Elizabeth.
E. W. CORNISH.

Upon receipt of this the Chief telegraphed back to know whether information had been made against the parties, and if the expenses incurred by the trip would be paid, and received the following in reply:

Information is made and expenses provided for. What train coming on?
E. W. CORNISH.

In default of more definite information, the Acting Mayor declined to send any of the police.

Select Picnic.

On Monday, June 8th, Mistic Grove, Ancient Order of Druids, will give a select picnic at Washington Park, Allegheny. The affair is in excellent hands, and promises to be most enjoyable.

Pittsburgh Monumental

Granite Works, corner Penn avenue and Thirty-second street.
DODDS & CASKEY.

Pure Starch.

When starch is pure, it is free from sourness and is purely white. Inferior starch has a golden or yellow tinge, the color of flour, indicating the presence of gluten (a color not desirable in one's linen), or is sour and musty. It is absurd for the laundress to cleanse and bleach and then discolor linen with impure golden or yellow starch. Duryeas' "Satin Gloss Starch" is snow white, perfectly pure, and the most economical starch known. TTHS

Call and Examine a Full Line

House Furnishing Goods, Table Cutlery, &c.
GEO. W. STEVENSON & CO.,
WTHS 131 Federal street, Allegheny.

The United States Bank.

This bank, located at No. 123 Fourth avenue, is a bank of discount, deposit and savings. Six per cent. interest is allowed on time deposits. Special attention is given to collections and correspondence. Mr. D. Z. Brickell is president, and Mr. John E. Ridall cashier. The board of directors embraces the names of thirteen well-known citizens and business men. Accounts are solicited.

The Fact is Unquestionable

that Mr. B. Tiegel, the well-known merchant tailor, No. 53 Smithfield street, can fit you out in as neat, dressy and durable a suit, at as little cost, as any other man in the business. Even goods rated as cheap, when cut and made up in his skillful style, look elegant. The stock embraces all grades, and gentlemen wishing dress or business suits cannot leave their orders in better hands.

Cook Stoves for Ten Dollars.

GEORGE W. STEVENSON & CO.,
WTHS 131 Federal street, Allegheny.

Cornice

Lambrequins and Lace Curtains, in new designs, at our new store, 64 Wood street. Holtzman & Wiederhold.

Elegant Stock of Carpets.

Messrs. Welty Brothers, wholesale and retail dealers in carpets, oil cloths, shades, etc., No. 106 Federal street Allegheny, have on hand a most complete stock, embracing all the newest patterns and most fashionable styles of goods. They have "run out" very heavy stocks during the present season, but fresh supplies keep their assortments complete. Country dealers visiting the city should by all means call and examine the goods. Those having rooms to carpet will not find a better stock from which to select, or more favorable prices. Those living in the city or vicinity can have the carpets made and laid upon the floors, if they so desire.

Lippincott's Keystone Soda Fountains.

In the above-named apparatus the wants of the trade have been carefully studied, and we now present an apparatus in which purity, strength and durability are combined with unequaled workmanship and elegance of design. Before purchasing, please call and examine our samples or send for catalogue. We are able to present many new and elegant designs, and this season have many novel features to produce never before brought out. We also deal in every article appertaining to the business, more specially a full line of extra choice fruit essences of the following flavors, in pound bottles, at low prices:

Vanilla,	Raspberry,	Ginger,
Lemon,	Pineapple,	Sarsaparilla,
Strawberry,	Orange,	Fruit Acid,
Orgeat,	Sherbet,	Peach,
Nectar,	Hock,	Rose,
Coffee,	Chocolate,	Blackberry.

In an effort to produce an attractive apparatus, we have not lost sight of the essential point of a good apparatus—viz: purity of production. This has had our closest attention. Every part coming in contract with soda water or syrups is thoroughly coated with pure silver or block tin. Don't forget to call at McClarren & McKennan's drug store, No. 85 Market street, Pittsburgh.

Mattresses,

Spring Beds, Comforts and Pillows, in great variety, at our new salesroom, 64 Wood street. Holtzman & Wiederhold.

Are Now Showing

the largest line of Cornice Lace Curtains and Upholstery Goods in the city. Holtzman & Wiederhold, 64 Wood street.

Colonnade Hotel.

The new Colonnade Hotel, Philadelphia, Pa., is noted for its table and rich furniture.

Guipure,

Real Lace and Nottingham Curtains, new patterns, at Holtzman & Wiederhold's, 64 Wood street.

POLICY HOLDERS in the Ætna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, who are insured, on what is known as the note plan should not allow agents of said company, to prevail upon them to change their policies. For further information, address A. B. C., Pittsburgh Postoffice.
One who came near being made a victim.

THE Washington *Star* of the 26th inst. says: The House Committee on Railways and Canals decided, this morning, to recommend no bill to the House granting charities to railroads or water routes, unless the applications for the same are backed up by the wealth and endorsement of the people living along the proposed line to a sufficient extent to warrant the belief that they will be taken up and pushed to completion. No charters will be issued to any bogus company to sell out to some one else.

Back Pay—What of It?

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

About a year ago, the members of Congress who voted for or took the back pay they for themselves had made lawful, were receiving, as seemed their just deserts, a full measure of condemnation. And they were given to understand that the voters of the land would remember any such, should a choice be offered at the polls. The papers now so eloquently appealing to the voters of Allegheny county to vote for General Negley, were particularly anxious about getting a chance at the "grabbers," and these papers are defending their client from the carrying out of their own threats of last summer, by referring to the fact that the papers now opposing Negley are not also denouncing Simon Cameron. Why, you silly things, Simon Cameron is not running for any office, that he should be abused. On the same plea, the candidate who has stolen a horse should not be held accountable therefor at the polls, unless *all the other* horse thieves in the country are, by name, also censured. It is a privilege the press of the country, has of dissecting the past acts of men running for office, and they are privileged to speak the same of the private citizen. The man who offers himself as a candidate for an office puts in issue his former acts. Why reward Gen. Negley for his back pay career? It will not do to say that he has done nothing *else* that we can condemn. Neither has Ortwein that we know of. Neither has Dimmick, the usury man; but will it do to say that he has done nothing else disreputable, and for that reason make him a model candidate? Howard has not even that much against him; nor has any of the other candidates. But "that much" is enough; if not, how much does it take? In other words, how much does it take to cover up the back pay sin? One sin is usually considered enough to kill a moderate-sized candidate. But somehow these political sins can be covered up. Politics makes strange bed fellows, you know.

ELECTOR.

Chester County Snake Stories.

[From the West Chester (Pa.) Village Record.]

A few days ago I. Harvey and John Robinson, two men working for George Young, Newlin, went out to clear brush, when in a pile of the latter they found a nest of black snakes, which so persistently resisted their efforts to drive them out that Robinson ran home to get a gun while Harvey stood guard over the serpents. As Robinson was returning armed for the fray he heard a cry of distress and looking up saw Harvey running and heard him cry "the snake is after me." Soon Harvey was seen to stand still and again he cried "the snake has charmed me, shoot it, quick." Upon reaching the spot, Robinson found Harvey spell-bound, gazing intently on the snake, which, with head erect, was slowly wriggling itself toward him. Robinson at once sighted on the repulsive reptile, and quieted its vibrating body. It measured eight feet and a half in length. But while this little incident was taking place, another was occurring not far away. The rest of the snakes had gone over into the woods, where Isaac Boyer, colored, employed by Ellis Woods, was working. No sooner did Isaac see the wriggling things than he quickly jumped on the fence and with eyes rolling and arms flying like the paddles of a windmill, cried aloud to his wife Susan, "the snakes are after me, come and drive them away!" But before she came Isaac took his heels and fled, as did the snakes, as they have never been seen more.

In addition to the above snake item, we would mention the fact that Mrs. Christiana Lawson, Oxford, was chased by a large snake, five feet long, last Sunday for some distance. About this time of year snakes are inclined to be particularly wicked when disturbed, and too much heed cannot be taken with them.

Prolific.

We find the following in one of the Cincinnati dailies of a late date: "We have before us a clipping from a copy of Liberty Hall, published in this city in 1816, where a most marvelous phenomenon is related—the name of the physician being given—of a Mrs. John Kelly, of Mercer county, Pa., who had just given birth to five children, that being the second effort of the kind within twelve months, or TEN children born within the year. The subsequent record of Mrs. Kelly is not known, but it is easy to see from whence the *Gazette* derived its fecundity of imagination." Who was she?—*Greenville Advance.*

Mrs. Kelly, referred to above, resided in Lackawannock township. Mrs. Wallace, now residing in this place, remembers the circumstance of the birth of the ten children very well, having been present on both occasions. Dr. Magoffin, of Mercer, was the physician. Mrs. Kelly died about a year after this event, but in the meantime had twins, having given birth to twelve children within twenty months. Mr. Kelly is still living, and now resides in Sharon.—*Sharpsville Advertiser.*

WE are glad to chronicle the fact that a new college for the higher education of women will be opened at Northampton, Mass., on the second Thursday in September, 1875. Miss Sophia Smith, of Hatfield, Mass., left $358,000 to found an institution that should preserve her name from extinction. Her three or four namesakes, who are still alive in this country will, therefore, rejoice to hear of Smith College. The curiculum is to cover four years. The examination for admission will be equivalent to that required at Brown and Amherst. Prof. Seelye, of Amherst, is to be President. Within a few years we shall doubtless hear of thrilling games of croquet played for the championship, between Vassar and Smith.

THE Bucyrus, O., *Journal* says the crusade almost entirely destroyed the tansy trade in that place. It is used for making bitters, and formerly had a large sale in Bucyrus.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., PITTSBURGH, May 27, 1874.

The following is the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M.:

STATIONS.	[illegible]	[illegible]	STATE OF WEATHER
Booneville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brownsville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brunswick	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cairo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Confluence	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Davenport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Freeport*	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Helena	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hermann	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kansas City	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leavenw'th	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lexington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lacrosse	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leclaire	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Memphis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nashville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Geneva	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oil City	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Omaha	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pittsburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Plattsmo'h	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shreveport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Joseph	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Vicksburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Warsaw	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yankton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Morgant'n	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Surface of water below low water mark.

CINCINNATI, May 27.—[illegible]

CAIRO, [illegible]

EVANSVILLE, [illegible]

LOUISVILLE, [illegible]

ST. LOUIS, [illegible]

MEMPHIS, [illegible]

NEW ORLEANS, [illegible]

Cotton Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27.—Cotton [illegible]

MOBILE, [illegible]

SAVANNAH, [illegible]

GALVESTON, [illegible]

Buffalo Live-Stock Market.

BUFFALO, [illegible]

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27.—[illegible]

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, [illegible]

DIED:

SNYDER—At Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, on Tuesday, May 26th, [illegible] FREDERICK SNYDER, [illegible] F. Snyder, [illegible]
The funeral [illegible] DAY, May 29th, [illegible]

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS $3,975,762 25.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

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CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, [illegible] Cork Harbor.
Sailing Every Wednesday and Saturday.
THE GREAT FLEET OF 1874.
SCOTIA, RUSSIA, BOTHNIA, SCYTHIA, CUBA, ALGERIA, ABYSSINIA, JAVA, CHINA, CALABRIA.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN—$80, $100 and $130, Gold. [illegible]
STEERAGE [illegible]
DRAFTS [illegible]
For Cabin or Steerage Passage apply to JOHN J. McCORMICK, Agent, Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

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PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD....Lessees and Managers.
THURSDAY EVENING, May 28th, 1874.
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
EVA........LITTLE HATTIE IRVING.
TOPSY........NELLIE IRVING.
FRIDAY EVENING, May 29th, 1874. Farewell Benefit of J. EDWIN IRVING.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER.
R. GARDNER & TRIMBLE, Lessees and Managers.
H. W. WILLIAMS [illegible]
THE BEST COMPANY IN THE CITY.
Lulu Delmay, [illegible] Ladies' Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

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Fourth Avenue [illegible]
WE LIVE! WE LIVE! SUMMER PRICES!
10cts. Gallery [illegible]

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THURSDAY, MAY 28, AT 2 P. M.,
FIRST ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT OF THE
American Conservatory of Music.
FULL GRAND ORCHESTRA AND CHILDREN'S ORCHESTRA.
Including [illegible]
GRAND CONCERT
BY THE
STUDENTS AND FACULTY,
And first production of several original compositions.
Distribution of MEDALS, PRIZES AND CERTIFICATES OF GRADUATION.
[illegible]
TICKETS....$1 00
[illegible]

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
FRIDAY and SATURDAY, May 29 and 30.
THE
JOSH HART COMBINATION,
From THEATER COMIQUE,
514 BROADWAY, N. Y.
AN UNEQUALLED ORGANIZATION,
BURLESQUE, MINSTRELSY, PANTOMIME, DRAMA, &C.
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FIFTY DIFFERENT ACTS WILL BE GIVEN AT EVERY PERFORMANCE.
Mr. JOSH HART, Sole Proprietor.
[illegible]

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SIMMONS & SLOCUM'S MINSTRELS,
From their Opera House, Philadelphia,
Comprising 25 First-Class Artists.
[illegible]

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P. O. Box [illegible]

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Point Breeze Park, Philadelphia.
Copper Bottom.
Goldsmith Maid.
On Saturday Next, May 30, at 3 P. M.
[illegible]

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DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER
THE STANDARD BAKING POWDER
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PREPARATION EVER OFFERED FOR MAKING BREAD

Dooley's Yeast Powder [illegible]

Dooley's Yeast Powder [illegible]

Dooley's Yeast Powder [illegible]

Dooley's Yeast Powder [illegible]

Dooley's Yeast Powder [illegible]

Dooley's Yeast Powder [illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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MANUFACTURERS OF
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CORNER ROSS AND FIRST STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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[illegible]
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RESIDENCE, WITH LARGE LOT,
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[illegible]
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[illegible]

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